

ORAL PRESENTATION

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The effects of hypothermia on dexmedetomidine induced contraction on human internal mammarian artery and saphenous vein

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Background

Dexmedetomidine is a α_2 agonist, which is used for sedation during and after surgery in patients undergoing CABG. The in vitro effects of moderate hypothermia on dexmedetomidine induced contraction on human internal mammarian arteries (IMA) and saphenous veins (SV) were studied.

Methods

The Ethics Committee approved the study protocol. The contractile response of human IMA (n=6) and SV strips (n = 6) with and without endothelium, suspended in organ baths, bubbled with 95% O₂ + 5% CO₂ which were subjected to cumulative concentrations of 10⁻⁹ – 10⁻⁶ M dexmedetomidine were recorded at 37°C and at 28°C. The results were expressed as percentage of maximum contraction to phenylephrine. Statistical Analysis: Contractions induced by dexmedetomidine were expressed as a percentage of phenylephrine induced response. Results are expressed as means \pm SD. Student's t test was used for analysis between in groups and results between these groups were determined by unpaired test. A p value of < 0.05 was considered significant.

Results

Dexmedetomidine resulted in contraction in both IMA and SV strips, in vitro. The contractions to 10⁻⁶M dexmedetomidine = IMA: 37°C, E+: 105%, E-: 96% and 28°C E+: 98%, E-: 97%; SV: 37°C, E+: 85%, E-: 81% and 28°C E+: 91%, E-: 87%. At 37°C, dexmedetomidine caused significantly greater contraction in IMA compared to SV in

strips both with and without endothelium. At 28°C the contraction was similar in IMA and SV strips with endothelium but significantly greater in IMA strips without endothelium.

Conclusion

Dexmedetomidine causes in vitro contraction in IMA and SV grafts. These contractions are greater in IMA compared SV strips. Endothelium derived pathways are possibly involved in the contractile responses. Hypothermia affects the mechanisms of contraction.

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