## **Supplementary Online Content**

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This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

eTable 1: Databases used to derive study variables

Database	Abbreviation	Data Elements
Canadian Institute for Health Information Discharge Abstract Database	CIHI-DAD	Clinical data (diagnoses, procedures, physician); demographic data (patient gender, date of birth, postal code, county and residence code); administrative data (institution/hospital number, admission category, length of stay, disposition). Additional data held on mental health inpatients.
Ontario Mental Health Reporting System	OMHRS	Mental health clinical and administrative data on inpatient hospitalizations to designated adult mental health beds in psychiatric facilities from 68 participating hospitals in Ontario. Includes information about mental and physical health, social support and service use.
National Ambulatory Care Reporting System	NACRS	Data on patient visits to hospital and community based ambulatory care: day surgery, outpatient clinics and emergency departments.
Ontario Health Insurance Plan Claims Database	OHIP	Physician services paid within a fee-for-service system by the Ontario Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care. These services include physician consultations and assessments in acute care settings, office settings, and long-term care facilities; technical and professional components of diagnostic and therapeutic procedures; surgical procedures; and laboratory services.
Registered Persons Database	RPDB	Demographic information for all Ontarians with a valid health card. Variables obtained include date of birth, sex, and date of death (where applicable).
ICES Physician Database	IPDB	Physician specialty.
Office of the Registrar General – Deaths database	ORGD	Cause of death (available up until 2012).
Canadian Census Data		Neighbourhood income quintile and rural residence. Postal codes were linked to the Census to obtain mean neighbourhood income quintile, adjusted for both household and community size, for each dissemination area covering a population of 400–700.

eTable 2: List of data sources and codes used to define key variables

Variable type	Data source(s)	Code(s)
Outcomes		
Mental health-related hospitalizations	CIHI-DAD, OMHRS	Any mental health code (ICD-10 F00-F99) as most responsible diagnosis was used in CIHI-DAD and any discharge diagnosis was used in OMHRS.
Mental health-related emergency department visits	NACRS	Any mental health code (ICD-10 F10-F99) in the main diagnostic field or a firm self-harm code (ICD-10 X60-X84) in any diagnostic field.
Death	RPDB, ORGD	Data on cause of death were obtained from the Office of the Registrar General – Deaths (ORGD) database up until 2012 and classified at the Institute for Clinical Evaluative Sciences using the International Classification of Diseases, 9th revision (ICD-9).
Exposure		
Pattern of primary care during transition	OHIP, IPDB	Baseline primary care provider [either GP/FP (specialty code 00) or paediatrician (specialty code 26)] was assigned at age 17.

eTable 3: Sequential Poisson regression models for mental health-related admissions after transition (age 19-26) according to pattern of primary care during transition

Step 1: Addition of sex				
Variable	Unadjusted RR	Adjusted RR		
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)		
Pattern of primary care (PC) during trans	sition			
Different PC provider	1.29 (1.17, 1.41)	1.26 (1.15, 1.39)		
No PC provider	0.93 (0.76, 1.14)	0.85 (0.70, 1.04)		
Same PC provider	Reference	Reference		
Sex				
Female	0.73 (0.67, 0.80)	0.73 (0.67, 0.80)		
Male	Reference	Reference		
Step 2: Addition of rural residence and in	ncome quintile			
Variable	Unadjusted RR	Adjusted RR		
	(95% CI)	(95% CI)		
Pattern of primary care (PC) during trans				
Different PC provider	1.29 (1.17, 1.41)	1.25 (1.14, 1.37)		
No PC provider	0.93 (0.76, 1.14)	0.83 (0.68, 1.02)		
Same PC provider	Reference Refe			
Sex				
Female	0.73 (0.67, 0.80)	0.74 (0.68, 0.81)		
Male	Reference	Reference		
Rural				
Yes	0.79 (0.68, 0.92)	0.78 (0.67, 0.91)		
No	Reference	Reference		
Income Quintile				
1 (lowest)	1.54 (1.34, 1.76)	1.54 (1.35, 1.77)		
2	1.27 (1.10, 1.47)	1.26 (1.10, 1.46)		
3	1.10 (0.95, 1.27)	1.10 (0.95, 1.27)		
4	1.18 (1.03, 1.37)	1.19 (1.03, 1.37)		
5 (highest)	Reference	Reference		

Step 3: Addition of type of mental illi	ness				
Variable	Unadjusted RR (95% CI)	Adjusted RR (95% CI)			
Pattern of primary care (PC) during	transition				
Different PC provider	1.29 (1.17, 1.41)	1.22 (1.11, 1.33)			
No PC provider	0.93 (0.76, 1.14)	0.80 (0.66, 0.98)			
Same PC provider	Reference	Reference			
Sex					
Female	0.73 (0.67, 0.80)	0.93 (0.85, 1.03)			
Male	Reference	Reference			
Rural					
Yes	0.79 (0.68, 0.92)	0.77 (0.67, 0.90)			
No	Reference	Reference			
Income Quintile					
1 (lowest)	1.54 (1.34, 1.76)	1.34 (1.18, 1.54)			
2	1.27 (1.10, 1.47)	1.17 (1.02, 1.35)			
3	1.10 (0.95, 1.27)	1.02 (0.88, 1.17)			
4	1.18 (1.03, 1.37)	1.12 (0.97, 1.28)			
5 (highest)	Reference	Reference			
Type of mental illness					
SZ alone	2.88 (2.55, 3.26)	2.75 (2.41, 3.12)			
SZ & MAD	3.56 (3.10, 4.09)	3.45 (3.01, 3.97)			
ED alone	0.53 (0.43, 0.65)	0.55 (0.45, 0.67)			
ED & MAD	1.35 (1.14, 1.60)	1.39 (1.17, 1.65)			
MAD alone Reference Reference					

Step 4: Addition of mental health admis	ssions before transition (age 12-16	5)		
Variable	Unadjusted RR (95% CI)	Adjusted RR (95% CI)		
Pattern of primary care (PC) during tran	nsition			
Different PC provider	1.29 (1.17, 1.41)	1.14 (1.05, 1.25)		
No PC provider	0.93 (0.76, 1.14)	0.83 (0.68, 1.00)		
Same PC provider	Reference	Reference		
Sex				
Female	0.73 (0.67, 0.80)	0.92 (0.84, 1.01)		
Male	Reference	Reference		
Rural				
Yes	0.79 (0.68, 0.92)	0.79 (0.69, 0.91)		
No	Reference	Reference		
Income Quintile				

1 (lowest)	1.54 (1.34, 1.76)	1.28 (1.13, 1.46)
2	1.27 (1.10, 1.47)	1.18 (1.03, 1.35)
3	1.10 (0.95, 1.27)	1.00 (0.87, 1.15)
4	1.18 (1.03, 1.37)	1.11 (0.97, 1.27)
5 (highest)	Reference	Reference
Type of mental illness		
SZ alone	2.88 (2.55, 3.26)	2.44 (2.15, 2.77)
SZ & MAD	3.56 (3.10, 4.09)	2.04 (1.78, 2.35)
ED alone	0.53 (0.43, 0.65)	0.64 (0.53, 0.78)
ED & MAD	1.35 (1.14, 1.60)	1.04 (0.88, 1.23)
MAD alone	Reference	Reference
Mental health admissions before transition	(12-16 y)	
1	1.57 (1.40, 1.76)	1.46 (1.31, 1.64)
2	2.30 (2.01, 2.64)	2.02 (1.77, 2.31)
≥3	4.98 (4.48, 5.53)	4.03 (3.61, 4.49)
None	Reference	Reference

Step 5: Addition of mental healt	th admission during transition (age 17-18)			
Variable	Unadjusted RR (95% CI)	Adjusted RR (95% CI)		
Pattern of primary care (PC) du	ıring transition			
Different PC provider	1.29 (1.17, 1.41)	1.16 (1.07, 1.26)		
No PC provider	0.93 (0.76, 1.14)	0.97 (0.81, 1.16) Reference		
Same PC provider	Reference			
Sex				
Female	0.73 (0.67, 0.80)	0.93 (0.86, 1.01)		
Male	Reference	Reference		
Rural				
Yes	0.79 (0.68, 0.92)	0.84 (0.73, 0.95)		
No	Reference	Reference		
Income Quintile				
1 (lowest)	1.54 (1.34, 1.76)	1.17 (1.04, 1.33)		
2	1.27 (1.10, 1.47)	1.14 (1.00, 1.29)		
3	1.10 (0.95, 1.27)	0.94 (0.83, 1.07)		
4	1.18 (1.03, 1.37)	1.04 (0.92, 1.18)		
5 (highest)	Reference	Reference		
Type of mental illness				
SZ alone	2.88 (2.55, 3.26)	1.76 (1.56, 1.98)		
SZ & MAD	3.56 (3.10, 4.09)	1.46 (1.28, 1.67)		
ED alone	0.53 (0.43, 0.65)	0.74 (0.62, 0.89)		
ED & MAD	1.35 (1.14, 1.60)	0.97 (0.83, 1.13)		
MAD alone  Mental health admissions befor	Reference	Reference		
1	1.57 (1.40, 1.76)	1.30 (1.17, 1.45)		
2	2.30 (2.01, 2.64)	1.54 (1.36, 1.75)		
≥3	4.98 (4.48, 5.53)	2.21 (1.98, 2.46)		
None	Reference	Reference		
Mental health admissions durin		Reference		
	. , ,	3.23 (2.91, 3.57)		
2	3.85 (3.47, 4.27)	` ' '		
	4.37 (3.80, 5.03)	3.21 (2.78, 3.69)		
≥3	11.73 (10.66, 12.91)	7.37 (6.63, 8.18)		
None	Reference	Reference		

Step 6: Addition of mental health visits	by specialty during transition (age 17	<b>7-19</b> )		
Variable	Unadjusted RR (95% CI)	Adjusted^ RR (95% CI)		
Pattern of primary care (PC) during tran	nsition			
Different PC provider	1.29 (1.17, 1.41)	1.20 (1.10, 1.30)		
No PC provider	0.93 (0.76, 1.14)	1.30 (1.08, 1.56)		
Same PC provider	Reference	Reference		
Sex				
Female	0.73 (0.67, 0.80)	0.94 (0.87, 1.03)		
Male	Reference	Reference		
Rural				
Yes	0.79 (0.68, 0.92)	0.90 (0.79, 1.02)		
No	Reference	Reference		
Income Quintile				
1 (lowest)	1.54 (1.34, 1.76)	1.26 (1.11, 1.41)		
2	1.27 (1.10, 1.47)	1.17 (1.04, 1.33)		
3	1.10 (0.95, 1.27)	0.97 (0.86, 1.11)		
4	1.18 (1.03, 1.37)	1.06 (0.94, 1.20)		
5 (highest)	Reference	Reference		
Type of mental illness	renormo	11010101100		
SZ* alone	2.88 (2.55, 3.26)	1.64 (1.45, 1.84)		
SZ* & MAD	3.56 (3.10, 4.09)	1.39 (1.22, 1.58)		
ED alone	0.53 (0.43, 0.65)	0.77 (0.64, 0.92)		
ED & MAD	1.35 (1.14, 1.60)	0.93 (0.79, 1.08)		
MAD alone	Reference	Reference		
Mental health admissions before transit	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
1	1.57 (1.40, 1.76)	1.26 (1.13, 1.40)		
2	2.30 (2.01, 2.64)	1.42 (1.25, 1.61)		
≥3	4.98 (4.48, 5.53)	2.06 (1.85, 2.28)		
None	Reference	Reference		
Mental health admissions during transit	tion (17-18 y)			
1	3.85 (3.47, 4.27)	2.46 (2.21, 2.73)		
2	4.37 (3.80, 5.03)	2.48 (2.15, 2.86)		
≥3	11.73 (10.66, 12.91)	5.49 (4.93, 6.11)		
None	Reference	Reference		
Mental health visits by specialty during	transition (17-18 y)			
Psychiatrist (any)	6.48 (5.46, 7.68)	3.12 (2.65, 3.69)		
General Practitioner and/or Paediatrician	2.07 (1.69, 2.52)	1.95 (1.62, 2.34)		
No mental health visits	Reference	Reference		
		<u> </u>		

abbreviations: SZ: schizophrenia/delusional/non-organic psychotic disorder, ED: eating disorder, MAD: mood/affective disorders

<sup>\*</sup>Includes schizophrenia, delusional, non-organic psychotic disorder

<sup>^</sup>Adjusted for pattern of primary care during transition, sex, rurality, income quintile, type of mental illness, mental health admissions before and during transition, and mental health visits by specialty during transition

eTable 4: Poisson regression with relative rate (RR) of mental health-related admission after transition (age 19-26) among youth with a family physician as their usual provider of primary care at baseline, n=7,300

Variable	Unadjusted RR (95% CI)	Adjusted^ RR (95% CI)
Pattern of primary care (PC)	during transition	
Different PC provider	1.47 (1.33, 1.64)	1.33 (1.21, 1.46)
No PC provider	0.91 (0.71, 1.16)	1.28 (1.03, 1.60)
Same PC provider	Reference	Reference
Sex		
Female	0.75 (0.68, 0.82)	0.97 (0.88, 1.06)
Male	Reference	Reference
Rural		
Yes	0.71 (0.60, 0.84)	0.78 (0.68, 0.90)
No	Reference	Reference
Income Quintile	Telefelio	TREFERENCE
1 (lowest)	1.57 (1.36, 1.82)	1.27 (1.12, 1.44)
2	1.19 (1.02, 1.39)	
	,	1.09 (0.96, 1.25)
3	1.10 (0.94, 1.28)	0.96 (0.84, 1.10)
4	1.19 (1.02, 1.39)	1.06 (0.93, 1.21)
5 (highest)	Reference	Reference
Type of mental illness		
SZ* alone	3.09 (2.71, 3.53)	1.73 (1.53, 1.97)
SZ* & MAD	3.70 (3.20, 4.28)	1.37 (1.19, 1.57)
ED alone	0.56 (0.45, 0.70)	0.83 (0.69, 1.01)
ED & MAD	1.44 (1.20, 1.72)	0.96 (0.82, 1.13)
MAD alone	Reference	Reference
Mental health admissions bef	<del></del>	
1	1.54 (1.36, 1.74)	1.23 (1.10, 1.38)
2	2.20 (1.90, 2.56)	1.39 (1.21, 1.60)
≥3	5.32 (4.76, 5.95)	2.22 (1.99, 2.48)
None	Reference	Reference
Mental health admissions dur	ing transition (17-18 y)	•
1	3.86 (3.45, 4.31)	2.42 (2.16, 2.72)
2	4.10 (3.52, 4.78)	2.28 (1.96, 2.66)
≥3	11.72 (10.57, 13.00)	5.23 (4.66, 5.87)
None	Reference	Reference
Mental health visits by specia	lty during transition (17-18 y)	
Psychiatrist (any)	6.88 (5.68, 8.33)	3.19 (2.65, 3.83)
General Practitioner ar Paediatrician	2.11 (1.69, 2.62)	1.99 (1.63, 2.43)
No mental health visits	Reference	Reference

abbreviations: SZ: schizophrenia/delusional/non-organic psychotic disorder, ED: eating disorder, MAD: mood/affective disorders

<sup>\*</sup>Includes schizophrenia, delusional, non-organic psychotic disorder

<sup>^</sup>Adjusted for pattern of primary care during transition, sex, rurality, income quintile, type of mental illness, mental health admissions before and during transition, and mental health visits by specialty during transition

eTable 5: Poisson regression with relative rate (RR) of mental health-related emergency department visit after transition (age 19-26) among youth with a family physician as their usual provider of primary care at baseline, n=7,300

Variable	Unadjusted RR (95% CI)	Adjusted^RR (95% CI)
Pattern of primary care (PC) during tra	ansition	
Different PC provider	1.25 (1.14, 1.37)	1.23 (1.13, 1.35)
No PC provider	0.67 (0.53, 0.85)	0.86 (0.69, 1.09)
Same PC provider	Reference	Reference
Sex		
Female	0.97 (0.89, 1.06)	1.05 (0.96, 1.14)
Male	Reference	Reference
Rural		
Yes	1.04 (0.92, 1.18)	1.10 (0.98, 1.24)
No	Reference	Reference
Income Quintile		1.6.6.6.6.6
1 (lowest)	1.21 (1.07, 1.37)	1.12 (0.99, 1.26)
2	1.02 (0.89, 1.16)	0.98 (0.86, 1.11)
3	1.07 (0.95, 1.21)	1.03 (0.91, 1.16)
4	1.02 (0.90, 1.16)	0.96 (0.85, 1.09)
	Reference	Reference
5 (highest)	Reference	Reference
Type of mental illness		
SZ* alone	1.41 (1.21, 1.63)	1.05 (0.90, 1.22)
SZ* & MAD	1.60 (1.35, 1.90)	0.95 (0.80, 1.12)
ED alone	0.62 (0.53, 0.74)	0.74 (0.63, 0.86)
ED & MAD	1.39 (1.20, 1.61)	1.11 (0.96, 1.28)
MAD alone	Reference	Reference
Mental health admissions before trans	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
1	1.30 (1.17, 1.43)	1.17 (1.06, 1.28)
2	1.65 (1.46, 1.88)	1.30 (1.15, 1.47)
≥3	2.38 (2.14, 2.64)	1.50 (1.34, 1.68)
None	Reference	Reference
Mental health admissions during trans	sition (17-18 y)	•
1	1.95 (1.75, 2.17)	1.56 (1.40, 1.75)
2	2.48 (2.15, 2.86)	1.91 (1.65, 2.21)
≥3	4.00 (3.57, 4.48)	2.82 (2.49, 3.21)
None	Reference	Reference
Mental health visits by specialty durin	g transition (17-18 y)	1
Psychiatrist (any)	2.45 (2.18, 2.76)	1.68 (1.48, 1.90)
General Practitioner and/or Paediatrician	1.54 (1.35, 1.76)	1.44 (1.26, 1.64)
No mental health visits	Reference	Reference
	1	

abbreviations: SZ: schizophrenia/delusional/non-organic psychotic disorder, ED: eating disorder, MAD: mood/affective disorders

<sup>\*</sup>Includes schizophrenia, delusional, non-organic psychotic disorder

<sup>^</sup>Adjusted for pattern of primary care during transition, sex, rurality, income quintile, type of mental illness, mental health admissions before and during transition, and mental health visits by specialty during transition

eTable 6: Health service use among Ontario youth with mental illness before (age 12-16), during (age 17-18), and after the transition period to adult care (age 19-26), n=8,409

	S	Schizophrenia° n=804		Eating Disorders n=1,403		Mood Disorders n=6,202		ers	
Variable	12-16 y	17-18 y	19-26 y	12-16 y	17-18 y	19-26 y	12-16 y	17-18 y	19-26 y
Overall health ser	vice use, i	mean annu	alized rates	(SD)					
Primary care visits	3.35	3.58	3.69	6.18	5.72	4.58	3.98	4.32	4.01
	(2.75)	(3.69)	(4.00)	(6.31)	(7.46)	(6.18)	(3.11)	(4.25)	(3.91)
UPC visits	1.59	1.46	1.06	2.17	2.16	1.31	1.97	1.90	1.22
	(1.77)	(2.31)	(1.83)	(2.23)	(2.97)	(2.11)	(1.91)	(2.51)	(2.09)
Mental health-rela	ated servic	e use, mea	n annualized	d rates (SD	))				
MH FP visits	0.81	1.19	1.62	1.40	1.59	1.57	0.96	1.22	1.74
	(1.16)	(1.96)	(3.98)	(2.36)	(3.08)	(3.44)	(1.22)	(3.15)	(5.11)
MH paediatrician visits	0.33 (0.65)	0.12 (0.46)	0.02 (0.19)	2.46 (6.10)	1.47 (6.90)	0.02 (0.24)	0.33 (0.85)	0.15 (0.84)	0.02 (0.32)
MH psychiatrist visits	2.99	4.74	3.11	2.97	3.17	1.53	1.83	2.13	1.31
	(4.77)	(6.57)	(4.49)	(5.36)	(8.49)	(4.05)	(3.49)	(4.98	(3.59)
MH admissions	0.32	0.51	0.37	0.19	0.18	0.11	0.17	0.17	0.12
	(0.39)	(0.94)	(0.76)	(0.33)	(0.64)	(0.41)	(0.29)	(0.51)	(0.65)
MH ED visits	0.11	0.19	0.18	0.09	0.10	0.11	0.13	0.13	0.12
	(0.18)	(0.34)	(0.39)	(0.17)	(0.27)	(0.31)	(0.19)	(0.32)	(0.29)