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Data Article

# Data on individual metabolites of synthetic cannabinoids JWH-018, JWH-073 and AM2201 by *Cunninghamella elegans*



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# A R T I C L E I N F O

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# ABSTRACT

Synthetic cannabinoids JWH-018, JWH-073 and AM2201 were metabolised by the fungus *Cunninghamella elegans*. In this article, data on individual metabolites of their retention times, mass accuracies, major product ions and structures indicated by product ions are presented. The data in this article is related to "Bio-transformation of synthetic cannabinoids JWH-018, JWH-073 and AM2201 by *Cunninghamella elegans*" [1].

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# Specifications Table

Subject area Pharmacology More specific subject area Type of data Table

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How data was acquired	Liquid chromatography -tandem mass spectrometry (Agilent 1290 LC system coupled to Agilent 6490 Triple Quadrupole mass spectrometer), high reso- lution quadrupole Time-of-Flight mass spectrometry (Agilent 6510 Accurate Mass QToF Mass Spectrometer)
Data format	Analysed
Experimental factors	Samples were extracted by dichloromethane.
Experimental	Liquid chromatography-tandem mass spectrometry analysis of fungal
features	metabolites of synthetic cannabinoids JWH-018, JWH-073 and AM2201
Data source location	Sydney, Australia
Data accessibility	Data are available with this article

# Value of the data

- Chromatographic and mass spectrometric data on individual metabolites are provided for reference.
- Product ions indicative of the structures of metabolites are listed.
- The data can be compared with human or other in vitro metabolism.

# 1. Data

Tables 1, 3 and 5 list all the metabolites with biotransformation, retention time, observed accurate mass, formula and major product ions of JWH-018, JWH-073 and AM2201, respectively. Product ions representative of structures for JWH-018, JWH-073 and AM2201 metabolites are presented in Tables 2, 4, and 6, respectively. Overlaid extracted ion chromatograms of all the metabolites of JWH-018, JWH-073 and AM2201 are shown in Fig. 2 of Ref. [1] with annotated metabolite identification (ID) names (Tables 1–6).

#### 2. Experimental design, materials and methods

# 2.1. Chemicals

JWH-018 and JWH-073 were synthesized in-house following previously reported methods and characterized by mass spectrometry (MS) and 1D, 2D nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) spectroscopy [3,4]. AM2201 (purity 99.4%) was obtained from the National Measurement Institute (North Ryde, NSW, Australia). Reference standards JWH-018 *N*-(4-hydroxypentyl), JWH-018 *N*-(5-hydroxypentyl), JWH-018 *N*-pentanoic acid, JWH-073 *N*-(3-hydroxybutyl), JWH-073 *N*-(4-hydroxybutyl) and JWH-073 *N*-butanoic acid were obtained from PM separations (Capalaba, QLD, Australia). Reagent grade dichloromethane, methanol, KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>, NaCl and LC grade acetonitrile and methanol were obtained from Chemsupply (Gilman, SA, Australia). Potato dextrose agar, glucose, peptone, and yeast extract were purchased from Oxoid Australia (Adelaide, SA, Australia).

#### 2.2. Microbial culture and biotransformation conditions

Cultures of *C. elegans* ATCC 10028b (Cryosite Ltd, South Granville, NSW, Australia) were propagated on potato dextrose agar plates at 27 °C for 5 days. The mycelia from five plates were then transferred to 20 mL of sterile physiological saline solution and homogenized for 5 min. Approximately 3 mL aliquots of the homogenate were used to inoculate 250 mL Erlenmeyer flasks containing 100 ml of growth media. The cultures were incubated for 48 h at 26 °C on an Infors HT Multitron rotary shaker

#### Table 1

Metabolites	of JWH-018	after C.	elegans	incubation.

ID	Biotransformation	RT, min	<i>m/z</i> [M+H] <sup>+</sup>	Mass accu- racy (ppm)	Formula	Major product ions
Ma1	Dihydrodiol formation + N-dealkylation	8.0	306.1123	-0.7	$\mathrm{C}_{19}\mathrm{H}_{15}\mathrm{NO}_{3}$	143, 144, 171, 189
Ma2	Dihydrodiol formation + hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	8.5	392.1852	- 1.0	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{25}\mathrm{NO}_{4}$	143, 144, 171, 189, 230, 374
Ma3	Dihydrodiol formation + hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	9.2	392.1850	- 1.6	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{25}\mathrm{NO}_{4}$	143, 144, 171, 189, 230, 374
Ma4	Dihydrodiol formation + ketone formation at pentyl side chain	9.3	390.1694	- 1.4	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_4$	143, 144, 171, 189, 228
Ma5	Dihydrodiol formation + ketone formation at	10.3	390.1695	- 1.1	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{23}\mathrm{NO}_{4}$	143, 144, 171, 189, 228
Ma6	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naph- thalene moiety	12.5	374.1745	- 1.5	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 230
Ma7	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain	12.8	374.1745	- 1.6	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	127, 144, 155, 246
Ma8	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naph- thalene moiety	13.1	374.1746	– 1.3	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 230
Ma9	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naph- thalene moiety	14.1	374.1746	– 1.3	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 230
Ma10	Ketone formation at pentyl side chain+hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	14.5	372.1590	- 1.0	$C_{24}H_{21}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 228
Ma11	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naph- thalene moiety	14.9	374.1745	– 1.5	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 230
Ma12	Dihydrodiol formation	16.1	376.1901	- 1.6	$C_{24}H_{25}NO_3$	143, 171, 189, 214
Ma13	Carboxylation ( <i>N</i> -pentanoic acid) <sup>a</sup>	16.4	372.1591	-0.9	C24H21NO3	127, 144 155 244
Ma14	Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain (5- hydroxypentyl) <sup>a</sup>	17.2	358.1796	- 1.6	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>23</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	127, 144, 155, 230
Ma15	Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain (4- hydroxypentyl) <sup>a</sup>	17.6	358.1798	- 1.0	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_2$	127, 144, 155, 230
Ma16	Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	19.9	358.1798	- 1.1	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_2$	127, 144, 155, 230
Ma17	Ketone formation at pentyl side chain	20.2	356.1640	- 1.6	$C_{24}H_{21}NO_2$	127, 144, 155, 228
Ma18	Ketone formation at pentyl side chain	22.4	356.1641	- 1.2	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{21}\mathrm{NO}_2$	127, 144, 155, 228
Ma19	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	24.3	358.1797	– 1.3	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_2$	143, 171, 214
Ma20	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	24.8	358.1797	- 1.2	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_2$	143, 171, 214
Ma21	Dehydrogenation	28.7	340.1692	- 1.1	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>21</sub> NO	127, 144, 155, 212
_	JWH-018	31.4	342.1851	-0.5	C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>23</sub> NO	127, 144, 155, 214

<sup>a</sup> Position confirmed by the use of reference standards.

(*in vitro* Technologies, Noble Park North, VIC, Australia) operating at 180 rpm. After 48 h, 10 mg of JWH-018, JWH-073 or AM2201 dissolved in 0.5 mL of methanol was added to the culture and incubated for further 72 h [5]. Control experiments consisted of cultures without cannabinoids and flasks containing only media and cannabinoid [6,7].

#### 2.3. Extraction, isolation, and identification of metabolites

After 72 h of incubation, the contents of each flask, including the controls, were filtered through Buchner funnel into a separating funnel and extracted with three aliquots of dichloromethane  $(3 \times 50 \text{ mL})$ . The combined organic extracts were evaporated to dryness under vacuum at 40 °C using a Buchi rotary evaporator (*in vitro* Technologies, Noble Park North, VIC, Australia) and placed under high vacuum to remove traces of moisture. The residue was dissolved in acetonitrile to prepare

1 mg/mL stock solution and was filtered through 0.22 μM syringe filter before analysis. Cannabinoid parent drugs and metabolites were chromatographically separated using an Agilent Zorbax Eclipse XDB-C18 analytical column (150 × 4.6 mm, 5 μm). Mobile phases consisted of 0.1% formic acid in water (mobile phase A) and acetonitrile (mobile phase B). The gradient used consisted of 30% B (0 to 2 min), linear gradient from 30% B to 50% B (2 to 5 min), 50% B to 90% B (5 to 30 min, hold for 5 min) and 90% B to 30% B (35 to 40 min) run at 0.4 mL/min. MS data were acquired on an Agilent 6490 Triple Quadrupole mass spectrometer with an electrospray ionization source (ESI) source (positive ion mode), interfaced with an Agilent 1290 LC system. Samples prepared were injected in 2 μL volume to obtain full scan and product ion scan spectra. Product ion scan experiments were conducted on precursor ions that were presumed to be metabolites based on the comparison of full scan spectra of the samples and controls. A fragmentor voltage of 380 V with discrete collision energy of 10, 20, 30 and 40 eV (for product ion scan) was applied. The scanning mass range was set at *m/z* 100–1000 (scan time=500 ms). The sheath gas temperature and flow were set to 250 °C and 11 L/min, respectively.

High resolution quadrupole Time-of-Flight mass spectrometry (HRQToFMS) experiments were carried out on an Agilent 6510 Accurate Mass QToF Mass Spectrometer, equipped with ESI source operated in positive ion mode, in order to determine accurate masses of the metabolites. The LC system and conditions used were the same as above. The following operation parameters were used: injection volume 2  $\mu$ L (full scan) and 10  $\mu$ L (product ion scan); capillary voltage 3500 V; nebulizer pressure 40 psi (275790 Pa); drying gas 10.0 L/min; gas temperature 350 °C; fragmentor voltage 160 V; collision energy 10, 20 and 40 eV; skimmer voltage 60 V. HRQToFMS accurate mass spectra were recorded across the range from *m*/*z* 100 to *m*/*z* 1000. The mass axis was calibrated using the mixture provided by the manufacturer over the *m*/*z* 50–3200 range. A second orthogonal sprayer with a reference solution was used as a continuous calibration using the following reference masses: *m*/*z* 121.0509 and *m*/*z* 922.0098. The chromatographic conditions and column used were same as described above. The controls were subjected to the same analysis. Analysis of the chromatographic and mass spectrometric data was conducted using MassHunter Workstation Software Qualitative Analysis (version B.06.00, Agilent). Peaks present in the fungus sample, but not in the controls, were

#### Table 2

Key diagnostic product ions and their tentative structures used in elucidating biotransformation pathways of JWH-018 after *C. elegans* incubation.

Biotransformation	ID	Key diagnostic product ions $(m/z)$ and tentative structures
Carboxylation at pentyl side chain	Ma13	144: unchanged indole, 244: carboxylated pentylindole
Dehydrogenation at pentyl side chain	Ma21	144: unchanged indole, 212: dehydrogenated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety	Ma12	189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moie- ty+hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	Ma2, Ma3	144: unchanged indole, 189: naphthalene with dihy- drodiol, 230: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moie- ty+ketone formation at pentyl side chain	Ma4, Ma5	189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol, 228: <i>N</i> -penty- lindole with ketone
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety+ <i>N</i> -dealkylation	Ma1	189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol
Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain	Ma7	144: unchanged indole, 246: dihydroxylated <i>N</i> - pentylindole
Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naph- thalene moiety	Ma6, Ma8, Ma9, Ma11	144: unchanged indole, 171: hydroxylated naphthalene, 230: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	Ma19, Ma20	171: hydroxylated naphthalene
Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	Ma14 –	144: unchanged indole, 230: hydroxylated N-
	Ma16	pentylindole
Ketone formation at pentyl side chain	Ma17, Ma18	144: unchanged indole, 228: <i>N</i> -pentylindole with ketone
Ketone formation at pentyl side chain+hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	Ma10	144: unchanged indole, 171: hydroxylated naphthalene, 228: <i>N</i> -pentylindole with ketone

#### Table 3

Metabolites of JWH-073 after C. elegans incubation.

ID	Biotransformation	RT, min	m/z [M+H] <sup>+</sup>	Mass accuracy (ppm)	Formula	Major product ions
Mb1	Dihydrodiol formation + N-dealkylation	8.0	306.1123	-0.5	$C_{19}H_{15}NO_3$	143, 144, 171
Mb2	Dihydrodiol formation + hydroxylation at butyl side chain	8.2	378.1700	-0.1	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>23</sub> NO <sub>4</sub>	143, 144, 171, 189, 216
Mb3	Dihydrodiol formation + hydroxylation at butyl side chain	8.9	378.1690	-2.6	$C_{23}H_{23}NO_4$	143, 144, 171, 189, 216
Mb4	Dihydrodiol formation + ketone formation at butyl side chain	9.0	376.1543	-0.1	$C_{23}H_{21}NO_4$	143, 144, 171, 189, 214
Mb5	Dihydroxylation at butyl side chain	11.7	360.1594	0.0	$C_{23}H_{21}NO_3$	127, 144, 155, 232
Mb6	Dihydroxylation at butyl side chain and naphtha- lene mojety	12.1	360.1595	0.1	$C_{23}H_{21}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 216
Mb7	Dihydroxylation at butyl side chain and naphtha- lene moiety	12.8	360.1594	-0.1	$C_{23}H_{21}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 216
Mb8	Dihydrodiol formation	13.7	362.1751	0.1	$C_{23}H_{23}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 189-200
Mb9	Ketone formation at butyl side chain+hydroxyla- tion at nanhthalene moiety	13.9	358.1438	0.0	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{19}\mathrm{NO}_3$	143, 144, 171, 214
Mb10	Ketone formation at butyl side chain+hydroxyla- tion at naphthalene moiety	14.5	358.1438	0.0	$C_{23}H_{19}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 214
Mb11	Carboxylation ( <i>N</i> -butanoic acid) <sup>a</sup>	15.4	358.1437	-0.1	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{19}\mathrm{NO}_3$	127, 144, 155, 230
Mb12	Hydroxylation at butyl side chain (4-	15.7	344.1645	-0.2	$C_{23}H_{21}NO_2$	127, 144, 155, 216
Mb13	Hydroxylation at butyl side chain (3- hydroxylation) <sup>a</sup>	17.1	344.1646	0.3	$C_{23}H_{21}NO_2$	127, 144, 155, 216
Mb14	Ketone formation at butyl side chain	19.5	342.1488	0.0	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{19}\mathrm{NO}_{2}$	127, 144, 155, 214
Mb15	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	21.5	344.1645	-0.1	$C_{23}H_{21}NO_2$	143, 144, 171, 200
Mb16	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	22.0	344.1645	0.0	$\mathrm{C}_{23}\mathrm{H}_{21}\mathrm{NO}_2$	143, 144, 171, 200
Mb17	Dehydrogenation JWH-073	25.7 28.8	326.1539 328.1697	-0.1 0.3	C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>19</sub> NO C <sub>23</sub> H <sub>21</sub> NO	127, 155, 198 127, 144, 155, 200

<sup>a</sup> Position confirmed by the use of reference standards.

### Table 4

Key diagnostic product ions and their tentative structures used in elucidating biotransformation pathways of JWH-073 after *C. elegans* incubation.

Biotransformation	ID	Key diagnostic product ions $(m/z)$ and tentative structures
Carboxylation at butyl side chain	Mb11	144: unchanged indole, 230: carboxylated butylindole
Dehydrogenation	Mb17	198: dehydrogenated N-butylindole
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety	Mb8	189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moie-	Mb2,	144: unchanged indole, 189: naphthalene with dihy-
ty + hydroxylation at butyl side chain	Mb3	drodiol, 216: hydroxylated N-butylindole
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moie-	Mb4	144: unchanged indole, 189: naphthalene with dihy-
ty+ketone formation at butyl side chain		drodiol, 214: N-butylindole with ketone
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety+ <i>N</i> - dealkylation	Mb1	171: hydroxylated naphthalene (resulting from naph- thalene with dihydrodiol [2])
Dihydroxylation at butyl side chain	Mb5	144: unchanged indole, 232: dihydroxylated <i>N</i> - butylindole
Dihydroxylation at butyl chain and naphthalene	M6, Mb7	144: unchanged indole, 171: hydroxylated naphthalene, 216: hydroxylated N-butylindole
Hydroxylation at butyl side chain	Mb12	144: upchanged indole 216: hydroxylated N-butylindole
Hydroxylation at butyl side chain	Mb12,	144. unenangeu muoie, 210. nyuroxylateu w-butyimuoie
Hydroxylation at nanhthalene mojety	Mb15	171: hydroxylated nanhthalene
Hydroxylation at hapitthalene molety	Mb16	171. hydroxylated haphthalene
Ketone formation at hutyl side chain	Mb14	144: unchanged indole 214: N-butylindole with ketone
Ketone formation at butyl side chain $\pm$ by droxylation	Mb9	144: unchanged indole 171: hydroxylated nanhthalene
at naphthalene mojety	Mb10	214: N-butylindole with ketone

# Table 5

Metabolites of AM2201 after C. elegans incubation.

ID	Biotransformation	RT, min	<i>m/z</i> [M+H] <sup>+</sup>	Mass accu- racy (ppm)	Formula	Major product ions
Mc1 Mc2	Dihydrodiol formation + <i>N</i> -dealkylation Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and	8.0 8.2	306.1122 554.2185	- 1.0 0.0	$C_{19}H_{15}NO_3$ $C_{30}H_{32}FNO_8$	143, 144, 171, 189 143, 144, 171, 248, 392
Mc3	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and $p_{aphthalene}$ mojety $\pm glucosidation$	8.4	554.2186	0.2	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>32</sub> FNO <sub>8</sub>	392 143, 144, 171, 248, 392
Mc4	Oxidative defluorination + dihydrodiol forma- tion (IWH-018 dihydrodiol-bydroxy)	8.5	392.1858	0.4	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{25}\mathrm{NO}_{4}$	143, 171, 189, 230
Mc5	Dihydrodiol formation + hydroxylation at pen- tyl side chain	8.5	410.1764	0.6	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{24}\mathrm{FNO}_4$	143, 144, 171, 189, 248
Mc6	Dihydrodiol formation + hydroxylation at pen- tyl side chain	8.7	410.1761	-0.2	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{24}\mathrm{FNO}_4$	143, 144, 171, 189, 248
Mc7	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and/or indole moiety+glucosidation	9.0	554.2186	0.3	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>32</sub> FNO <sub>8</sub>	127, 155, 264, 392
Mc8	Trihydroxylation at pentyl side chain, indole moiety and naphthalene moiety	9.3	408.1606	0.1	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_4$	143, 160, 171, 264
Mc9	Dihydrodiol formation + dihydroxylation at indole moiety	9.5	426.1712	0.1	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{24}\mathrm{FNO}_5$	143, 171, 176, 189, 264
Mc10	Dihydrodiol formation + ketone formation at pentyl side chain	9.7	408.1606	0.0	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_4$	143, 171, 189, 246
Mc11	Trihydroxylation at pentyl side chain, indole moiety and naphthalene moiety	10.2	408.1606	0.0	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{22}\mathrm{FNO}_4$	143, 160, 171, 264
Mc12	Hydroxylation at indole moiety+glucosidation	10.5	538.2235	-0.1	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>32</sub> FNO <sub>7</sub>	127, 155, 160, 248, 376
Mc13	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and/or indole moiety+glucosidation	10.7	554.2183	-0.3	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>32</sub> FNO <sub>8</sub>	127, 155, 264, 392
Mc14	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety+glucosidation	10.8	538.2234	-0.4	C <sub>30</sub> H <sub>32</sub> FNO <sub>7</sub>	143, 144, 171, 232, 376
Mc15	Oxidative defluorination + hydroxylation at indole moiety (JWH-018 dihydroxy)	11.1	374.1751	0.2	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	127, 155, 160, 246
Mc16	$Dihydroxylation\ at\ naphthalene+glucosidation$	11.5	554.2182	-0.4	$\mathrm{C_{30}H_{32}FNO_8}$	187, 232, 392
Mc17	Dihydroxylation at indole moiety and pentyl side chain	11.5	392.1657	0.0	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_3$	127, 155, 160, 264
Mc18	Oxidative defluorination + hydroxylation at indole moiety (JWH-018 dihydroxy)	11.8	374.1748	-0.8	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	127, 155, 160, 246
Mc19	Dihydroxylation at indole moiety and pentyl side chain	11.9	392.1656	-0.2	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_3$	127, 155, 160, 264
Mc20	Oxidative defluorination to carboxylic acid- + hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	12.0	388.1547	1.0	$C_{24}H_{21}NO_4$	143, 144, 171, 244
Mc21	Oxidative defluorination+hydroxylation at pentyl side chain (JWH-018 dihydroxy)	12.1	374.1751	0.2	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	127, 144, 155, 246
Mc22	Dihydroxylation at indole moiety and pentyl side chain	12.2	392.1658	0.5	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_3$	127, 155, 160, 264
Mc23	Oxidative defluorination + hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety (JWH-018 dihydroxy)	12.3	374.1749	-0.4	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{23}\mathrm{NO}_{3}$	143, 144, 171, 230
Mc24	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naphthalene moiety	12.5	392.1651	1.4	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{22}\mathrm{FNO}_3$	143, 144, 171, 248
Mc25	Dihydrodiol formation	12.5	394.1812	-0.3	$C_{24}H_{24}FNO_3$	143, 144, 171, 189, 232
Mc26	Oxidative defluorination to carboxylic acid- + hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	12.7	388.1544	0.3	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{21}\mathrm{NO}_4$	143, 144, 171, 244
Mc27	Dihydroxylation at indole moiety and pentyl side chain	12.7	392.1657	0.0	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_3$	127, 155, 160, 264
Mc28	Oxidative defluorination+hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety (JWH-018 dihydroxy)	12.9	374.1750	-0.3	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_3$	143, 144, 171, 230
Mc29	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naphthalene moiety	13.0	392.1655	0.3	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_3$	143, 144, 171, 248
Mc30	Dihydrodiol formation	13.5	394.1818	1.2	$C_{24}H_{24}FNO_3$	143, 144, 171, 189, 232

## Table 5 (continued)

ID	Biotransformation	RT, min	<i>m/z</i> [M+H] <sup>+</sup>	Mass accu- racy (ppm)	Formula	Major product ions
Mc31	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naphthalene moiety	13.6	392.1655	-0.3	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_3$	143, 144, 171, 248
Mc32	Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and naphthalene moiety	14.4	392.1659	0.6	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_3$	143, 144, 171, 248
Mc33	Oxidative defluorination to carboxylic acid (JWH-018 <i>N</i> -pentanoic acid) <sup>a</sup>	16.4	372.1592	-0.7	$C_{24}H_{21}NO_3$	127, 144, 155, 244
Mc34	Oxidative defluorination (JWH-018 <i>N</i> -(5-hydroxypentyl)) <sup>a</sup>	17.1	358.1802	0.2	$C_{24}H_{23}NO_2$	127, 144, 155, 230
Mc35	Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	17.3	376.1709	0.4	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	127, 144, 155, 248
Mc36	Hydroxylation at indole moiety	17.7	376.1707	-0.2	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	127, 155, 160, 248
Mc37	Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	18.0	376.1708	0.1	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	127, 144, 155, 248
Mc38	Dihydroxylation at naphthalene	18.7	472.1222	-0.6	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_6S$	144, 158, 159, 186,
	moiety+sulfation					187, 232, 391, 392
Mc39	Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	18.8	376.1708	0.3	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	127, 144, 155, 248
Mc40	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	19.2	376.1709	0.6	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	143, 144, 171, 232
Mc41	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	19.8	376.1703	- 1.2	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	143, 144, 171, 232
Mc42	Dihydroxylation at naphthalene	20.2	472.1224	-0.1	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_6S$	144, 158, 159, 186,
	moiety+sulfation					187, 232, 391, 392
Mc43	Ketone formation at pentyl side chain	20.4	374.1549	-0.5	$C_{24}H_{20}FNO_2$	127, 144, 155, 246
Mc44	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	20.6	376.1706	-0.3	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	143, 144, 171, 232
Mc45	Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety	21.3	376.1707	-0.1	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO_2$	143, 144, 171, 232
Mc46	Dihydroxylation at indole moiety+sulfation	22.0	472.1223	-0.3	$\mathrm{C}_{24}\mathrm{H}_{22}\mathrm{FNO}_{6}\mathrm{S}$	127, 155, 175, 176,
						264, 391, 392
	AM2201	25.6	360.1759	0.2	$C_{24}H_{22}FNO$	127, 144, 155, 232
Mc47	Defluorination + Demethylation (JWH-073) <sup>a</sup>	28.8	328.1695	-0.3	$C_{23}H_{21}NO$	127, 144, 155, 200
Mc48	Defluorination (JWH-018) <sup>a</sup>	31.5	342.1853	0.0	$C_{24}H_{23}NO$	127, 144, 155, 214

<sup>a</sup> Position confirmed by the use of reference standards.

#### Table 6

Key diagnostic product ions and their tentative structures used in elucidating biotransformation pathways of AM2201 after *C. elegans* incubation. Square brackets indicate phase II metabolism.

Biotransformation	ID	Key diagnostic product ions $(m/z)$ and tentative structures
Defluorination (JWH-018)	Mc48	155: unchanged naphthalene, 214: unchanged <i>N</i> - pentylindole
Defluorination + Demethylation (JWH- 073)	Mc47	155: unchanged naphthalene, 200: unchanged <i>N</i> -butylindole
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety	Mc25, Mc30	189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety+dihydroxylation at indole moiety	Мс9	176: dihydroxylated indole, 189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety+hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	Mc5, Mc6	144: unchanged indole, 189: naphthalene with dihy- drodiol, 248: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -fluoropentylindole
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety+ketone formation at pentyl side chain	Mc10	144: unchanged indole, 189: naphthalene with dihy- drodiol, 246: <i>N</i> -fluoropentylindole with ketone
Dihydrodiol formation at naphthalene moiety+N-dealkylation	Mc1	189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol
Dihydroxylation at indole moiety [+sulfation]	[Sulfate Mc46]	176: dihydroxylation at indole, [392: dihydroxylated AM2201]
Dihydroxylation at indole moiety and pentyl side chain	Mc17, Mc19, Mc22, Mc27	160: hydroxylated indole, 264: dihydroxylated <i>N</i> -fluoropentylindole
Dihydroxylation at naphthalene moiety [+glucosidation and sulfation]	[Glucoside Mc16, sul- fates Mc38, Mc42]	187: dihydroxylated naphthalene, [392: dihydroxylated AM2201]

Table 6 (continued)

Biotransformation	ID	Key diagnostic product ions $(m/z)$ and tentative structures
Dihydroxylation at naphthalene moiety and pentyl side chain [+glucosidation] Dihydroxylation at pentyl side chain and/or indole moiety [+glucosidation]	Mc24, Mc29, Mc31, Mc32, [glucosides Mc2, Mc3] [glucosides Mc7, Mc13]	144: unchanged indole, 171: hydroxylated naphthalene, 248: hydroxylated N-fluoropentylindole, [392: dihy- droxylated AM2201] 264: dihydroxylated N-fluoropentylindole, [392: dihy- droxylated AM2201]
Hydroxylation at indole moiety [+glucosidation] Hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety [+glucosidation]	Mc36, [glucoside Mc12] Mc40, Mc41, Mc44, Mc45, [glucoside Mc14]	160: hydroxylated indole, 248: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -fluor- opentylindole, [376: hydroxylated AM2201] 171: hydroxylated naphthalene, [376: hydroxylated AM2201]
Hydroxylation at pentyl side chain	Mc35, Mc37 and Mc39	144: unchanged indole, 248: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -fluoropentylindole
Ketone formation at pentyl side chain	Mc43	144: unchanged indole, 246: <i>N</i> -fluoropentylindole with ketone
Oxidative defluorination (JWH-018 N- (5-hydroxypentyl))	Mc34	144: unchanged indole, 230: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Oxidative defluorination + dihydrodiol formation (JWH-018 dihydrodiol- hydroxy)	Mc4	189: naphthalene with dihydrodiol, 230: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Oxidative defluorination + hydroxyla- tion at indole moiety (JWH-018 dihvdroxy)	Mc15, Mc18	160: hydroxylated indole, 246: dihydroxylated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Oxidative defluorination + hydroxyla- tion at naphthalene moiety (JWH-018 dihydroxy)	Mc23, Mc28	144: unchanged indole, 171: hydroxylated naphthalene, 230: hydroxylated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Oxidative defluorination + hydroxyla- tion at pentyl side chain (JWH-018 dihydroxy)	Mc21	144: unchanged indole, 246: dihydroxylated <i>N</i> -pentylindole
Oxidative defluorination to carboxylic acid (JWH-018 <i>N</i> -pentanoic acid)	Mc33	144: unchanged indole, 244: carboxylated pentylindole
Oxidative defluorination to carboxylic acid+hydroxylation at naphthalene moiety.	Mc20, Mc26	144: unchanged indole, 171: hydroxylated naphthalene, 244: carboxylated pentylindole
Trihydroxylation at indole moiety, naphthalene moiety and pentyl side chain	Mc8, Mc11	160: hydroxylated indole, 171: hydroxylated naphtha- lene, 264: dihydroxylated <i>N</i> -fluoropentylindole

manually identified and their fragmentation patterns and accurate masses were examined to identify the metabolites. The signal-to-noise ratio of all the identified metabolites was greater than 5.

# Appendix A. Supplementary material

Supplementary data associated with this article can be found in the online version at http://dx.doi. org/10.1016/j.dib.2016.02.039.

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