



POSTER PRESENTATION

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CCR9-expressing CD14⁺HLA-DR^{hi} blood monocytes promote intestinal inflammation in IBD

Ludvig Linton¹, Mats Karlsson², Jeanette Grundström¹, Per Marits^{1*}, Annelie Lindberg², Per Karlen², Ola Winqvist¹, Michael Eberhardson²

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Background

Circulating monocytes have been demonstrated to relocate to the intestinal mucosa during intestinal inflammation, but the underlying mechanisms remain poorly understood. Here, we have investigated a subpopulation of blood monocytes expressing high levels of HLA-DR, CCR9 and CCR7 in patients with inflammatory bowel disease (IBD).

Materials and methods

51 patients with mild-to-severe ulcerative colitis (UC) or Crohn's disease (CD) were included together with 14 controls. The frequency of CD14⁺HLA-DR^{hi} monocytes was monitored weekly in peripheral blood using flow cytometry. The surface phenotype and cytokine profile of these monocytes were established using flow cytometry and real-time PCR.

Results

The frequency of CD14⁺HLA-DR^{hi} monocytes was significantly higher in IBD patients with moderate-to-severe disease compared to healthy controls. Furthermore, these monocytes correlated to disease activity in patients with UC and CD. CD14⁺HLA-DR^{hi} monocytes are defined by their high production of pro-inflammatory cytokines and their surface expression of CCR7 and CCR9.

Conclusions

CD14⁺HLA-DR^{hi} blood monocytes were increased in patients with active inflammatory bowel disease. These monocytes exhibit a pro-inflammatory gut-homing phenotype with regards to their production of inflammatory mediators and expression of CCR9. Our results suggest that these monocytes are important in mediating intestinal

inflammation, and provide potential therapeutic targets in IBD.

Author details

¹Medicine, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm, Sweden. ²Clinical Research and Education, Södersjukhuset, Stockholm, Sweden.

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¹Medicine, Karolinska Institute, Stockholm, Sweden
Full list of author information is available at the end of the article