

LETTER

# Response to "Epidemiology and Outcomes of Neurofibromatosis Type I (NF-I): Multicenter Tertiary Experience" [Letter]

Nastiti Intan Permata Sari D, Sarwo Handayani

Center for Biomedical Research, Research Organization for Health, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), Cibinong Science Centre, Bogor, West Java, Indonesia

Correspondence: Nastiti Intan Permata Sari, National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), Cibinong Science Centre, Jl. Raya Jakarta - Bogor Km. 46, Cibinong, Bogor, West Java, Indonesia, Email nastitipermata@gmail.com

## Dear editor

We congratulate Almuqbil et al for successfully conducting their research study to assess the epidemiology and clinical features of Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1) based on the newly published revised NF-1 diagnostic criteria and to evaluate complications of NF-1 including neurodevelopmental disorders. Findings from this study form a holistic discussion about the epidemiology and clinical features of Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1). This study uses a combination of NF-1 cases identification to obtain an expeditious and accurate diagnosis especially important for therapeutic methodologies.<sup>1</sup>

However, after reviewing this research carefully, we suggest adding a discussion regarding knowledge about the area sampled so the epidemiology can be mapped based on the sampling area.<sup>2</sup>

Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1) or Von Recklinghausen disease is one of the inheritable neurocutaneous disorders that harbinger risk for bone abnormalities, vasculopathy, and cognitive impairment.<sup>3</sup> Our suggestion is to add a research background regarding Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1) in Saudi Arabia.

Data on the incidence of Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1) in general is needed to find case updates.<sup>4</sup> The data can also be compared with data of this study. Additional clinical features of Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1) are complete but need to be reviewed regarding pediatric patients, especially young children who need attention.<sup>5</sup>

We sincerely thank Almuqbil et al for their concern and look forward to continued efforts in the epidemiology of Neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF-1) autosomal-dominant genetic disorder cases.

# **Acknowledgments**

The authors would like to acknowledge all the researchers and Prof. Dr. Sunarno in the Center for Biomedical Research BRIN for their continuous support. The authors would also like to convey gratitude to the research team of Almuqbil et al for their valuable research report.

# **Disclosure**

The authors report no conflicts of interest in this communication.

# References

- 1. Almuqbil M, Alshaikh FY, Altwaijri W, et al. Epidemiology and outcomes of neurofibromatosis type I (NF-I): multicenter tertiary experience. *J Multidiscip Healthc*. 2024;17:1303–1314. doi:10.2147/JMDH.S454921
- 2. Wolfertz N, Bohm L, Keitel V, et al. Epidemiology, management, and outcome of infection, sepsis and septic shock in a German emergency department (EpiSEP study). Front Med. 2022;9:997992. doi:10.3389/fmed.2022.997992

1693

Sari and Handayani **Dove**press

3. Adil A, Koritala T, Munakomi S, et al. Neurofibromatosis type 1. NCBI Bookshelf. A service of the National Library of Medicine, National Institutes of Health; 2024.

- 4. Evans DG, Howard E, Giblin C, et al. Birth incidence and prevalence of tumor-prone syndromes: estimates from a UK family genetic register service. Am J Med Genet A. 2010;152A(2):327-332. doi:10.1002/ajmg.a.33139
- 5. DeBella K, Szudek J, Friedman JM. Use of the national institutes of health criteria for diagnosis of neurofibromatosis 1 in children. Pediatrics. 2000;105(3 Pt 1):608-614. doi:10.1542/peds.105.3.608

Dove Medical Press encourages responsible, free and frank academic debate. The contentTxt of the Journal of Multidisciplinary Healthcare 'letters to the editor' section does not necessarily represent the views of Dove Medical Press, its officers, agents, employees, related entities or the Journal of Multidisciplinary Healthcare editors. While all reasonable steps have been taken to confirm the contentTxt of each letter, Dove Medical Press accepts no liability in respect of the contentTxt of any letter, nor is it responsible for the contentTxt and accuracy of any letter to the editor.

#### Journal of Multidisciplinary Healthcare

Dovepress

# Publish your work in this journal

The Journal of Multidisciplinary Healthcare is an international, peer-reviewed open-access journal that aims to represent and publish research in healthcare areas delivered by practitioners of different disciplines. This includes studies and reviews conducted by multidisciplinary teams as well as research which evaluates the results or conduct of such teams or healthcare processes in general. The journal covers a very wide range of areas and welcomes submissions from practitioners at all levels, from all over the world. The manuscript management system is completely online and includes a very quick and fair peer-review system. Visit http://www.dovepress.com/testimonials.php to read real quotes from published authors.

Submit your manuscript here: https://www.dovepress.com/journal-of-multidisciplinary-healthcare-journal