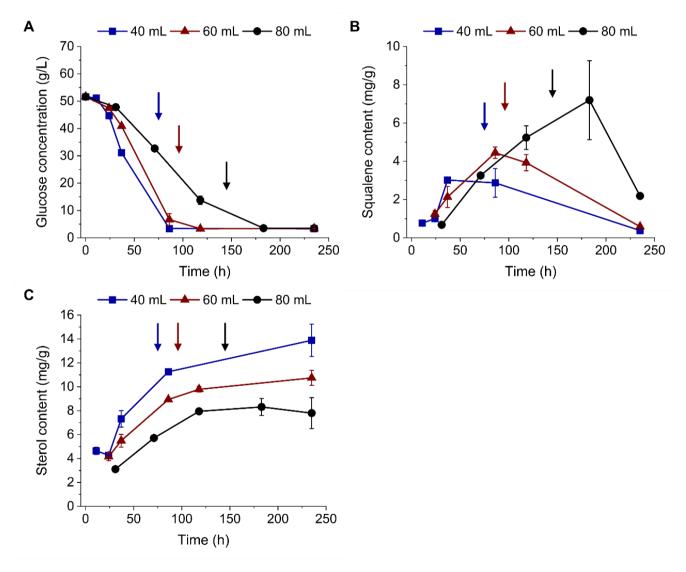
## Supplementary Information (SI)

Journal: Applied Microbiology and Biotechnology

Squalene production under oxygen limitation by *Schizochytrium* sp. S31 in different cultivation systems

Lina Schütte<sup>1\*</sup>, Patrick G. Hanisch<sup>2</sup>, Nina Scheler<sup>1</sup>, Katharina C. Haböck<sup>1</sup>, Robert Huber<sup>2</sup>, Franziska Ersoy<sup>1</sup>, Ralf G. Berger<sup>1</sup>

<sup>\*</sup>Correspondence: lina.schuette@lci.uni-hannover.de



**Fig. S1** Effect of different oxygen transfer rates on biomass formation and squalene/sterol accumulation of *Schizochytrium sp.* S31 in shake flasks with varying filling volumes (blue: 40 mL; red: 60 mL; black: 80 mL). Arrows indicate the start of the stationary phase for each filling volume. (**A**) Glucose concentration, (**B**) squalene and (**C**) sterol content per gramme dry matter over cultivation time. Data presented are the mean of duplicates  $\pm$  standard deviation cultivations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Institute of Food Chemistry, Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz University Hannover, Hannover, Germany.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Department of Engineering and Management, Munich University of Applied Sciences HM, Munich, Germany.