

## (E)-2-[4-(Dimethylamino)styryl]-1-methylquinolinium 4-methylbenzenesulfonate monohydrate<sup>1</sup>

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 100\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.072;  $wR$  factor = 0.203; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.3.

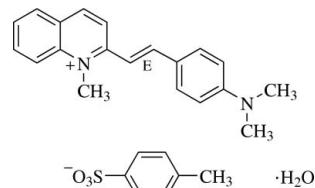
In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2^+\cdot\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}^-\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , the cation is essentially planar, as indicated by the dihedral angle of  $2.79(13)^\circ$  between the quinolinium and the dimethylaminophenyl rings, and exists in the *E* configuration. The  $\pi$ -conjugated planes of the cation and the anion are inclined to each other at a dihedral angle of  $66.95(12)^\circ$ . The cation is linked to the anion through  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds and the anion is further linked with the water molecule by  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, forming a three-molecule unit. These units are arranged in a face-to-face manner into a ribbon-like structure along the *b* axis. The ribbons are stacked along the *c* axis. The crystal structure is further stabilized by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$  interactions involving the dimethylaminophenyl and methylphenyl rings. A  $\pi-\pi$  interaction with a centroid–centroid distance of  $3.6074(19)\text{ \AA}$  is also observed.

### Related literature

For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For details of hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For background to NLO materials research, see: Dittrich *et al.* (2003); Nogi *et al.* (2000); Ogawa *et al.* (2008); Otero *et al.* (2002); Sato *et al.* (1999); Weir *et al.* (2003); Yang *et al.* (2007). For related structures, see, for example: Adachi *et al.* (1999); Chantrapromma *et al.* (2008); Ogawa *et al.* (2008); Rahman *et al.* (2003).

<sup>1</sup>This paper is dedicated to the late Her Royal Highness Princess Galyani Vadhana Krom Luang Naradhiwas Rajanagarindra for her patronage of Science in Thailand.

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### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2^+\cdot\text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}^-\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$	$\gamma = 117.021(3)^\circ$
$M_r = 478.60$	$V = 1169.78(13)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 2$
$a = 10.9739(5)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 11.1789(5)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.18\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 11.1923(9)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 100.0(1)\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 97.133(5)^\circ$	$0.24 \times 0.19 \times 0.08\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 100.322(5)^\circ$	

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX2 CCD area-detector diffractometer	17557 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	5390 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.958$ , $T_{\max} = 0.986$	3272 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.073$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.072$	311 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.203$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.05$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.60\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
5390 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.47\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1W—H1W…O2	0.90	1.96	2.839 (4)	164
O1W—H2W…O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.88	2.01	2.893 (3)	179
C10—H10A…O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.57	3.460 (4)	162
C17—H17A…O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.45	3.344 (5)	163
C20—H20A…O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.96	2.33	3.204 (6)	151
C20—H20B…O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.96	2.49	3.388 (4)	156
C26—H26A…O2	0.93	2.51	2.884 (5)	104
C7—H7A…Cg4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.97	3.615 (4)	128
C23—H23A…Cg3 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.82	3.594 (4)	141

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $x + 1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (iv)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ ; (v)  $-x + 1, -y, -z$ . Cg3 and Cg4 are the centroids of the C12–C17 and C21–C26 rings, respectively.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2003).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IS2369).

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## **supplementary materials**

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o76-o77 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536808040671 ]

**(E)-2-[4-(Dimethylamino)styryl]-1-methylquinolinium 4-methylbenzenesulfonate monohydrate**

**T. Kobkeatthawin, T. Suwunwong, S. Chantrapromma and H.-K. Fun**

**Comment**

There has been considerable interest in organic nonlinear optical materials that could be used for applications including telecommunications, optical computing and optical data storage. Organic crystals with extensive conjugated  $\pi$  systems are attractive candidates for nonlinear optic (NLO) studies because of their large hyperpolarizability ( $\beta$ ) and ease of preparation (Dittrich *et al.*, 2003; Nogi *et al.*, 2000; Ogawa *et al.*, 2008; Otero *et al.*, 2002; Sato *et al.*, 1999; Weir *et al.*, 2003; Yang *et al.*, 2007). 4-*N,N*-dimethylamino-4'-*N'*-methyl-stilbazolium tosylate (DAST) is one of the promising NLO material (Adachi *et al.*, 1999). Previous studies (Dittrich *et al.*, 2003; Nogi *et al.*, 2000; Sato *et al.*, 1999) have shown that the DAST and its analogues exhibit second-order non-linear optical properties. One strategy to enhance the hyperpolarizability of the cations is by elongation of its  $\pi$ -conjugation system. Based on these previous studies, we have synthesized the title compound which was designed by increasing the  $\pi$ -conjugate system with the replacement of the cationic pyridinium ring that is present in DAST by the quinolinium ring. The crystal structure of the title compound is reported in this study.

Figure 1 shows the asymmetric unit of the title compound (I) which consists of a  $C_{20}H_{21}N_2^+$  cation, a  $C_7H_7O_3S^-$  anion and one  $H_2O$  molecule. The cation exists in the *E* configuration with respect to the  $C10=C11$  double bond [1.328 (4) Å, the corresponding value is 1.357 (2) Å in Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2008]. The cation molecule is essentially planar as indicated by the dihedral angle between the quinolinium and the dimethylaminophenyl rings being 2.79 (13)° [9.26 (6)° in Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2008] with the torsion angles  $C8-C9-C10-C11 = -0.1$  (5)° and  $C10-C11-C12-C17 = 2.4$  (5)°. Both methyl groups of dimethylamino moiety are slightly twisted from the mean plane of the attached  $C12-C17$  ring as indicated by the torsion angle  $C18-N2-C15-C14 = 3.6$  (4)° and  $C19-N2-C15-C16 = -6.3$  (4)°. The relative arrangement of cation and anion is shown by the interplanar angles between the mean plane of the 4-methylphenyl ring and those of the quinolinium and dimethylaminophenyl system which are 67.80 (13) and 67.19 (16)°, respectively. Besides the  $O-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonded to water molecule, the atom  $O2$  of the sulfonate also contributed to a weak intramolecular  $C26-H26A\cdots O2$  interaction (Table 1) forming an S(5) ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles in (I) are in normal ranges and comparable with a related structure (Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2008).

In the crystal packing, all  $O$  atoms of the sulfonate group are involved in weak  $C-H\cdots O$  interactions (Table 1). The cation is linked to the anion by weak  $C-H\cdots O$  interactions and the anion is further linked to the water molecule by  $O-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bonds, forming a three-molecule unit (Table 1 and Fig. 2). These three-molecule units are arranged in a face-to-face manner into a ribbon-like structure along the  $b$  axis and these ribbons are stacked along the  $c$  axis (Fig. 2). The crystal structure is further stabilized by  $C-H\cdots \pi$  interactions (Table 1). A  $\pi-\pi$  interaction with the distance  $Cg_1\cdots Cg_2^{iv} = 3.6074$  (19) Å [symmetry code: (iv)  $1 - x, -y, 1 - z$ ] is observed;  $Cg_1$ ,  $Cg_2$ ,  $Cg_3$  and  $Cg_4$  are the centroids of the  $N1/C1/C6-C9$ ,  $C1-C6$ ,  $C12-C17$  and  $C21-C26$  rings, respectively.

# supplementary materials

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## Experimental

(*E*)-2-[4-(Dimethylamino)styryl]-1-methylpyridinium iodide (compound A) was synthesized according to our previously reported procedure (Chantrapromma *et al.*, 2008). Silver(I) *p*-toluenesulfonate (compound B) was synthesized according to a previous method (Rahman *et al.*, 2003). The title compound was then prepared by mixing compound A (0.20 g, 0.5 mmol) in hot methanol (50 ml) and compound B (0.12 g, 0.5 mmol) in hot methanol (30 ml). The mixture immediately yielded a grey precipitate of silver iodide. After stirring the mixture for 30 min, the precipitate of silver iodide was removed and the resulting solution was evaporated yielding a green solid. Green block-shaped single crystals of the title compound suitable for X-ray structure determination were recrystallized from methanol by slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature a few weeks (m.p. 557–558 K).

## Refinement

All H atoms were placed in calculated positions, with  $d(O—H) = 0.88\text{--}0.90 \text{ \AA}$ ,  $U_{\text{iso}}(H) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(O)$ ,  $d(C—H) = 0.93 \text{ \AA}$ ,  $U_{\text{iso}}(H) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(C)$  for aromatic and CH, and  $0.96 \text{ \AA}$ ,  $U_{\text{iso}}(H) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(C)$  for  $\text{CH}_3$  atoms. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups. The highest residual electron density peak is located at 0.98  $\text{\AA}$  from C8 and the deepest hole is located at 0.96  $\text{\AA}$  from S1.

## Figures

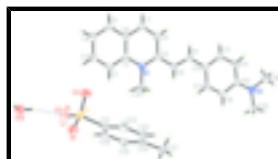


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of (I), showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atom-numbering scheme.

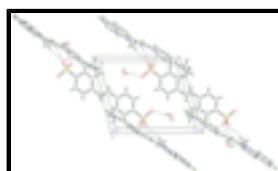


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of (I) viewed along the  $b$  axis. The  $O—H···O$  and weak  $C—H···O$  interactions are drawn as dashed lines.

## (*E*)-2-[4-(Dimethylamino)styryl]-1-methylquinolinium 4-methylbenzenesulfonate monohydrate

### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2^+ \cdot \text{C}_7\text{H}_7\text{O}_3\text{S}^- \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$	$Z = 2$
$M_r = 478.60$	$F_{000} = 508$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.359 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Melting point = 557–558 K
$a = 10.9739 (5) \text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 11.1789 (5) \text{ \AA}$	$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$c = 11.1923 (9) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 5390 reflections
$\alpha = 97.133 (5)^\circ$	$\theta = 1.2\text{--}27.5^\circ$
	$\mu = 0.18 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$\beta = 100.322(5)^\circ$	$T = 100.0(1)$ K
$\gamma = 117.021(3)^\circ$	Block, green
$V = 1169.78(13)$ Å <sup>3</sup>	$0.24 \times 0.19 \times 0.08$ mm

### *Data collection*

Bruker SMART APEX2 CCD area-detector diffractometer	5390 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3272 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Monochromator: graphite	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.073$
Detector resolution: 8.33 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup>	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$
$T = 100.0(1)$ K	$\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.9^\circ$
$\omega$ scans	$h = -14 \rightarrow 14$
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	$k = -14 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.958$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.986$	$l = -14 \rightarrow 11$
17557 measured reflections	

### *Refinement*

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.072$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.203$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0951P)^2 + 0.1631P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.05$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$
5390 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.60$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
311 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.47$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: none

### *Special details*

**Experimental.** The low-temperature data was collected with the Oxford Cryosystem Cobra low-temperature attachment.

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### *Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
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## supplementary materials

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S1	0.16105 (8)	0.41169 (9)	0.37784 (7)	0.0306 (2)
O1	0.0863 (2)	0.4772 (2)	0.3214 (2)	0.0361 (6)
O2	0.2576 (3)	0.4944 (4)	0.4973 (2)	0.0784 (11)
O3	0.0690 (3)	0.2712 (3)	0.3786 (3)	0.0708 (10)
O1W	0.2135 (2)	0.6205 (2)	0.7095 (2)	0.0371 (6)
H1W	0.2122	0.5660	0.6424	0.056*
H2W	0.1227	0.5918	0.7009	0.056*
N1	0.7361 (3)	0.0767 (3)	0.5500 (2)	0.0286 (6)
N2	1.1460 (3)	-0.1954 (3)	0.0336 (2)	0.0342 (6)
C1	0.6510 (3)	0.0789 (3)	0.6300 (3)	0.0270 (7)
C2	0.6415 (3)	0.1968 (3)	0.6702 (3)	0.0331 (7)
H2A	0.6928	0.2775	0.6453	0.040*
C3	0.5566 (3)	0.1928 (3)	0.7459 (3)	0.0343 (8)
H3A	0.5517	0.2722	0.7728	0.041*
C4	0.4776 (3)	0.0760 (4)	0.7845 (3)	0.0335 (8)
H4A	0.4200	0.0770	0.8359	0.040*
C5	0.4840 (3)	-0.0424 (3)	0.7467 (3)	0.0332 (8)
H5A	0.4311	-0.1218	0.7726	0.040*
C6	0.5721 (3)	-0.0429 (3)	0.6678 (3)	0.0283 (7)
C7	0.5835 (3)	-0.1616 (3)	0.6271 (3)	0.0333 (7)
H7A	0.5333	-0.2419	0.6529	0.040*
C8	0.6659 (3)	-0.1590 (3)	0.5517 (3)	0.0321 (7)
H8A	0.6733	-0.2375	0.5274	0.039*
C9	0.7441 (3)	-0.0373 (3)	0.5067 (3)	0.0252 (6)
C10	0.8232 (3)	-0.0412 (3)	0.4199 (3)	0.0281 (7)
H10A	0.8713	0.0395	0.3939	0.034*
C11	0.8347 (3)	-0.1494 (3)	0.3726 (3)	0.0310 (7)
H11A	0.7869	-0.2295	0.3996	0.037*
C12	0.9139 (3)	-0.1564 (3)	0.2832 (3)	0.0297 (7)
C13	0.9132 (3)	-0.2798 (3)	0.2436 (3)	0.0335 (7)
H13A	0.8599	-0.3560	0.2733	0.040*
C14	0.9879 (3)	-0.2927 (3)	0.1630 (3)	0.0304 (7)
H14A	0.9845	-0.3772	0.1394	0.036*
C15	1.0705 (3)	-0.1817 (3)	0.1142 (3)	0.0265 (7)
C16	1.0722 (3)	-0.0549 (3)	0.1534 (3)	0.0296 (7)
H16A	1.1246	0.0212	0.1232	0.035*
C17	0.9956 (3)	-0.0444 (3)	0.2368 (3)	0.0303 (7)
H17A	0.9988	0.0396	0.2624	0.036*
C18	1.1368 (4)	-0.3274 (4)	-0.0096 (3)	0.0400 (8)
H18A	1.1633	-0.3597	0.0609	0.060*
H18B	1.1998	-0.3172	-0.0617	0.060*
H18C	1.0412	-0.3928	-0.0566	0.060*
C19	1.2199 (4)	-0.0842 (4)	-0.0251 (3)	0.0456 (9)
H19A	1.2955	-0.0062	0.0374	0.068*
H19B	1.1546	-0.0580	-0.0667	0.068*
H19C	1.2584	-0.1150	-0.0849	0.068*
C20	0.8178 (4)	0.2048 (3)	0.5119 (3)	0.0373 (8)
H20A	0.8989	0.2051	0.4907	0.056*
H20B	0.8488	0.2828	0.5794	0.056*

H20C	0.7590	0.2104	0.4405	0.056*
C21	0.2694 (3)	0.4028 (3)	0.2798 (3)	0.0255 (6)
C22	0.2061 (3)	0.3196 (3)	0.1602 (3)	0.0333 (7)
H22A	0.1077	0.2714	0.1305	0.040*
C23	0.2884 (3)	0.3080 (3)	0.0850 (3)	0.0313 (7)
H23A	0.2447	0.2519	0.0046	0.038*
C24	0.4360 (3)	0.3785 (3)	0.1271 (3)	0.0291 (7)
C25	0.4974 (3)	0.4628 (3)	0.2463 (3)	0.0300 (7)
H25A	0.5958	0.5115	0.2759	0.036*
C26	0.4160 (3)	0.4765 (3)	0.3227 (3)	0.0286 (7)
H26A	0.4595	0.5349	0.4021	0.034*
C27	0.5253 (4)	0.3608 (4)	0.0459 (3)	0.0370 (8)
H27A	0.4763	0.3403	-0.0404	0.055*
H27B	0.5420	0.2863	0.0616	0.055*
H27C	0.6143	0.4446	0.0649	0.055*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0328 (4)	0.0371 (5)	0.0331 (4)	0.0226 (4)	0.0159 (3)	0.0132 (4)
O1	0.0380 (13)	0.0384 (13)	0.0485 (14)	0.0270 (12)	0.0196 (11)	0.0202 (11)
O2	0.0542 (18)	0.157 (3)	0.0318 (15)	0.068 (2)	0.0054 (13)	-0.0097 (17)
O3	0.095 (2)	0.0431 (16)	0.127 (3)	0.0462 (17)	0.094 (2)	0.0523 (17)
O1W	0.0345 (12)	0.0385 (14)	0.0405 (13)	0.0194 (11)	0.0115 (11)	0.0084 (11)
N1	0.0282 (14)	0.0278 (14)	0.0312 (14)	0.0141 (12)	0.0091 (11)	0.0086 (11)
N2	0.0324 (15)	0.0387 (16)	0.0352 (15)	0.0182 (14)	0.0150 (12)	0.0091 (13)
C1	0.0221 (15)	0.0381 (18)	0.0213 (15)	0.0142 (14)	0.0073 (12)	0.0086 (13)
C2	0.0332 (18)	0.0310 (18)	0.0383 (18)	0.0153 (15)	0.0120 (15)	0.0163 (15)
C3	0.0381 (18)	0.0316 (18)	0.0392 (19)	0.0222 (16)	0.0089 (15)	0.0096 (15)
C4	0.0285 (17)	0.044 (2)	0.0311 (17)	0.0186 (16)	0.0121 (14)	0.0109 (15)
C5	0.0296 (17)	0.0341 (18)	0.0315 (17)	0.0096 (15)	0.0088 (14)	0.0161 (14)
C6	0.0322 (17)	0.0255 (16)	0.0257 (16)	0.0167 (14)	-0.0004 (13)	0.0022 (12)
C7	0.0331 (17)	0.0292 (18)	0.0358 (18)	0.0116 (15)	0.0110 (15)	0.0145 (14)
C8	0.0316 (17)	0.0367 (19)	0.0280 (16)	0.0170 (16)	0.0075 (14)	0.0070 (14)
C9	0.0240 (15)	0.0229 (16)	0.0263 (16)	0.0122 (13)	0.0002 (12)	0.0035 (12)
C10	0.0259 (16)	0.0324 (18)	0.0286 (16)	0.0153 (15)	0.0085 (13)	0.0093 (13)
C11	0.0311 (17)	0.0281 (17)	0.0328 (17)	0.0130 (15)	0.0092 (14)	0.0084 (14)
C12	0.0270 (16)	0.0349 (18)	0.0266 (16)	0.0157 (15)	0.0045 (13)	0.0062 (14)
C13	0.0283 (17)	0.0358 (19)	0.0319 (17)	0.0125 (15)	0.0066 (14)	0.0080 (14)
C14	0.0284 (16)	0.0308 (18)	0.0344 (17)	0.0161 (15)	0.0106 (14)	0.0065 (14)
C15	0.0231 (15)	0.0303 (17)	0.0247 (15)	0.0135 (14)	0.0040 (12)	0.0038 (13)
C16	0.0258 (16)	0.0288 (17)	0.0328 (17)	0.0123 (14)	0.0058 (13)	0.0098 (14)
C17	0.0325 (17)	0.0285 (17)	0.0297 (17)	0.0188 (15)	0.0007 (13)	0.0008 (13)
C18	0.040 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.039 (2)	0.0293 (19)	0.0136 (16)	0.0030 (16)
C19	0.041 (2)	0.060 (3)	0.045 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.0236 (17)	0.0249 (19)
C20	0.0404 (19)	0.0348 (19)	0.044 (2)	0.0187 (17)	0.0220 (16)	0.0160 (16)
C21	0.0289 (16)	0.0276 (17)	0.0267 (15)	0.0172 (14)	0.0103 (13)	0.0113 (13)
C22	0.0266 (16)	0.043 (2)	0.0309 (17)	0.0165 (16)	0.0082 (14)	0.0102 (15)

## supplementary materials

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C23	0.0352 (18)	0.0352 (18)	0.0227 (16)	0.0169 (16)	0.0069 (14)	0.0065 (13)
C24	0.0361 (17)	0.0287 (17)	0.0334 (17)	0.0207 (15)	0.0148 (14)	0.0157 (14)
C25	0.0222 (15)	0.0281 (17)	0.0388 (18)	0.0102 (14)	0.0078 (13)	0.0132 (14)
C26	0.0297 (16)	0.0240 (16)	0.0303 (16)	0.0115 (14)	0.0086 (13)	0.0063 (13)
C27	0.0410 (19)	0.045 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.0286 (18)	0.0240 (16)	0.0208 (16)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ )*

S1—O3	1.433 (3)	C12—C17	1.396 (4)
S1—O2	1.435 (3)	C13—C14	1.359 (4)
S1—O1	1.443 (2)	C13—H13A	0.9300
S1—C21	1.782 (3)	C14—C15	1.408 (4)
O1W—H1W	0.8997	C14—H14A	0.9300
O1W—H2W	0.8784	C15—C16	1.421 (4)
N1—C9	1.353 (4)	C16—C17	1.392 (4)
N1—C1	1.411 (4)	C16—H16A	0.9300
N1—C20	1.470 (4)	C17—H17A	0.9300
N2—C15	1.368 (4)	C18—H18A	0.9600
N2—C18	1.446 (4)	C18—H18B	0.9600
N2—C19	1.453 (4)	C18—H18C	0.9600
C1—C2	1.395 (4)	C19—H19A	0.9600
C1—C6	1.409 (4)	C19—H19B	0.9600
C2—C3	1.358 (4)	C19—H19C	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9300	C20—H20A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.374 (4)	C20—H20B	0.9600
C3—H3A	0.9300	C20—H20C	0.9600
C4—C5	1.375 (5)	C21—C22	1.382 (4)
C4—H4A	0.9300	C21—C26	1.385 (4)
C5—C6	1.423 (4)	C22—C23	1.376 (4)
C5—H5A	0.9300	C22—H22A	0.9300
C6—C7	1.416 (4)	C23—C24	1.393 (4)
C7—C8	1.336 (4)	C23—H23A	0.9300
C7—H7A	0.9300	C24—C25	1.382 (4)
C8—C9	1.451 (4)	C24—C27	1.509 (4)
C8—H8A	0.9300	C25—C26	1.385 (4)
C9—C10	1.423 (4)	C25—H25A	0.9300
C10—C11	1.328 (4)	C26—H26A	0.9300
C10—H10A	0.9300	C27—H27A	0.9600
C11—C12	1.455 (4)	C27—H27B	0.9600
C11—H11A	0.9300	C27—H27C	0.9600
C12—C13	1.392 (4)		
O3—S1—O2	113.8 (2)	C13—C14—H14A	119.1
O3—S1—O1	113.16 (16)	C15—C14—H14A	119.1
O2—S1—O1	112.01 (18)	N2—C15—C14	121.4 (3)
O3—S1—C21	105.11 (14)	N2—C15—C16	121.8 (3)
O2—S1—C21	105.52 (15)	C14—C15—C16	116.8 (3)
O1—S1—C21	106.33 (13)	C17—C16—C15	120.1 (3)
H1W—O1W—H2W	102.3	C17—C16—H16A	119.9
C9—N1—C1	123.0 (3)	C15—C16—H16A	119.9

C9—N1—C20	119.4 (3)	C16—C17—C12	121.9 (3)
C1—N1—C20	117.6 (2)	C16—C17—H17A	119.0
C15—N2—C18	120.6 (3)	C12—C17—H17A	119.0
C15—N2—C19	120.8 (3)	N2—C18—H18A	109.5
C18—N2—C19	117.9 (3)	N2—C18—H18B	109.5
C2—C1—C6	119.8 (3)	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C2—C1—N1	121.8 (3)	N2—C18—H18C	109.5
C6—C1—N1	118.4 (3)	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	119.4 (3)	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C3—C2—H2A	120.3	N2—C19—H19A	109.5
C1—C2—H2A	120.3	N2—C19—H19B	109.5
C2—C3—C4	122.7 (3)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
C2—C3—H3A	118.7	N2—C19—H19C	109.5
C4—C3—H3A	118.7	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C3—C4—C5	119.6 (3)	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	120.2	N1—C20—H20A	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	120.2	N1—C20—H20B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.7 (3)	H20A—C20—H20B	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	120.1	N1—C20—H20C	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	120.1	H20A—C20—H20C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	119.2 (3)	H20B—C20—H20C	109.5
C1—C6—C5	118.8 (3)	C22—C21—C26	119.7 (3)
C7—C6—C5	122.0 (3)	C22—C21—S1	119.5 (2)
C8—C7—C6	120.4 (3)	C26—C21—S1	120.8 (2)
C8—C7—H7A	119.8	C23—C22—C21	120.1 (3)
C6—C7—H7A	119.8	C23—C22—H22A	120.0
C7—C8—C9	121.9 (3)	C21—C22—H22A	120.0
C7—C8—H8A	119.0	C22—C23—C24	121.2 (3)
C9—C8—H8A	119.0	C22—C23—H23A	119.4
N1—C9—C10	122.7 (3)	C24—C23—H23A	119.4
N1—C9—C8	116.9 (3)	C25—C24—C23	117.8 (3)
C10—C9—C8	120.4 (3)	C25—C24—C27	121.3 (3)
C11—C10—C9	126.0 (3)	C23—C24—C27	120.9 (3)
C11—C10—H10A	117.0	C24—C25—C26	121.6 (3)
C9—C10—H10A	117.0	C24—C25—H25A	119.2
C10—C11—C12	127.1 (3)	C26—C25—H25A	119.2
C10—C11—H11A	116.4	C21—C26—C25	119.5 (3)
C12—C11—H11A	116.4	C21—C26—H26A	120.3
C13—C12—C17	117.2 (3)	C25—C26—H26A	120.3
C13—C12—C11	119.0 (3)	C24—C27—H27A	109.5
C17—C12—C11	123.8 (3)	C24—C27—H27B	109.5
C14—C13—C12	122.2 (3)	H27A—C27—H27B	109.5
C14—C13—H13A	118.9	C24—C27—H27C	109.5
C12—C13—H13A	118.9	H27A—C27—H27C	109.5
C13—C14—C15	121.9 (3)	H27B—C27—H27C	109.5
C9—N1—C1—C2	-178.0 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-178.1 (3)
C20—N1—C1—C2	1.2 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.2 (5)
C9—N1—C1—C6	0.9 (4)	C18—N2—C15—C14	3.6 (4)
C20—N1—C1—C6	-179.9 (3)	C19—N2—C15—C14	174.2 (3)

## supplementary materials

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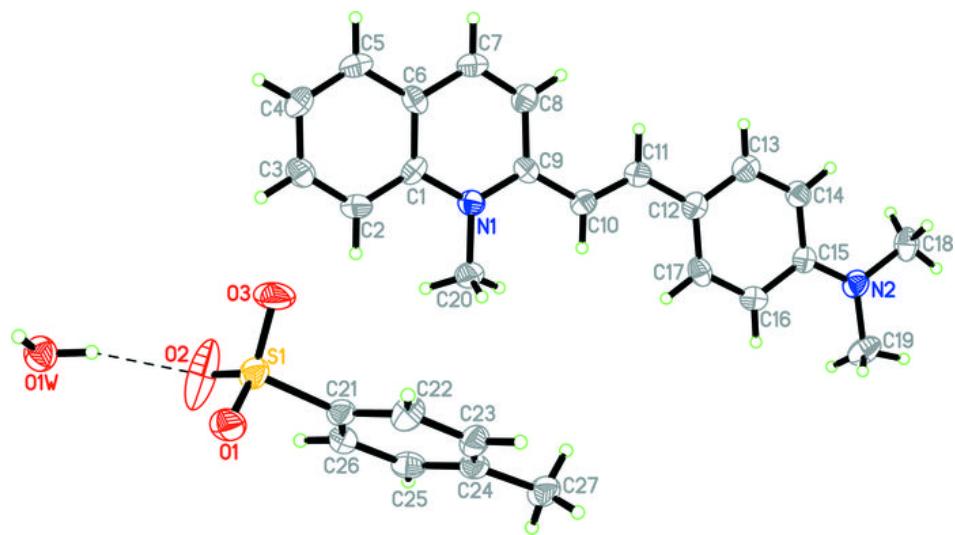
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.3 (4)	C18—N2—C15—C16	-176.9 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	179.2 (3)	C19—N2—C15—C16	-6.3 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.6 (5)	C13—C14—C15—N2	179.6 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (5)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.1 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.2 (5)	N2—C15—C16—C17	-179.1 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-179.6 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C17	0.4 (4)
N1—C1—C6—C7	1.5 (4)	C15—C16—C17—C12	-0.9 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.0 (4)	C13—C12—C17—C16	0.7 (4)
N1—C1—C6—C5	-178.9 (3)	C11—C12—C17—C16	178.6 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.1 (4)	O3—S1—C21—C22	53.9 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	179.5 (3)	O2—S1—C21—C22	174.5 (3)
C1—C6—C7—C8	-1.3 (4)	O1—S1—C21—C22	-66.3 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	179.2 (3)	O3—S1—C21—C26	-125.2 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-1.3 (5)	O2—S1—C21—C26	-4.6 (3)
C1—N1—C9—C10	176.0 (3)	O1—S1—C21—C26	114.6 (2)
C20—N1—C9—C10	-3.3 (4)	C26—C21—C22—C23	1.4 (5)
C1—N1—C9—C8	-3.3 (4)	S1—C21—C22—C23	-177.7 (2)
C20—N1—C9—C8	177.5 (3)	C21—C22—C23—C24	0.2 (5)
C7—C8—C9—N1	3.5 (4)	C22—C23—C24—C25	-1.1 (5)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-175.8 (3)	C22—C23—C24—C27	177.6 (3)
N1—C9—C10—C11	-179.3 (3)	C23—C24—C25—C26	0.6 (4)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.1 (5)	C27—C24—C25—C26	-178.1 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C12	179.5 (3)	C22—C21—C26—C25	-1.9 (4)
C10—C11—C12—C13	-179.7 (3)	S1—C21—C26—C25	177.2 (2)
C10—C11—C12—C17	2.4 (5)	C24—C25—C26—C21	0.9 (4)
C17—C12—C13—C14	-0.2 (5)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , °)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
O1W—H1W···O2	0.90	1.96	2.839 (4)	164
O1W—H2W···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.88	2.01	2.893 (3)	179
C10—H10A···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.57	3.460 (4)	162
C17—H17A···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.45	3.344 (5)	163
C20—H20A···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.96	2.33	3.204 (6)	151
C20—H20B···O1 <sup>iii</sup>	0.96	2.49	3.388 (4)	156
C26—H26A···O2	0.93	2.51	2.884 (5)	104
C7—H7A···Cg4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.93	2.97	3.615 (4)	128
C23—H23A···Cg3 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.82	3.594 (4)	141

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ ; (v)  $-x+1, -y, -z$ .

Fig. 1



## supplementary materials

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Fig. 2

