

Multimedia Appendix 1. The coded taxonomy.

		Clinical module				
Functional module		(A) Monitoring	(B) Medication management	(C) Lifestyle modification	(D) Complication prevention	(E) Psychosocial care
(1)	Log	(A1, L) Recording self-monitoring parameters.	(B1, L) Recording insulin injection site.	(C1, L) Recording activities, diets, and weight.	(D1, L) Recording complication-related status and appointment with doctors.	(E1, L) Recording mood.
(2)	Structured display	(2, L) Displaying data in a structured way.				
(3)	General education	(A3, L) Instructions for monitoring.	(B3, M) Using medications safely and effectively.	(C3, L) Incorporating nutritional management and physical activity into lifestyle.	(D3, M) Preventing complications.	(E3, L) Addressing psychosocial issues.
(4)	Personalized feedback	(A4, L) Reminder to monitor.	(B4, L) Reminder to recording medications.	(C4, L) Reminder to eat healthily and be active.	(D4, L) Reminder to quit smoking, visit doctors.	-
			(B4, M) Reminder to take medications.	(C4, M) Self-management decision making.	(D4, M) Setting targets, off-target alert.	
			(B4, H) Clinical decision making.			
(5)	Communication	(5, L) General communication, connecting users with their peers and families through social networking, chat forums, or websites.				
		(5, M) Patient-clinician communication, in-app access to health care providers support or consultation.				

- The risk was coded as L, M and H. L- low risk, M-mediate risk, H-high risk.
- Clinical module was coded as A-E; functional module was coded as 1-5; the crossing functions by clinical module and functional module were coded like A1, A2.