

*Corresponding author (e-mail: r.f.j.kullberg@amsterdamumc.nl).

[†]These authors contributed equally.

[§]Co-senior authors.

References

1. Kullberg RFJ, de Brabander J, Boers LS, Biemond JJ, Nossent EJ, Heunks LMA, *et al.*; ArtDECO consortium and the Amsterdam UMC COVID-19 Biobank Study Group. Lung microbiota of critically ill COVID-19 patients are associated with non-resolving acute respiratory distress syndrome. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med* 2022;206: 846–856.
2. Dickson RP, Schultz MJ, van der Poll T, Schouten LR, Falkowski NR, Luth JE, *et al.*; Biomarker Analysis in Septic ICU Patients (BASIC) Consortium. Lung microbiota predict clinical outcomes in critically ill patients. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med* 2020;201:555–563.
3. Sulaiman I, Chung M, Angel L, Tsay JJ, Wu BG, Yeung ST, *et al.* Microbial signatures in the lower airways of mechanically ventilated COVID-19 patients associated with poor clinical outcome. *Nat Microbiol* 2021;6: 1245–1258.
4. Leisman DE, Mehta A, Thompson BT, Charland NC, Gonye ALK, Gushterova I, *et al.* Alveolar, endothelial, and organ injury marker dynamics in severe COVID-19. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med* 2022;205: 507–519.
5. Saris A, Reijnders TDY, Nossent EJ, Schuurman AR, Verhoeff J, Asten SV, *et al.*; ArtDECO consortium and the Amsterdam UMC COVID study group. Distinct cellular immune profiles in the airways and blood of critically ill patients with COVID-19. *Thorax* 2021;76:1010–1019.
6. Boers LS, de Brabander J, Nossent EJ, Heunks LMA, Vlaar APL, Bonta PI, *et al.*; ArtDECO consortium Amsterdam UMC COVID study group. Sustained alveolar hyperinflammatory response in critically ill COVID-19 patient [abstract]. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med* 2022;205: A3539.

Copyright © 2022 by the American Thoracic Society



Erratum: Antihistone Properties of C1 Esterase Inhibitor Protect against Lung Injury

The authors wish to inform the readers that there is an error in their article published in the July 15, 2017 issue of *AJRCCM* (1). It was brought to their attention that they had inadvertently duplicated a representative image in Figure 2F (B1^{-/-} B2^{-/-} mice, Bleomycin + Veh) in Figure 6A (wild-type mice, Bleomycin + Veh). A revised version of Figure 6A is published here with the correct Bleomycin + Veh panel (Figure 2F, which is unchanged, is also included for comparison).

These corrections do not affect the interpretation of the data or the conclusions of the paper. The authors deeply apologize for any inconvenience caused. ■

§This article is open access and distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution Non-Commercial No Derivatives License 4.0. For commercial usage and reprints, please e-mail Diane Gern (dgern@thoracic.org).

Malgorzata Wygrecka*[‡]
Lukasz Wujak
Philipp Markart*
*Universities of Giessen and Marburg Lung Center
Giessen, Germany*

Djuro Kosanovic
*Universities of Giessen and Marburg Lung Center
Giessen, Germany*

Holger C. Müller-Redetzky
Martin Witzernath
*Charité-Universitätsmedizin
Berlin, Germany*

Ingrid Henneke
Ralph T. Schermuly*
Werner Seeger*
*Justus-Liebig University
Giessen, Germany*
and
*Excellence Cluster Cardio-Pulmonary System
Giessen, Germany*

Liliana Schaefer
*Goethe University School of Medicine, University Hospital
Frankfurt am Main, Germany*

Grazyna Kwapiszewska
Leigh M. Marsh
*Ludwig Boltzmann Institute for Lung Vascular Research
Graz, Austria*

Nelli Baal
*Institute for Clinical Immunology and Transfusion Medicine
Universities of Giessen and Marburg Lung Center
Giessen, Germany*

Holger Hackstein*
*University Hospital Erlangen
Erlangen, Germany*

Steven de Maat
Coen Maas
*University Medical Center Utrecht
Utrecht, the Netherlands*

*Members of the German Center for Lung Research, Giessen, Germany.

[‡]Corresponding author (email: malgorzata.wygrecka@innere.med.uni-giessen.de)

Reference

1. Wygrecka M, Kosanovic D, Wujak L, Reppe K, Henneke I, Frey H, Didiasova M, Kwapiszewska G, Marsh LM, Baal N, Hackstein H, Zakrzewicz D, Müller-Redetzky HC, de Maat S, Maas C, Nolte MW, Panousis C, Schermuly RT, Seeger W, Witzernath M, Schaefer L, Markart P. Antihistone properties of C1 esterase inhibitor protect against lung injury. *Am J Respir Crit Care Med* 2017;196:186–199.

Copyright © 2022 by the American Thoracic Society