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Vinclozolin: 3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-5-ethenyl-5-methyl-1,3-oxazolidine-2,4-dione

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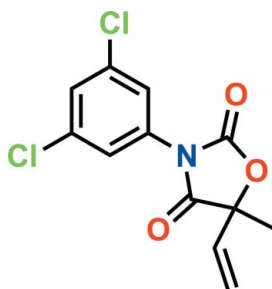
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.9.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_3$, which is the fungicide vinclozolin, the dihedral angle between the oxazolidine ring mean plane [r.m.s. deviation = 0.029 Å] and the benzene ring is $77.55(8)^\circ$. In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming chains along [010]. The chains are linked by short $\text{Cl}\cdots\text{Cl}$ contacts [3.4439 (3) and 3.5798 (3) Å], resulting in a three-dimensional architecture.

Related literature

For information on the toxicity and fungicidal properties of the title compound, see: van Ravenzwaay *et al.* (2013); Pothuluri *et al.* (2000). For a related crystal structure, see: Merino *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_3$ $M_r = 286.10$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 $a = 15.0727(12)$ Å
 $b = 5.2947(5)$ Å
 $c = 15.5390(12)$ Å
 $\beta = 100.916(5)^\circ$
 $V = 1217.66(18)$ Å³

$Z = 4$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.53$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 173$ K
 $0.26 \times 0.21 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.874$, $T_{\max} = 0.974$

7915 measured reflections
 2103 independent reflections
 1720 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.115$
 $S = 1.06$
 2103 reflections

163 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.87$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}1-\text{H}1\cdots\text{O}1^i$	0.95	2.59	3.454 (3)	151

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y - 1, z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2010); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ5407).

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supplementary materials

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Vinclozolin: 3-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-5-ethenyl-5-methyl-1,3-oxazolidine-2,4-dione

Seonghwa Cho, Jineun Kim, Sangjin Lee and Tae Ho Kim

1. Comment

The title compound vinclozolin, C₁₂H₉Cl₂NO₃, is a systemic dicarboximide fungicide used widely for the control of diseases in grapes, fruits, vegetables, ornamental plants, and turfgrass (Pothuluri *et al.*, 2000; van Ravenzwaay *et al.*, 2013), and its crystal structure is reported herein. In this compound (Fig. 1), the dihedral angle between the oxazolidine ring and the phenyl ring is 77.55 (8)°. All bond lengths and bond angles are normal and comparable to those observed in the crystal structure of a similar compound (Merino *et al.*, 2010).

In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), an intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bond is observed (Table 1). In addition, short Cl···Cl contacts [Cl1···Cl1ⁱⁱ, 3.4439 (3) Å and Cl2···Cl2ⁱⁱⁱ, 3.5798 (3) Å] are present. [symmetry codes: (ii), -x, y, -z + 1, and (iii), -x - 1/2, y - 1/2, -z + 1/2].

2. Experimental

The title compound was purchased from the Dr. Ehrenstorfer GmbH Company. Slow evaporation of a solution in CH₂Cl₂ gave single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis.

3. Refinement

All H-atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with d(C—H) = 0.95 Å, $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aromatic C—H, d(C—H) = 0.95 Å, $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for Csp²—H, and d(C—H) = 0.98 Å, $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for CH₃ groups.

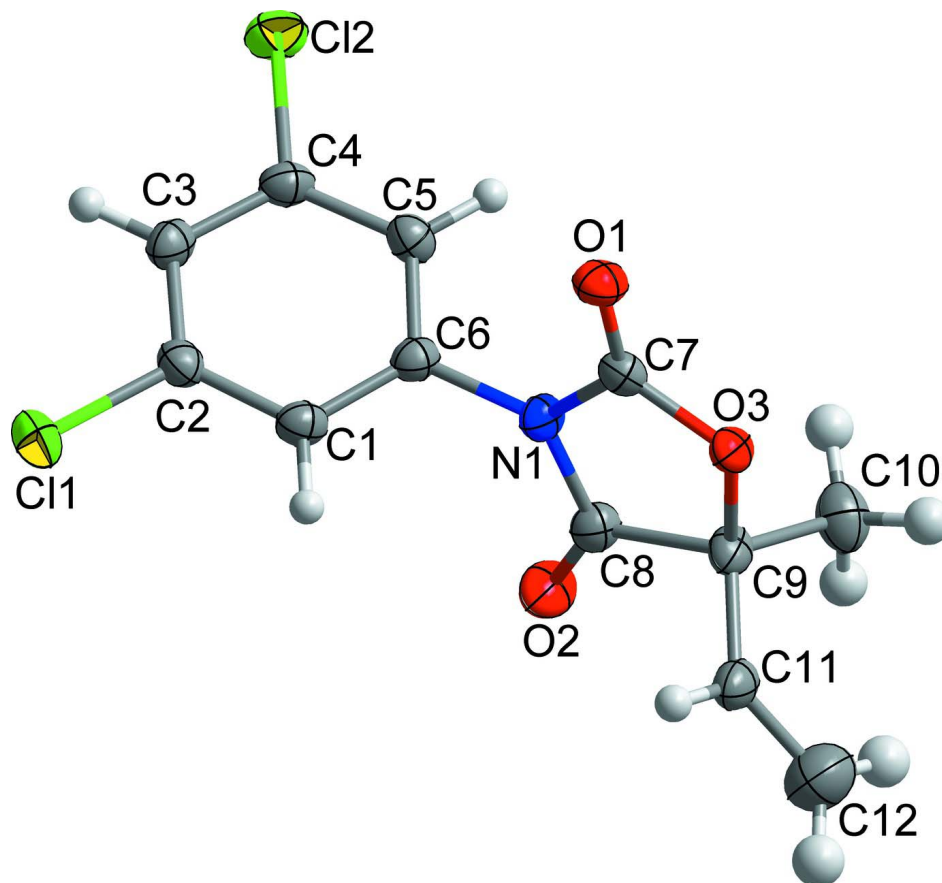
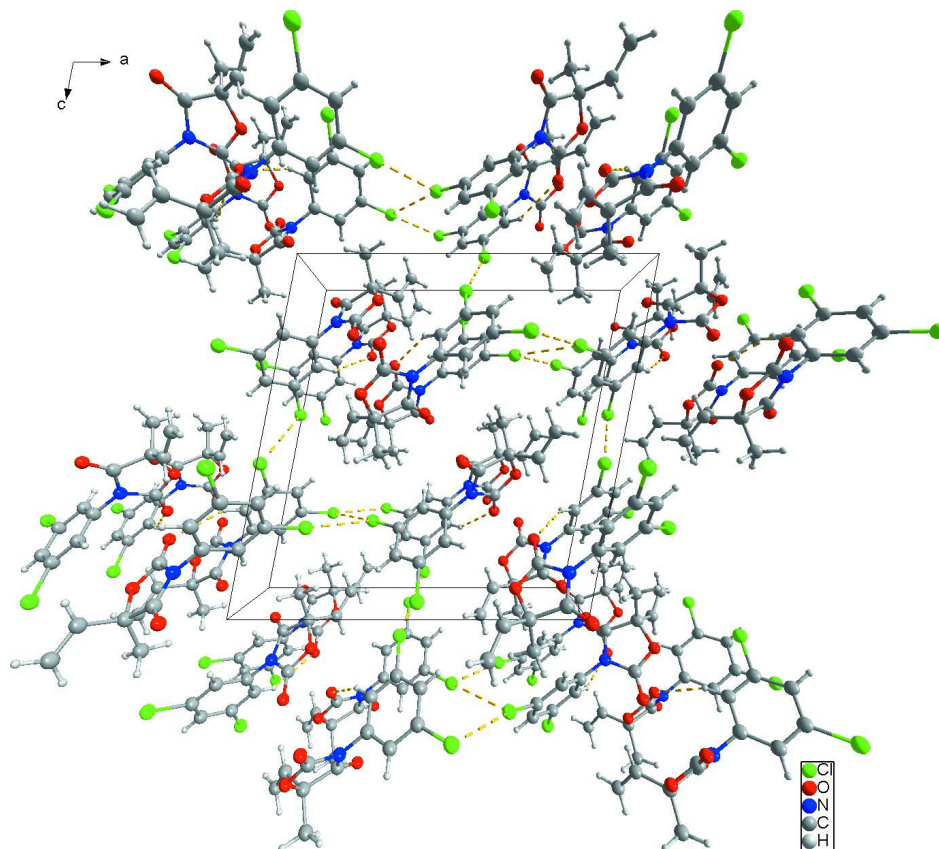


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing of the title compound with C—H...O hydrogen bonds and weak intermolecular Cl...Cl interactions shown as dashed lines.

3-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)-5-ethenyl-5-methyl-1,3-oxazolidine-2,4-dione

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_9Cl_2NO_3$
 $M_r = 286.10$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
 Hall symbol: -P 2yn
 $a = 15.0727$ (12) Å
 $b = 5.2947$ (5) Å
 $c = 15.5390$ (12) Å
 $\beta = 100.916$ (5)°
 $V = 1217.66$ (18) Å³
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 584$
 $D_x = 1.561$ Mg m⁻³
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
 Cell parameters from 4964 reflections
 $\theta = 2.7$ – 28.1 °
 $\mu = 0.53$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 173$ K
 Plate, colourless
 $0.26 \times 0.21 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.874$, $T_{\max} = 0.974$

7915 measured reflections
 2103 independent reflections
 1720 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0$ °, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7$ °
 $h = -15 \rightarrow 17$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 5$
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 16$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.115$
 $S = 1.06$
 2103 reflections
 163 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0581P)^2 + 0.9965P]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.87 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.01684 (5)	0.22311 (15)	0.42408 (5)	0.0385 (2)
Cl2	-0.16975 (5)	0.99394 (15)	0.25170 (5)	0.0376 (2)
O1	0.19649 (12)	0.9720 (4)	0.22124 (12)	0.0290 (5)
O2	0.06758 (13)	0.2867 (4)	0.06863 (13)	0.0359 (5)
O3	0.23229 (11)	0.7650 (3)	0.10675 (11)	0.0240 (4)
N1	0.11223 (13)	0.6312 (4)	0.15799 (13)	0.0229 (5)
C1	0.06127 (17)	0.4411 (5)	0.28171 (17)	0.0255 (6)
H1	0.1090	0.3216	0.2872	0.031*
C2	0.00147 (18)	0.4404 (5)	0.33904 (17)	0.0259 (6)
C3	-0.06989 (17)	0.6085 (6)	0.33076 (17)	0.0274 (6)
H3	-0.1110	0.6039	0.3702	0.033*
C4	-0.07979 (17)	0.7832 (5)	0.26364 (17)	0.0271 (6)
C5	-0.02013 (17)	0.7960 (5)	0.20586 (17)	0.0262 (6)
H5	-0.0268	0.9199	0.1609	0.031*
C6	0.04936 (16)	0.6214 (5)	0.21620 (16)	0.0233 (6)
C7	0.18216 (17)	0.8082 (5)	0.16778 (16)	0.0224 (6)
C8	0.11644 (17)	0.4631 (5)	0.09092 (17)	0.0259 (6)
C9	0.19567 (18)	0.5543 (5)	0.04975 (17)	0.0258 (6)
C10	0.1611 (2)	0.6600 (7)	-0.04096 (18)	0.0392 (8)
H10A	0.1145	0.7872	-0.0380	0.059*
H10B	0.1352	0.5231	-0.0803	0.059*
H10C	0.2111	0.7381	-0.0633	0.059*
C11	0.26703 (18)	0.3557 (6)	0.05662 (18)	0.0297 (7)
H11	0.2954	0.3018	0.1135	0.036*
C12	0.2928 (3)	0.2518 (8)	-0.0106 (2)	0.0583 (10)
H12A	0.2657	0.3016	-0.0683	0.070*

H12B 0.3386 0.1262 -0.0019 0.070*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0470 (5)	0.0333 (5)	0.0372 (4)	0.0032 (3)	0.0134 (3)	0.0124 (3)
C12	0.0288 (4)	0.0354 (5)	0.0501 (5)	0.0108 (3)	0.0113 (3)	0.0021 (3)
O1	0.0311 (10)	0.0223 (11)	0.0338 (10)	-0.0024 (8)	0.0068 (8)	-0.0051 (9)
O2	0.0336 (11)	0.0318 (13)	0.0446 (11)	-0.0144 (10)	0.0132 (9)	-0.0112 (10)
O3	0.0245 (9)	0.0209 (11)	0.0281 (9)	-0.0056 (8)	0.0090 (8)	-0.0028 (8)
N1	0.0200 (11)	0.0235 (13)	0.0260 (11)	-0.0028 (9)	0.0064 (9)	-0.0023 (9)
C1	0.0207 (13)	0.0237 (16)	0.0320 (14)	0.0007 (11)	0.0048 (11)	-0.0012 (12)
C2	0.0298 (14)	0.0213 (16)	0.0268 (13)	-0.0023 (12)	0.0056 (11)	0.0014 (11)
C3	0.0248 (14)	0.0273 (17)	0.0323 (14)	-0.0039 (12)	0.0109 (12)	-0.0039 (12)
C4	0.0219 (13)	0.0246 (16)	0.0349 (15)	0.0020 (11)	0.0055 (11)	-0.0032 (12)
C5	0.0256 (14)	0.0244 (16)	0.0284 (13)	-0.0020 (12)	0.0047 (11)	0.0026 (12)
C6	0.0209 (13)	0.0227 (15)	0.0271 (13)	-0.0012 (11)	0.0061 (11)	-0.0034 (11)
C7	0.0216 (13)	0.0190 (15)	0.0259 (13)	-0.0002 (11)	0.0023 (11)	0.0015 (12)
C8	0.0220 (13)	0.0269 (17)	0.0286 (14)	-0.0010 (12)	0.0044 (11)	-0.0016 (12)
C9	0.0286 (14)	0.0241 (16)	0.0265 (13)	-0.0092 (12)	0.0097 (11)	-0.0052 (11)
C10	0.0396 (17)	0.044 (2)	0.0324 (15)	-0.0095 (15)	0.0035 (13)	0.0032 (14)
C11	0.0310 (15)	0.0277 (17)	0.0342 (14)	-0.0048 (13)	0.0158 (12)	-0.0030 (12)
C12	0.060 (2)	0.058 (3)	0.062 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.0230 (19)	-0.006 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C11—C2	1.734 (3)	C3—H3	0.9500
C12—C4	1.739 (3)	C4—C5	1.388 (4)
O1—C7	1.192 (3)	C5—C6	1.383 (4)
O2—C8	1.199 (3)	C5—H5	0.9500
O3—C7	1.340 (3)	C8—C9	1.536 (4)
O3—C9	1.466 (3)	C9—C11	1.494 (4)
N1—C8	1.381 (3)	C9—C10	1.515 (4)
N1—C7	1.397 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9800
N1—C6	1.430 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9800
C1—C2	1.382 (4)	C10—H10C	0.9800
C1—C6	1.382 (4)	C11—C12	1.303 (4)
C1—H1	0.9500	C11—H11	0.9500
C2—C3	1.383 (4)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.381 (4)	C12—H12B	0.9500
C7—O3—C9	111.06 (18)	O1—C7—N1	126.7 (2)
C8—N1—C7	111.9 (2)	O3—C7—N1	108.9 (2)
C8—N1—C6	125.8 (2)	O2—C8—N1	127.3 (2)
C7—N1—C6	122.2 (2)	O2—C8—C9	127.4 (2)
C2—C1—C6	117.9 (2)	N1—C8—C9	105.2 (2)
C2—C1—H1	121.1	O3—C9—C11	108.0 (2)
C6—C1—H1	121.1	O3—C9—C10	107.8 (2)
C1—C2—C3	121.9 (2)	C11—C9—C10	116.3 (2)
C1—C2—C11	118.9 (2)	O3—C9—C8	102.78 (19)

C3—C2—C11	119.2 (2)	C11—C9—C8	110.8 (2)
C4—C3—C2	118.2 (2)	C10—C9—C8	110.2 (2)
C4—C3—H3	120.9	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C2—C3—H3	120.9	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	122.1 (3)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C3—C4—C12	118.8 (2)	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—C12	119.2 (2)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	117.5 (3)	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	121.3	C12—C11—C9	124.0 (3)
C4—C5—H5	121.3	C12—C11—H11	118.0
C1—C6—C5	122.5 (2)	C9—C11—H11	118.0
C1—C6—N1	118.8 (2)	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
C5—C6—N1	118.7 (2)	C11—C12—H12B	120.0
O1—C7—O3	124.4 (2)	H12A—C12—H12B	120.0
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.8 (4)	C6—N1—C7—O1	-2.6 (4)
C6—C1—C2—C11	-177.9 (2)	C8—N1—C7—O3	1.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.0 (4)	C6—N1—C7—O3	177.2 (2)
C11—C2—C3—C4	178.7 (2)	C7—N1—C8—O2	177.7 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (4)	C6—N1—C8—O2	2.1 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C12	179.4 (2)	C7—N1—C8—C9	-3.6 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.7 (4)	C6—N1—C8—C9	-179.2 (2)
C12—C4—C5—C6	-178.5 (2)	C7—O3—C9—C11	-120.7 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.8 (4)	C7—O3—C9—C10	112.9 (2)
C2—C1—C6—N1	177.9 (2)	C7—O3—C9—C8	-3.6 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.8 (4)	O2—C8—C9—O3	-177.1 (3)
C4—C5—C6—N1	-179.6 (2)	N1—C8—C9—O3	4.2 (3)
C8—N1—C6—C1	74.6 (3)	O2—C8—C9—C11	-61.9 (4)
C7—N1—C6—C1	-100.6 (3)	N1—C8—C9—C11	119.3 (2)
C8—N1—C6—C5	-106.7 (3)	O2—C8—C9—C10	68.3 (4)
C7—N1—C6—C5	78.2 (3)	N1—C8—C9—C10	-110.5 (3)
C9—O3—C7—O1	-178.6 (2)	O3—C9—C11—C12	-129.1 (3)
C9—O3—C7—N1	1.6 (3)	C10—C9—C11—C12	-7.9 (4)
C8—N1—C7—O1	-178.4 (3)	C8—C9—C11—C12	119.0 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C1—H1 \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.95	2.59	3.454 (3)	151

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y-1, z$.