# organic compounds

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# 2-[(4,6-Diaminopyrimidin-2-yl)sulfanyl]-*N*-(2-methylphenyl)acetamide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 293 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.003 Å; R factor = 0.039; wR factor = 0.128; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.8.

In the title compound,  $C_{13}H_{15}NOS$ , the plane of the pyrimidine ring makes a dihedral angle of 54.73 (9)° with that of the *o*-tolyl ring. The molecule adopts an extended conformation, which is evident from the  $C-C(=O)-N-C_{ar}$  (ar = aromatic) torsion angle of 178.42 (15)°. In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* pairs of  $N-H\cdots N$  hydrogen bonds, forming inversion dimers with an  $R_2^2(8)$  ring motif. The dimers are linked by  $N-H\cdots O$  and  $C-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds, with the O atom accepting three such interactions, forming sheets parallel to (100).

### **Related literature**

For the synthesis of the title compound, see: Xu *et al.* (2010). For the biological activity of pyrimidine derivatives, see: Hocková *et al.* (2003, 2004); Perales *et al.* (2011); Xu *et al.* (2010).



### **Experimental**

Crystal data C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>5</sub>OS

 $M_r = 289.36$ 

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	
a = 22.782 (5) Å	
b = 7.144 (5) Å	
c = 8.857 (5) Å	
$\beta = 100.189(5)^{\circ}$	
V = 1418.8 (13) Å <sup>3</sup>	

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII area-	12825 measured reflections
detector diffractometer	3417 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	2654 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2008)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.025$
$T_{\min} = 0.687, \ T_{\max} = 0.746$	

Z = 4

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$ 

 $\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

T = 293 K

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	182 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.128$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.02	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
3417 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.23 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N4-H4A\cdots N1^{i}$	0.86	2.26	3.115 (2)	175
$N3-H3A\cdotsO1^{ii}$	0.86	2.27	3.045 (2)	150
$N5-H5\cdotsO1^{ii}$	0.86	2.54	3.264 (3)	142
$C13-H13A\cdotsO1^{ii}$	0.96	2.55	3.385 (3)	145

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y, -z + 2; (ii) x,  $-y + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2743).

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# supporting information

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# 2-[(4,6-Diaminopyrimidin-2-yl)sulfanyl]-N-(2-methylphenyl)acetamide

# S. Subasri, Timiri Ajay Kumar, Barji Nayan Sinha, Venkatesh Jayaprakash and Devadasan Velmurugan

### 1. Comment

Diaminopyrimidines are an important class of six membered heterocyclic compounds with many applications. For example, some derivatives are been reported to have anticancer activity, selectively inhibiting c-Fms kinase of M-CSF-dependent myeloid leukemia cells (Xu *et al.*, 2010). Some 2,4-diamino-pyrimidine derivatives have been shown to have anti-retro viral activity (Hocková *et al.*, 2003,2004), and anti-trypanosoma brucei activity (Perales *et al.*, 2011). In search for antiviral agents the title compound was designed and synthesized for targeting NS2B-NS3 protease. We report herein on its synthesis and crystal structure.

In the title compound, Fig. 1, the pyrimidine ring (N1/N2/C1-C4) makes a dihedral angle of 54.73 (9)° with the benzene ring (C7-C12). The molecule adopts an extended conformation which is evident from torsion angle C5—C6—N5—C7 = 178.42 (15) °. The amine group, atom N3, deviates from the pyrimidine ring by -0.0672 (15) Å, while atom N4 atom deviates from the same ring by 0.0824 (18) Å. The methyl carbon atom C13 deviates from the benzene ring to which it is attached by 0.0204 (22) Å.

In the crystal, molecules are linked by pairs of N—H···N hydrogen bonds forming inversion dimers and enclosing  $R_2^2(8)$  ring motifs (Table 1 and Fig. 2). The dimers are linked via trifurcated N—H···O and C—H···O hydrogen bonds involving atom O1 as an acceptor (Table 1 and Fig. 2) forming forming sheets parallel to (100).

### 2. Experimental

The title compound was synthesized according to the reported procedure (Xu *et al.*, 2010). To a solution of 4,6-diaminopyrimidine-2-thiol (0.5 g; 3.52 mmol) in 25 ml of ethanol was added potassium hydroxide(0.2g; 3.52 mmol) and the mixture was refluxed for 30 mins. Then 3.52 mmol of 2-chloro-N-phenylacetamide was added and the mixture refluxed for 1-4 h. At the end of the reaction, monitored by TLC, ethanol was evaporated in vacuo and cold water was added. The precipitate formed was filtered and dried to give the title compound as a crystalline powder (Yield of 88-96%). Block-like colourless crystals were obtained by slow evaporation of a solution in methanol at room temperature.

### 3. Refinement

The NH and C-bound H atoms were placed in idealized positions and refined using a riding model: N-H = 0.86 Å, C-H = 0.93, 0.97 and 0.96 Å for CH, CH<sub>2</sub> and CH<sub>3</sub> H atoms, respectively, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C-methyl)$  and  $= 1.2U_{eq}(N,C)$  for other H atoms.



# Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



## Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed along the *b* axis. The hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details; the C and N-bound H-atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity).

## 2-[(4,6-Diaminopyrimidin-2-yl)sulfanyl]-N-(2-methylphenyl)acetamide

Crystal data	
$C_{13}H_{15}N_5OS$	Z = 4
$M_r = 289.36$	F(000) = 608
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.355 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 22.782 (5)  Å	$\mu = 0.23 \mathrm{~mm^{-1}}$
b = 7.144(5) Å	T = 293  K
c = 8.857(5) Å	Block, colourless
$\beta = 100.189 \ (5)^{\circ}$	$0.30 \times 0.25 \times 0.20$ mm
$V = 1418.8 (13) \text{ Å}^3$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII area-detector	12825 measured reflections
diffractometer	3417 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	2654 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{int} = 0.025$
$\omega$ and $\varphi$ scans	$\theta_{max} = 28.4^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 1.8^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -30 \rightarrow 30$
( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2008)	$k = -9 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\min} = 0.687, T_{\max} = 0.746$	$l = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Refinement	
Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.039$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.128$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.02	H-atom parameters constrained
3417 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0743P)^2 + 0.1678P]$
182 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.25$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.23$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F<sup>2</sup>, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F<sup>2</sup> are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

$     \begin{array}{r} U_{iso}^*/U_{eq} \\             8) & 0.0541 (4) \\             8) & 0.0565 (4) \\             0.068^*             \end{array} $
8) 0.0541 (4) 8) 0.0565 (4) 0.068*
8) 0.0565 (4) 0.068*
0.068*
5) 0.0479 (4)
5) 0.0428 (3)
7) 0.0498 (4)
0.060*
0.060*
5) 0.0450 (3)
9) 0.0600 (4)
0.0836 (7)
0.100*
0.1038 (9)
0.125*
0.1083 (9)
0.130*

C11	0.08558 (10)	-0.1541 (4)	0.8317 (3)	0.0879 (7)
H11	0.0727	-0.2734	0.8524	0.105*
C12	0.13842 (7)	-0.0871 (3)	0.9157 (2)	0.0623 (5)
C13	0.17501 (10)	-0.2061 (3)	1.0374 (2)	0.0705 (5)
H13A	0.1746	-0.1520	1.1364	0.106*
H13B	0.2153	-0.2122	1.0196	0.106*
H13C	0.1585	-0.3300	1.0339	0.106*
N1	0.42970 (6)	0.00314 (17)	1.07572 (14)	0.0492 (3)
N2	0.33525 (5)	-0.01003 (16)	1.15794 (12)	0.0447 (3)
N3	0.31124 (7)	-0.2447 (2)	1.31032 (16)	0.0624 (4)
H3A	0.2779	-0.1877	1.3088	0.075*
H3B	0.3185	-0.3474	1.3609	0.075*
N4	0.49728 (8)	-0.2346 (3)	1.1248 (2)	0.0820 (5)
H4A	0.5195	-0.1723	1.0738	0.098*
H4B	0.5091	-0.3410	1.1643	0.098*
N5	0.20923 (6)	0.1643 (2)	0.97155 (15)	0.0572 (4)
Н5	0.2240	0.0995	1.0511	0.069*
O1	0.22618 (6)	0.42293 (18)	0.83847 (13)	0.0687 (4)
S1	0.361751 (18)	0.28855 (6)	1.00258 (5)	0.05785 (16)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0596 (9)	0.0472 (9)	0.0498 (8)	0.0097 (7)	-0.0054 (7)	0.0037 (7)
C2	0.0738 (11)	0.0425 (8)	0.0486 (8)	0.0117 (8)	-0.0017 (7)	0.0092 (6)
C3	0.0688 (10)	0.0384 (7)	0.0326 (6)	0.0011 (7)	-0.0014 (6)	-0.0002 (5)
C4	0.0536 (8)	0.0356 (7)	0.0345 (6)	0.0012 (6)	-0.0054 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C5	0.0628 (9)	0.0354 (7)	0.0490 (8)	0.0060 (7)	0.0039 (6)	-0.0007 (6)
C6	0.0508 (8)	0.0444 (8)	0.0414 (7)	0.0090 (6)	0.0124 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C7	0.0461 (8)	0.0792 (12)	0.0535 (9)	-0.0016 (8)	0.0058 (7)	0.0023 (8)
C8	0.0543 (11)	0.1116 (18)	0.0796 (13)	-0.0008 (11)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0239 (12)
C9	0.0571 (12)	0.160 (3)	0.0862 (15)	-0.0027 (16)	-0.0096 (10)	0.0175 (17)
C10	0.0581 (13)	0.165 (3)	0.0938 (17)	-0.0216 (16)	-0.0090 (11)	-0.0151 (18)
C11	0.0645 (12)	0.1092 (18)	0.0881 (14)	-0.0245 (12)	0.0087 (11)	-0.0199 (14)
C12	0.0539 (9)	0.0765 (13)	0.0579 (9)	-0.0093 (9)	0.0139 (7)	-0.0114 (8)
C13	0.0777 (13)	0.0576 (11)	0.0757 (12)	-0.0109 (9)	0.0124 (10)	-0.0059 (9)
N1	0.0530 (7)	0.0419 (7)	0.0487 (7)	0.0059 (6)	-0.0023 (5)	0.0030 (5)
N2	0.0585 (7)	0.0362 (6)	0.0365 (6)	0.0039 (5)	0.0002 (5)	0.0000 (5)
N3	0.0830 (11)	0.0503 (8)	0.0549 (8)	0.0077 (7)	0.0146 (7)	0.0147 (6)
N4	0.0690 (11)	0.0739 (11)	0.1029 (14)	0.0298 (9)	0.0151 (9)	0.0318 (10)
N5	0.0551 (8)	0.0603 (8)	0.0521 (7)	-0.0044 (6)	-0.0020 (6)	0.0133 (6)
O1	0.0780 (8)	0.0694 (8)	0.0540 (7)	-0.0050 (6)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0188 (6)
<b>S</b> 1	0.0529 (3)	0.0455 (3)	0.0740 (3)	0.00657 (17)	0.00824 (19)	0.02046 (18)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N4	1.345 (2)	C7—N5	1.419 (2)
C1—N1	1.358 (2)	С8—С9	1.382 (3)

C1—C2	1.387 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—C3	1.374 (2)	C9—C10	1.351 (4)
С2—Н2	0.9300	С9—Н9	0.9300
C3—N3	1.354 (2)	C10—C11	1.379 (4)
C3—N2	1.3625 (19)	С10—Н10	0.9300
C4—N2	1 317 (2)	C11—C12	1 384 (3)
C4—N1	1 3312 (19)	C11—H11	0.9300
C4 - S1	1.7630(17)	C12-C13	1.504(3)
C5C6	1 505 (2)	C13_H13A	0.9600
$C_{5}$	1.505(2) 1 8054 (17)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C5 H5A	0.0700	C13 H13C	0.9600
C5 H5R	0.9700	N2 H2 A	0.9000
	1 2207 (19)	N2 U2D	0.8000
C601	1.2207(18) 1.225(2)		0.8600
C6—N3	1.335 (2)	N4—H4A	0.8600
$C_{1} = C_{8}$	1.392 (3)	N4—H4B	0.8600
C7—C12	1.392 (3)	N5—H5	0.8600
N4—C1—N1	115.18 (16)	С8—С9—Н9	119.7
N4—C1—C2	123.50 (16)	C9—C10—C11	119.9 (2)
N1—C1—C2	121.30 (15)	С9—С10—Н10	120.0
C3—C2—C1	118.03 (15)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
С3—С2—Н2	121.0	C10—C11—C12	121.9 (3)
C1—C2—H2	121.0	C10—C11—H11	119.1
N3—C3—N2	114.04 (15)	C12—C11—H11	119.1
N3—C3—C2	124.29 (14)	C11—C12—C7	117.5 (2)
N2-C3-C2	121.65 (15)	C11-C12-C13	120.6(2)
N2-C4-N1	129 18 (13)	C7-C12-C13	121.89(16)
N2-C4-S1	119.08 (11)	C12—C13—H13A	109 5
N1 - C4 - S1	111.74 (11)	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C6-C5-S1	111.95 (10)	$H_{13}A = C_{13} = H_{13}B$	109.5
C6-C5-H5A	109.2	$C_{12}$ $C_{13}$ $H_{13}$ $C_{13}$	109.5
S1_C5_H5A	109.2	$H_{13} = C_{13} = H_{13} C_{13}$	109.5
C6 C5 H5B	109.2	HI3R CI3 HI3C	109.5
S1 C5 H5B	109.2	$C_4 $ N1 $C_1$	109.5 114.78(14)
51-C5-115D	107.0	C4 N2 C3	114.70(14) 114.77(12)
$n_{JA} = C_{J} = n_{JB}$	107.9	$C_4 = N_2 = C_3$	114.77(15)
01 - 0 - N5	124.40(13) 120.05(14)	$C_2 N_2 H_2 D_2$	120.0
01	120.03(14)	$C_{3}$ $N_{3}$ $H_{3}D$	120.0
$N_{3}$ $C_{0}$ $C_{3}$ $C_{12}$	115.54 (15)	H3A—N3—H3B	120.0
$C_8 = C_7 = C_{12}$	120.68 (18)	CI-N4-H4A	120.0
$C_8 = C_7 = N_5$	121.56 (19)	CI-N4-H4B	120.0
C12 - C7 - N5	11/./6(15)	H4A—N4—H4B	120.0
C9 = C8 = C7	119.5 (2)		128.79 (14)
C9—C8—H8	120.2	Co—NS—HS	115.6
С/—С8—Н8	120.2	C/—N5—H5	115.6
C10—C9—C8	120.6 (2)	C4—S1—C5	102.08 (8)
С10—С9—Н9	119.7		
N4—C1—C2—C3	-178.67 (16)	N5—C7—C12—C13	-1.6 (3)

N1—C1—C2—C3	2.8 (2)	N2-C4-N1-C1	-0.8 (2)
C1—C2—C3—N3	-179.76 (15)	S1—C4—N1—C1	179.04 (11)
C1—C2—C3—N2	1.9 (2)	N4—C1—N1—C4	177.99 (14)
S1—C5—C6—O1	-78.22 (17)	C2-C1-N1-C4	-3.3 (2)
S1—C5—C6—N5	100.79 (14)	N1—C4—N2—C3	5.1 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C9	0.1 (3)	S1—C4—N2—C3	-174.73 (9)
N5—C7—C8—C9	-179.1 (2)	N3—C3—N2—C4	176.08 (12)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.9 (4)	C2-C3-N2-C4	-5.39 (19)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.9 (5)	O1—C6—N5—C7	-2.6 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.0 (4)	C5—C6—N5—C7	178.42 (15)
C10-C11-C12-C7	0.9 (3)	C8—C7—N5—C6	-11.7 (3)
C10-C11-C12-C13	-179.2 (2)	C12—C7—N5—C6	169.09 (16)
C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.9 (3)	N2-C4-S1-C5	9.30 (12)
N5-C7-C12-C11	178.33 (17)	N1—C4—S1—C5	-170.54 (10)
C8—C7—C12—C13	179.20 (19)	C6—C5—S1—C4	-98.07 (12)

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H··· $A$
N4—H4A····N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.26	3.115 (2)	175
N3—H3 <i>A</i> ···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.27	3.045 (2)	150
N5—H5…O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.54	3.264 (3)	142
C13—H13A…O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.96	2.55	3.385 (3)	145

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y, -z+2; (ii) x, -y+1/2, z+1/2.