



Corrigendum: Is Watching TV Series an Adaptive Coping Strategy During the COVID-19 Pandemic? Insights From an Italian Community Sample

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A Corrigendum on

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In the original article, there was a mistake in **Table 2** as published. The corrected **Table 2** appears below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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TABLE 2 | Pearson's *r* correlations between the variables.

	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1. Gender	-0.01	0.06	-0.16**	-0.07	-0.01	-0.04	-0.03	0.04	0.11**	-0.07	-0.10**	-0.10**
2. Age	-	-0.25**	-0.22**	-0.33**	-0.25**	-0.37**	-0.43**	-0.34**	-0.20**	-0.25**	-0.18**	-0.21**
3. Number of family members at home		-	-0.01	0.04	0.07	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.10**	0.06	0.05	0.06
4. Hour per day spent watching TV series during COVID-19 pandemic			-	0.57**	0.33**	0.40**	0.35**	0.33**	0.09*	0.14**	0.13**	0.07
5. BWESQ-Engagement				-	0.61**	0.66**	0.61**	0.69**	0.37**	0.28**	0.24**	0.22**
6. BWESQ-Loss of control					-	0.52**	0.35**	0.47**	0.40**	0.31**	0.27**	0.24**
7. WTSMQ-Coping/Escapism						-	0.62**	0.74**	0.47**	0.48**	0.34**	0.39**
8. WTSMQ-Enrichment							-	0.69**	0.45**	0.32**	0.27**	0.27**
9. WTSMQ-Emotional-enhancement								-	0.45**	0.34**	0.22**	0.28**
10. WTSMQ-Social									-	0.26**	0.23**	0.19**
11. Depression										-	0.70**	0.74**
12. Anxiety											-	0.70**
13. Stress												-

p* < 0.05; *p* < 0.01.