

(E)-2-[[2-(2-Hydroxyethylamino)ethyl-imino]methyl]phenol

Juan M. Germán-Acacio, Hugo Tlahuext and Herbert Höpfl*

Centro de Investigaciones Químicas, Universidad Autónoma del Estado de Morelos.

Av. Universidad 1001, CP 62209, Cuernavaca, Mexico

Correspondence e-mail: hhopfl@uaem.mx

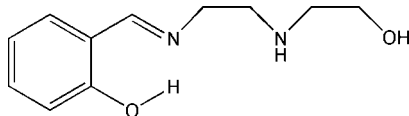
Received 14 September 2011; accepted 28 September 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.052; wR factor = 0.115; data-to-parameter ratio = 9.3.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$, contains two independent conformational isomers which show intramolecular aromatic-imine $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds. In the crystal, neighboring molecules are linked through intermolecular aliphatic-aliphatic $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$, aliphatic-aromatic $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ interactions into hydrogen-bonded layers parallel to the ab plane.

Related literature

For crystal structures of metal complexes with this ligand, see: Haber *et al.* (2003); Kenar *et al.* (2001); Li *et al.* (1988); Rajendiran *et al.* (2007). For supramolecular assemblies with structurally related ligands, see: Barba *et al.* (2000); Fujita *et al.* (2008); Höpfl (2002); Severin (2009). For the tautomerism of salicylideneimines, see: Domínguez *et al.* (2011); Fujiwara *et al.* (2009); Ogawa *et al.* (1998); Rodríguez *et al.* (2007).

**Experimental***Crystal data* $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$ $M_r = 208.26$ Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ $a = 7.0047$ (11) Å $b = 14.171$ (2) Å $c = 21.681$ (3) Å $V = 2152.1$ (6) Å³ $Z = 8$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.09$ mm⁻¹ $T = 100$ K $0.45 \times 0.08 \times 0.07$ mm*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)

 $T_{\min} = 0.786$, $T_{\max} = 0.994$

12054 measured reflections

2677 independent reflections

2311 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$ *Refinement* $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$ $wR(F^2) = 0.115$ $S = 1.14$

2677 reflections

289 parameters

6 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.26$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.24$ e Å⁻³**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots N1	0.84 (2)	1.77 (2)	2.562 (3)	157 (3)
O2—H2 \cdots N32 ⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.00 (1)	2.839 (3)	178 (4)
N2—H2A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.27 (2)	3.106 (3)	165 (2)
O31—H31 \cdots N31	0.84 (2)	1.82 (2)	2.596 (3)	154 (3)
O32—H32 \cdots N2 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.00 (1)	2.795 (3)	158 (4)
N32—H32A \cdots O31 ⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.55 (3)	3.347 (3)	154 (2)
C39—H39A \cdots O32 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.49	3.443 (4)	161

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2000); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

This work was supported by the Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología (CIAM-59213).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2347).

References

- Barba, V., Cuahutle, D., Ochoa, M. E., Santillan, R. & Farfán, N. (2000). *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, **303**, 7–11.
- Brandenburg, K. (2006). DIAMOND. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Bruker (2000). SMART. Bruker AXS Inc, Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Bruker (2001). SAINT-Plus. Bruker AXS Inc, Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Domínguez, O., Rodríguez-Molina, B., Rodríguez, M., Ariza, A., Farfán, N. & Santillan, R. (2011). *New J. Chem.* **35**, 156–164.
- Fujita, N., Shinkai, S. & James, T. D. (2008). *Chem. Asian J.* **3**, 1076–1091.
- Fujiwara, T., Harada, J. & Ogawa, K. (2009). *J. Phys. Chem. A*, **113**, 1822–1826.
- Haber, V., Čisářová, I. & Fábry, J. (2003). *Polyhedron*, **22**, 3451–3459.
- Höpfl, H. (2002). *Struct. Bonding*, **103**, 1–56.
- Kenar, A., Arici, C., Aksu, M. L., Tahir, M. N., Durmuş, S. & Atakol, O. (2001). *Anal. Sci.* **17**, 569–570.
- Li, X., La, M. S. & Pecoraro, V. L. (1988). *Inorg. Chem.* **27**, 4657–4664.
- Ogawa, K., Kasahara, Y., Ohtani, Y. & Harada, J. (1998). *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **120**, 7107–7108.
- Rajendiran, V., Karthik, R., Palaniandavar, M., Stoeckli-Evans, H., Periasamy, V. S., Akbarsha, M. A., Srinag, B. S. & Krishnamurthy, H. (2007). *Inorg. Chem.* **46**, 8208–8221.
- Rodríguez, M., Santillan, R., López, Y., Farfán, N., Barba, V., Nakatani, K., García-Baez, E. V. & Padilla-Martínez, I. I. (2007). *Supramol. Chem.* **19**, 641–653.
- Severin, K. (2009). *Dalton Trans.* pp. 5254–5264.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2003). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **D65**, 148–155.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2849 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811039997]

(*E*)-2-[[2-(2-Hydroxyethylamino)ethylimino]methyl]phenol

J. M. Germán-Acacio, H. Tlahuext and H. Höpfl

Comment

The title compound (**I**) has been employed as a tri- and tetradentate ligand for the complexation of transition metal ions such as vanadium(IV), vanadium(V), copper(II) and cadmium(II) (Haber *et al.*, 2003; Kenar *et al.*, 2001; Li *et al.*, 1988; Rajendiran *et al.*, 2007). We are interested in this compound in the search for ligands capable of forming macrocyclic structures with boronic acids (Barba *et al.*, 2000; Fujita *et al.*, 2008; Höpfl, 2002; Severin, 2009).

The asymmetric unit of (**I**) contains two conformers (**Ia**, **Ib**) (Fig. 1) with similar bond lengths between equivalent non-H atoms (differences less than 3 s.u.). The torsion angles (C–C–N–C) in the fragments CH₂CH₂NHCH₂ are +62.7 (3) and -177.5 (2)° for **Ia** and **Ib**, respectively, showing that **Ia** and **Ib** are conformational isomers. The dihedral angles in the NCH₂CH₂N ethylene fragments are -171.8 (2) and -176.1 (2)°, respectively.

From reports in the literature it is known that salicylidene imines form *keto* and *enol* tautomers, both in solution and the solid state (Domínguez *et al.*, 2011; Fujiwara *et al.*, 2009; Ogawa *et al.*, 1998; Rodríguez *et al.*, 2007). In the crystal structure both conformers correspond to the *enol* form. This is evidenced by the presence of an intramolecular O–H···N hydrogen bond formed between the phenolic OH group and the imine function, and a comparative analysis of the bond lengths within the salicylidene fragment. The values for the C_{arom}–O and C=N bond lengths with values of 1.349 (3) and 1.274 (3)–1.275 (4) Å, respectively, are within the range expected for *enol* tautomers. The same is true for the C_{arom}–C_{arom} bond lengths with values ranging from 1.374 (4)–1.417 (4) Å (Domínguez *et al.*, 2011). From a careful crystallographic analysis of eight salicylidene aminoalcohols, Domínguez *et al.* concluded that the dominant hydrogen bonding pattern in the crystal structures of *enol* tautomers are intermolecular O–H···O interactions formed between the pendant NCH₂CH₂OH fragments of neighboring molecules. For *keto* tautomers, intermolecular O–H···O interactions typically involve the C_{arom}–O oxygen atom (Domínguez *et al.*, 2011). In the crystal structure of the compound described herein, the crystallographically independent conformers are linked through O–H···N interactions between the pendant aliphatic NCH₂CH₂OH groups to give one-dimensional chains along axis *b*. Neighboring chains are further linked parallel to the *a* axis by N–H···O and C–H···O interactions involving as acceptor atoms the oxygen atoms of the phenolic and aliphatic O–H functions to form overall two-dimensional hydrogen bonded layers propagating parallel to the *ab* plane (Fig. 2).

Experimental

For the preparation of (**I**), salicylaldehyde (0.234 g, 1.92 mmol) and 2-(2-aminoethylamino)ethanol (0.200 g, 1.92 mmol) were dissolved in 20 ml of ethanol. After reflux for 1 h, 60 ml of chloroform were added and the resulting solution was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. Evaporation of the solvent mixture under vacuum gave a yellow oil. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were grown from a solution in chloroform, which was overlaid with *n*-hexane. Yield: 0.310 g (77%). M.p. 358 K.

Refinement

H atoms were positioned geometrically and constrained using the riding-model approximation [$C-H_{\text{aryl}}$ and $C-H_{\text{imine}} = 0.95 \text{ \AA}$, $C-H_{\text{aliphatic}} = 0.99 \text{ \AA}$, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$]. Hydrogen atoms bonded to O and N were located in difference Fourier maps; however, the coordinates of the O–H and N–H hydrogen atoms were refined with distance and isotropic displacement parameter restraints: O–H = 0.840 (1) \AA , N–H = 0.860 (1) \AA and [$U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O, N})$].

Figures

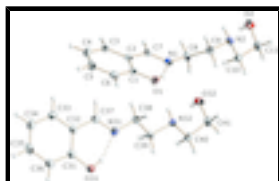


Fig. 1. Perspective view of the asymmetric unit of **(I)**. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

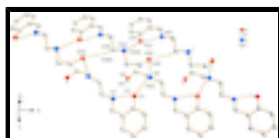


Fig. 2. Fragment of the 2D layer parallel to the ab plane, showing intramolecular O–H⋯N and intermolecular N–H⋯O, O–H⋯N and C–H⋯O hydrogen bonding interactions. These fragments are linked further through O2–H2⋯N32 hydrogen bonds to give the overall 2D layer. Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

(*E*)-2-[[2-(2-Hydroxyethylamino)ethylimino]methyl]phenol

Crystal data

$C_{11}H_{16}N_2O_2$	$D_x = 1.286 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 208.26$	Melting point: 358 K
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 2547 reflections
$a = 7.0047 (11) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.9\text{--}25.4^\circ$
$b = 14.171 (2) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 21.681 (3) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 100 \text{ K}$
$V = 2152.1 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$	Plate, yellow
$Z = 8$	$0.45 \times 0.08 \times 0.07 \text{ mm}$
$F(000) = 896$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2677 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2311 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
φ and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.052$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 2003)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.786$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.994$	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
12054 measured reflections	$k = -9 \rightarrow 18$
	$l = -27 \rightarrow 24$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.052$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.115$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.14$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0493P)^2 + 0.4481P]$
2677 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
289 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
6 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.24 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.3350 (3)	0.69081 (15)	0.11061 (9)	0.0234 (5)
H1	0.442 (2)	0.674 (2)	0.1244 (14)	0.035*
O2	1.4419 (3)	0.62189 (16)	0.25568 (10)	0.0298 (5)
H2	1.453 (6)	0.5647 (7)	0.2462 (17)	0.045*
N1	0.6713 (3)	0.62184 (17)	0.12202 (11)	0.0210 (5)
N2	1.0729 (3)	0.69806 (18)	0.22607 (11)	0.0215 (6)
H2A	1.161 (3)	0.691 (2)	0.1990 (11)	0.032*
C1	0.3377 (4)	0.6585 (2)	0.05212 (13)	0.0193 (6)
C2	0.5001 (4)	0.61174 (19)	0.02788 (13)	0.0191 (6)
C3	0.4962 (4)	0.5809 (2)	-0.03349 (13)	0.0224 (6)
H3	0.6044	0.5495	-0.0502	0.027*
C4	0.3373 (5)	0.5954 (2)	-0.07020 (14)	0.0273 (7)
H4	0.3367	0.5744	-0.1118	0.033*
C5	0.1788 (5)	0.6408 (2)	-0.04570 (14)	0.0280 (7)
H5	0.0692	0.6505	-0.0707	0.034*
C6	0.1789 (4)	0.6719 (2)	0.01469 (14)	0.0231 (6)
H6	0.0693	0.7029	0.0308	0.028*

supplementary materials

C7	0.6692 (4)	0.59821 (19)	0.06535 (13)	0.0194 (6)
H7	0.7802	0.5713	0.0474	0.023*
C8	0.8463 (4)	0.6083 (2)	0.15798 (13)	0.0232 (6)
H8A	0.9544	0.5946	0.1300	0.028*
H8B	0.8307	0.5540	0.1863	0.028*
C9	0.8875 (4)	0.6970 (2)	0.19473 (14)	0.0236 (7)
H9A	0.8811	0.7519	0.1665	0.028*
H9B	0.7858	0.7050	0.2260	0.028*
C10	1.0972 (4)	0.6245 (2)	0.27303 (13)	0.0251 (7)
H10A	1.0782	0.5616	0.2542	0.030*
H10B	1.0007	0.6327	0.3060	0.030*
C11	1.2954 (4)	0.6306 (2)	0.30039 (14)	0.0289 (7)
H11A	1.3094	0.6920	0.3218	0.035*
H11B	1.3106	0.5801	0.3315	0.035*
O31	-0.2420 (3)	0.35742 (16)	0.10565 (9)	0.0252 (5)
H31	-0.134 (2)	0.375 (2)	0.1175 (15)	0.038*
O32	0.8773 (3)	0.39234 (15)	0.25880 (11)	0.0279 (5)
H32	0.897 (5)	0.3345 (6)	0.2532 (17)	0.042*
N31	0.1079 (3)	0.41785 (17)	0.10613 (11)	0.0207 (5)
N32	0.4908 (3)	0.42869 (18)	0.22487 (11)	0.0196 (5)
H32A	0.586 (3)	0.423 (2)	0.2002 (12)	0.029*
C31	-0.2312 (4)	0.3602 (2)	0.04357 (13)	0.0204 (6)
C32	-0.0647 (4)	0.3916 (2)	0.01297 (13)	0.0198 (6)
C33	-0.0628 (4)	0.3926 (2)	-0.05144 (13)	0.0239 (7)
H33	0.0479	0.4145	-0.0723	0.029*
C34	-0.2171 (5)	0.3626 (2)	-0.08532 (14)	0.0272 (7)
H34	-0.2124	0.3630	-0.1291	0.033*
C35	-0.3797 (5)	0.3319 (2)	-0.05493 (15)	0.0284 (7)
H35	-0.4868	0.3110	-0.0781	0.034*
C36	-0.3872 (4)	0.3314 (2)	0.00889 (14)	0.0246 (7)
H36	-0.5003	0.3111	0.0291	0.029*
C37	0.1035 (4)	0.4199 (2)	0.04734 (13)	0.0203 (6)
H37	0.2133	0.4406	0.0255	0.024*
C38	0.2801 (4)	0.4497 (2)	0.13747 (13)	0.0219 (6)
H38A	0.2631	0.5160	0.1508	0.026*
H38B	0.3890	0.4476	0.1084	0.026*
C39	0.3245 (4)	0.3893 (2)	0.19290 (13)	0.0208 (6)
H39A	0.2133	0.3879	0.2211	0.025*
H39B	0.3519	0.3238	0.1796	0.025*
C40	0.5399 (4)	0.3768 (2)	0.28123 (13)	0.0228 (7)
H40A	0.5419	0.3082	0.2726	0.027*
H40B	0.4427	0.3889	0.3134	0.027*
C41	0.7342 (4)	0.4083 (2)	0.30387 (15)	0.0255 (7)
H41A	0.7297	0.4764	0.3140	0.031*
H41B	0.7669	0.3734	0.3420	0.031*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0208 (10)	0.0298 (12)	0.0194 (11)	0.0035 (9)	0.0004 (9)	-0.0023 (9)
O2	0.0253 (12)	0.0260 (12)	0.0380 (13)	0.0013 (10)	-0.0014 (10)	-0.0016 (11)
N1	0.0205 (12)	0.0191 (13)	0.0233 (13)	-0.0006 (11)	-0.0006 (10)	-0.0003 (11)
N2	0.0187 (12)	0.0240 (13)	0.0218 (13)	-0.0014 (11)	0.0016 (10)	0.0007 (11)
C1	0.0243 (14)	0.0148 (14)	0.0188 (14)	-0.0034 (12)	0.0020 (12)	0.0043 (11)
C2	0.0226 (13)	0.0136 (14)	0.0210 (14)	-0.0054 (12)	0.0016 (12)	0.0030 (12)
C3	0.0273 (15)	0.0174 (15)	0.0224 (15)	-0.0026 (12)	0.0068 (12)	-0.0001 (12)
C4	0.0421 (18)	0.0217 (16)	0.0180 (15)	-0.0037 (15)	-0.0049 (14)	0.0001 (12)
C5	0.0304 (16)	0.0258 (17)	0.0277 (17)	0.0000 (14)	-0.0102 (14)	0.0052 (14)
C6	0.0210 (14)	0.0193 (15)	0.0290 (16)	0.0014 (12)	-0.0009 (13)	0.0027 (13)
C7	0.0182 (13)	0.0151 (14)	0.0250 (15)	-0.0013 (11)	0.0050 (12)	-0.0007 (12)
C8	0.0221 (14)	0.0221 (16)	0.0254 (16)	0.0017 (13)	-0.0048 (12)	-0.0011 (13)
C9	0.0195 (14)	0.0241 (16)	0.0272 (16)	0.0015 (13)	-0.0013 (12)	-0.0028 (14)
C10	0.0264 (15)	0.0296 (18)	0.0193 (15)	-0.0036 (14)	0.0017 (12)	0.0002 (14)
C11	0.0311 (17)	0.0310 (18)	0.0248 (16)	0.0002 (14)	-0.0048 (13)	0.0001 (14)
O31	0.0219 (10)	0.0321 (13)	0.0217 (11)	-0.0051 (10)	0.0009 (9)	0.0000 (10)
O32	0.0225 (11)	0.0244 (12)	0.0369 (13)	0.0006 (10)	0.0018 (9)	0.0042 (11)
N31	0.0215 (12)	0.0195 (13)	0.0211 (13)	0.0013 (10)	0.0001 (10)	-0.0016 (10)
N32	0.0183 (12)	0.0219 (13)	0.0187 (13)	-0.0010 (10)	0.0023 (10)	0.0022 (11)
C31	0.0242 (14)	0.0150 (15)	0.0221 (15)	0.0026 (12)	-0.0019 (12)	-0.0020 (12)
C32	0.0226 (13)	0.0140 (14)	0.0227 (15)	0.0013 (12)	-0.0012 (12)	0.0005 (12)
C33	0.0274 (15)	0.0230 (17)	0.0213 (15)	0.0040 (13)	0.0038 (12)	0.0020 (13)
C34	0.0412 (18)	0.0218 (16)	0.0186 (15)	0.0020 (14)	-0.0053 (13)	-0.0011 (13)
C35	0.0336 (18)	0.0197 (16)	0.0319 (17)	0.0010 (14)	-0.0132 (14)	-0.0015 (14)
C36	0.0276 (15)	0.0163 (15)	0.0299 (17)	0.0009 (12)	0.0011 (13)	0.0018 (13)
C37	0.0199 (14)	0.0184 (15)	0.0225 (15)	0.0030 (12)	0.0032 (12)	0.0011 (12)
C38	0.0209 (14)	0.0220 (16)	0.0227 (15)	-0.0006 (12)	-0.0002 (11)	0.0016 (13)
C39	0.0170 (12)	0.0227 (16)	0.0228 (14)	-0.0021 (13)	-0.0007 (12)	-0.0004 (13)
C40	0.0239 (15)	0.0252 (17)	0.0192 (15)	0.0000 (13)	0.0013 (12)	0.0007 (13)
C41	0.0293 (15)	0.0241 (17)	0.0230 (15)	0.0030 (14)	-0.0055 (13)	-0.0003 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

O1—C1	1.349 (3)	O31—C31	1.349 (3)
O1—H1	0.8400 (11)	O31—H31	0.8401 (11)
O2—C11	1.417 (4)	O32—C41	1.418 (4)
O2—H2	0.8401 (11)	O32—H32	0.8400 (11)
N1—C7	1.274 (3)	N31—C37	1.275 (4)
N1—C8	1.466 (3)	N31—C38	1.456 (4)
N2—C9	1.466 (4)	N32—C39	1.466 (3)
N2—C10	1.467 (4)	N32—C40	1.467 (4)
N2—H2A	0.8600 (11)	N32—H32A	0.8600 (11)
C1—C6	1.391 (4)	C31—C36	1.388 (4)
C1—C2	1.417 (4)	C31—C32	1.413 (4)
C2—C3	1.401 (4)	C32—C33	1.397 (4)

supplementary materials

C2—C7	1.448 (4)	C32—C37	1.451 (4)
C3—C4	1.383 (4)	C33—C34	1.374 (4)
C3—H3	0.9500	C33—H33	0.9500
C4—C5	1.389 (5)	C34—C35	1.386 (5)
C4—H4	0.9500	C34—H34	0.9500
C5—C6	1.382 (4)	C35—C36	1.385 (4)
C5—H5	0.9500	C35—H35	0.9500
C6—H6	0.9500	C36—H36	0.9500
C7—H7	0.9500	C37—H37	0.9500
C8—C9	1.516 (4)	C38—C39	1.508 (4)
C8—H8A	0.9900	C38—H38A	0.9900
C8—H8B	0.9900	C38—H38B	0.9900
C9—H9A	0.9900	C39—H39A	0.9900
C9—H9B	0.9900	C39—H39B	0.9900
C10—C11	1.512 (4)	C40—C41	1.514 (4)
C10—H10A	0.9900	C40—H40A	0.9900
C10—H10B	0.9900	C40—H40B	0.9900
C11—H11A	0.9900	C41—H41A	0.9900
C11—H11B	0.9900	C41—H41B	0.9900
C1—O1—H1	103 (2)	C31—O31—H31	104 (2)
C11—O2—H2	109 (3)	C41—O32—H32	112 (3)
C7—N1—C8	119.2 (3)	C37—N31—C38	118.6 (3)
C9—N2—C10	114.7 (2)	C39—N32—C40	112.9 (2)
C9—N2—H2A	109 (2)	C39—N32—H32A	107 (2)
C10—N2—H2A	108 (2)	C40—N32—H32A	107 (2)
O1—C1—C6	119.4 (3)	O31—C31—C36	119.2 (3)
O1—C1—C2	121.3 (3)	O31—C31—C32	121.6 (3)
C6—C1—C2	119.4 (3)	C36—C31—C32	119.2 (3)
C3—C2—C1	118.8 (3)	C33—C32—C31	118.7 (3)
C3—C2—C7	120.5 (3)	C33—C32—C37	120.2 (3)
C1—C2—C7	120.7 (2)	C31—C32—C37	121.1 (2)
C4—C3—C2	121.1 (3)	C34—C33—C32	121.6 (3)
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C34—C33—H33	119.2
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C32—C33—H33	119.2
C3—C4—C5	119.5 (3)	C33—C34—C35	119.3 (3)
C3—C4—H4	120.3	C33—C34—H34	120.4
C5—C4—H4	120.3	C35—C34—H34	120.4
C6—C5—C4	120.7 (3)	C36—C35—C34	120.5 (3)
C6—C5—H5	119.7	C36—C35—H35	119.7
C4—C5—H5	119.7	C34—C35—H35	119.7
C5—C6—C1	120.6 (3)	C35—C36—C31	120.6 (3)
C5—C6—H6	119.7	C35—C36—H36	119.7
C1—C6—H6	119.7	C31—C36—H36	119.7
N1—C7—C2	121.0 (3)	N31—C37—C32	121.8 (3)
N1—C7—H7	119.5	N31—C37—H37	119.1
C2—C7—H7	119.5	C32—C37—H37	119.1
N1—C8—C9	109.3 (2)	N31—C38—C39	111.5 (2)
N1—C8—H8A	109.8	N31—C38—H38A	109.3
C9—C8—H8A	109.8	C39—C38—H38A	109.3

N1—C8—H8B	109.8	N31—C38—H38B	109.3
C9—C8—H8B	109.8	C39—C38—H38B	109.3
H8A—C8—H8B	108.3	H38A—C38—H38B	108.0
N2—C9—C8	114.9 (2)	N32—C39—C38	108.9 (2)
N2—C9—H9A	108.5	N32—C39—H39A	109.9
C8—C9—H9A	108.5	C38—C39—H39A	109.9
N2—C9—H9B	108.5	N32—C39—H39B	109.9
C8—C9—H9B	108.5	C38—C39—H39B	109.9
H9A—C9—H9B	107.5	H39A—C39—H39B	108.3
N2—C10—C11	109.8 (3)	N32—C40—C41	109.5 (2)
N2—C10—H10A	109.7	N32—C40—H40A	109.8
C11—C10—H10A	109.7	C41—C40—H40A	109.8
N2—C10—H10B	109.7	N32—C40—H40B	109.8
C11—C10—H10B	109.7	C41—C40—H40B	109.8
H10A—C10—H10B	108.2	H40A—C40—H40B	108.2
O2—C11—C10	113.0 (2)	O32—C41—C40	111.4 (2)
O2—C11—H11A	109.0	O32—C41—H41A	109.3
C10—C11—H11A	109.0	C40—C41—H41A	109.3
O2—C11—H11B	109.0	O32—C41—H41B	109.3
C10—C11—H11B	109.0	C40—C41—H41B	109.3
H11A—C11—H11B	107.8	H41A—C41—H41B	108.0
O1—C1—C2—C3	-179.0 (3)	O31—C31—C32—C33	179.9 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.4 (4)	C36—C31—C32—C33	0.1 (4)
O1—C1—C2—C7	-0.6 (4)	O31—C31—C32—C37	1.5 (4)
C6—C1—C2—C7	178.8 (2)	C36—C31—C32—C37	-178.3 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.0 (4)	C31—C32—C33—C34	-1.0 (4)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-178.5 (3)	C37—C32—C33—C34	177.4 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.4 (5)	C32—C33—C34—C35	0.9 (5)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.4 (5)	C33—C34—C35—C36	0.1 (5)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.0 (5)	C34—C35—C36—C31	-1.0 (5)
O1—C1—C6—C5	179.0 (3)	O31—C31—C36—C35	-178.9 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.4 (4)	C32—C31—C36—C35	0.9 (4)
C8—N1—C7—C2	-179.0 (2)	C38—N31—C37—C32	-178.4 (2)
C3—C2—C7—N1	-176.6 (3)	C33—C32—C37—N31	-178.4 (3)
C1—C2—C7—N1	5.0 (4)	C31—C32—C37—N31	0.0 (4)
C7—N1—C8—C9	133.4 (3)	C37—N31—C38—C39	-141.5 (3)
C10—N2—C9—C8	-62.7 (3)	C40—N32—C39—C38	177.5 (2)
N1—C8—C9—N2	-171.8 (2)	N31—C38—C39—N32	-176.1 (2)
C9—N2—C10—C11	178.0 (2)	C39—N32—C40—C41	168.2 (2)
N2—C10—C11—O2	-57.8 (4)	N32—C40—C41—O32	-59.2 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O1—H1 \cdots N1	0.84 (2)	1.77 (2)	2.562 (3)	157 (3)
O2—H2 \cdots N32 ⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.00 (1)	2.839 (3)	178 (4)
N2—H2A \cdots O1 ⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.27 (2)	3.106 (3)	165 (2)
O31—H31 \cdots N31	0.84 (2)	1.82 (2)	2.596 (3)	154 (3)

supplementary materials

O32—H32...N2 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.00 (1)	2.795 (3)	158 (4)
N32—H32A...O31 ⁱ	0.86 (2)	2.55 (3)	3.347 (3)	154 (2)
C39—H39A...O32 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.49	3.443 (4)	161

Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, y, z$; (ii) $-x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$.

Fig. 1

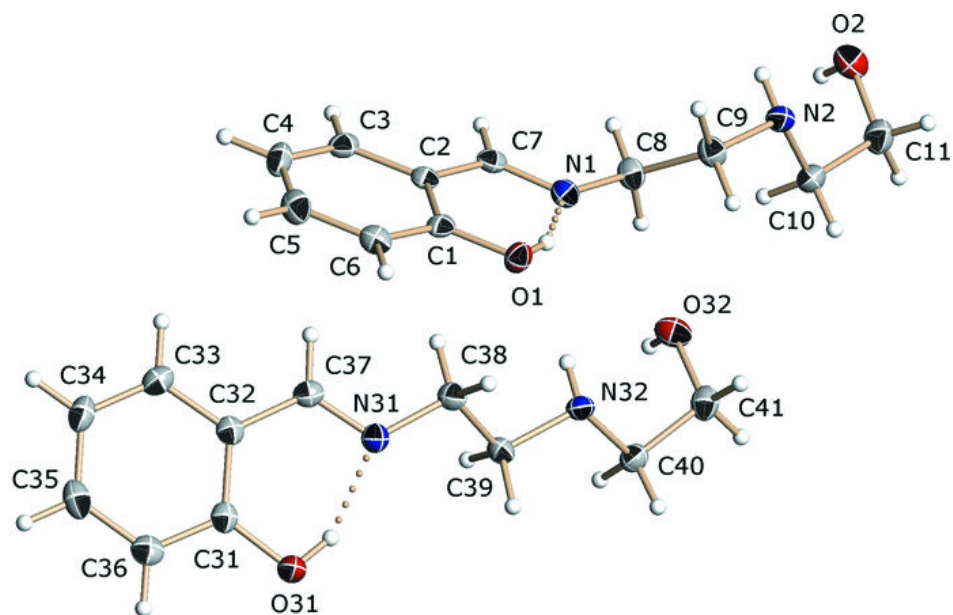


Fig. 2

