#### **Supplementary Online Content**

Rajendra S, Xuan W, Merrett N, et al. Survival Rates for Patients With Barrett High-grade Dysplasia and Esophageal Adenocarcinoma With or Without Human Papillomavirus Infection. *JAMA Netw Open.* 2018;1(4):e181054. doi:10.1001/jamanetworkopen.2018.1054

Supplement. eFigure 1. Flow Diagram Showing HPV DNA and Transcriptional Marker Status of Enrolled Study Patients

eFigure 2. E6/E7 mRNA Status and p16 Overexpression

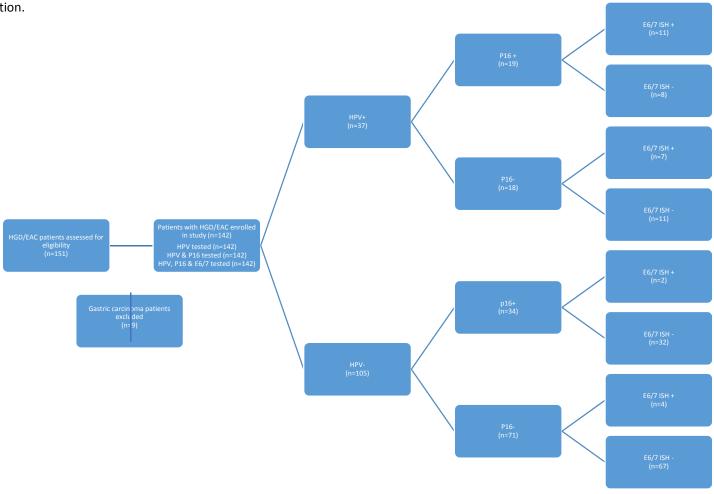
eFigure 3. p53 Expression

eTable. Demographic and Clinical Characteristics of the Study Population and Associated Tumors According to Patient Group

This supplementary material has been provided by the authors to give readers additional information about their work.

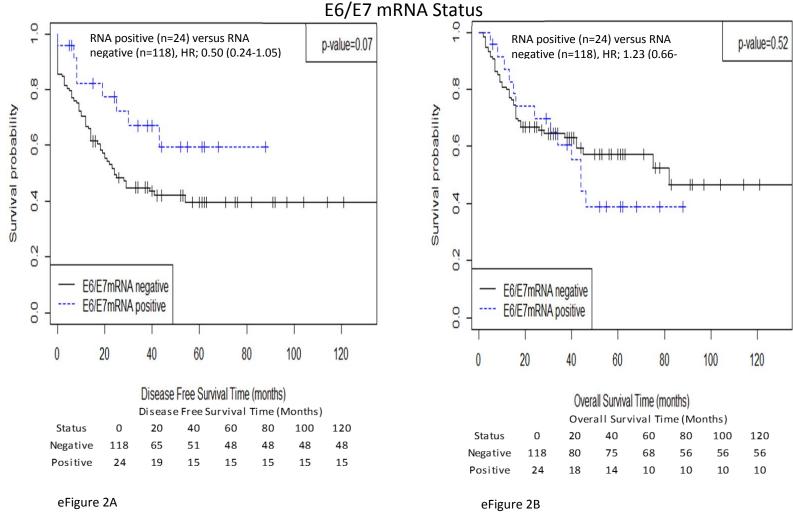
### eFigure 1. Flow diagram showing HPV DNA and transcriptional marker status of enrolled study patients

Flow diagram showing HPV DNA and transcriptional marker status of enrolled study patients. HPV, human papillomavirus, ISH, in-situ hybridization.

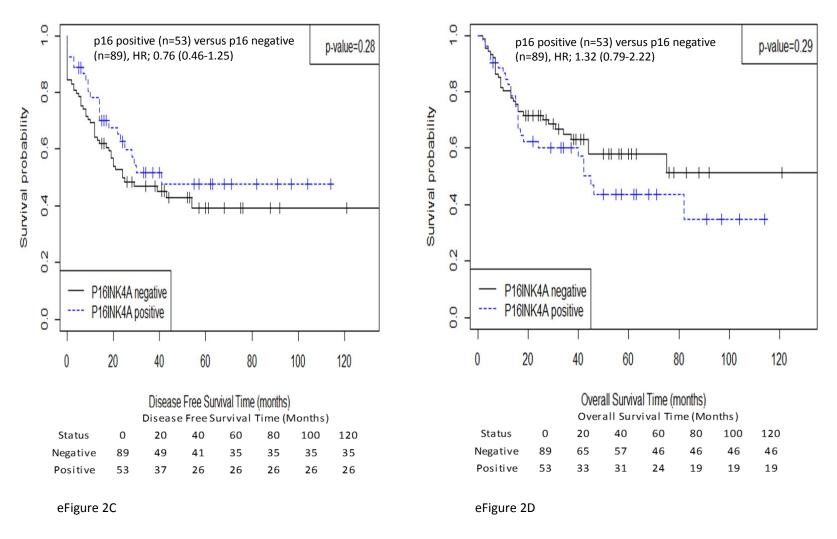


## eFigure 2. E6 and E7 mRNA Status and p16 Overexpression

Actuarial Kaplan-Meier graphs of survival amongst study patients with high-grade dysplasia/esophageal adenocarcinoma as a function of E6/E7mRNA (A, B) and p16 expression (C, D).

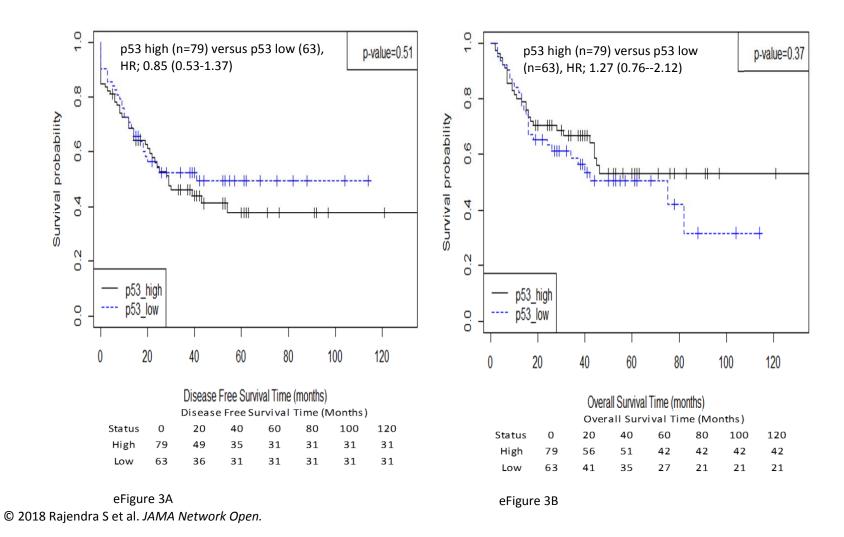


# P16



# eFigure 3. P53 Expression

Actuarial Kaplan-Meier graphs of survival amongst study patients with high-grade dysplasia/esophageal adenocarcinoma as a function of p53 expression (A, B) in tumor.



#### eTable. Demographic and Clinical Characteristics of the Study Population and Associated Tumors According to Patient Group

| Characteristic   | HGD/EAC patients with<br>transcriptionally active<br>HPV (N=30; 21%) | HGD/EAC patients without transcriptionally active HPV (N=112; 79%) | P value <sup>a</sup> |
|--|--|--|----------------------|
| Sex (M/F)  | 25/30 (83.3%)<br>5/30 (16.7%)  | 101/112 (90.2%)<br>11/112 (9.8%)                                   | 0.29                 |
| Age (mean) in years  | 61.4 (SD=11.9)<br>Range: 33-89                                       | 67.2 (SD=11.9)<br>Range: 32-90                                     | 0.02                 |
| BMI  | 27.0 (SD+/- 5.7)   | 27.3 (SD+/-5.1)  | 0.74                 |
| Recurrence or<br>Progression   | 9/30 (30%)   | 61/112<br>(54%)  | 0.02                 |
| Ever smoked  | 19 (63%)   | 82 (73%)   | 0.29                 |
| >10 pack years <sup>b</sup>  | 17 (89%)   | 74(91%)  | 0.80                 |
| >20 pack years <sup>b</sup>  | 11 (58%)   | 52 (64%)   | 0.61                 |
| Alcohol intake   | 21 (72.4%)   | 80 (72.1%)   | 0.97                 |
| Excess Alcohol Intake  | 6 (20.7%)  | 20 (18.2%)   | 0.76                 |
| PPI  | 22 (73.3%)   | 81 (73.0%)   | 0.97                 |
| NSAID's  | 7 (23.3%)  | 27 (24.3%)   | 0.91                 |
| Statins  | 7 (23.3%)  | 35 (31.5%)   | 0.38                 |
| Multifocal disease   | 12/23 (52.2%)  | 30/81 (37.0%)  | 0.19                 |
| Oesophagitis   | 2/30 (6.7%)  | 16/109 (14.7%)   | 0.25                 |
| Hiatus hernia  | 19/29 (65.5%)  | 51/107 (47.7%)   | 0.09                 |
| Resection Margin<br>R0<br>R1/R2  | 21/27 (77.8%)<br>6/27 (22.2%)  | 65/76 (85.5%)<br>11/76 (14.5%)                                     | 0.35                 |
| Histology –degree of<br>differentiation<br>(Well differentiated<br>versus not well<br>differentiated)  Well Moderate Poor Not documented | 3 (13.64)<br>11 (50.0%)<br>6 (27.3)<br>2 (9.1%)                      | 5 (6.5%)<br>34 (44.2%)<br>30 (39.0)<br>8 (10.4%)                   | 0.28                 |
| Treatment<br>Endotherapy (EMR <u>+</u> RFA)  | 13 (43.3%)   | 45 (40.5%)   | 0.78                 |
| Esophagectomy  | 19 (63.3%)   | 55 (50.0%)   | 0.18                 |
| Pathologic T stage <sup>c</sup>  |  |  |                      |

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| Tis/T1/T2<br>T3/T4                                | 20/30 (66.7%)<br>10/30 (33.3%) | 65/112 (58.0%)<br>47/112 (42.0%) | 0.42         |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Pathologic N stage <sup>c</sup><br>N0-N1<br>N2-N3 | 26/30 (86.7%)<br>4/30 (13.3%)  | 101/112 (91.0%)<br>10/112 (9.0%) | 0.48         |
| Pathologic M stage <sup>c</sup><br>M0<br>M1       | 30/30 (100%)<br>0/30 (0%)      | 104/112 (93.7%)<br>7/112 (6.3%)  | 0.16         |
| Radiotherapy<br>Chemotherapy                      | 7/30 (23.3)<br>10/30 (33.3%)   | 29/112 (26.1%)<br>41/112 (36.9%) | 0.76<br>0.72 |
| Disease free survival (DFS)                       | 39.1 (SD+/- 30.6)              | 25.6 (SD+/- 27.7)                | 0.02         |
| Overall survival (OS)                             | 41.6 (SD+/- 29.5)              | 31.4 (SD+/- 27.4)                | 0.08         |
| Survival Status<br>(Alive at last follow-up)      | 15/30 (50%)                    | 69/111 (62.2%)                   | 0.23         |
| Recurrence/Progression                            | 9/30 (30%)                     | 61/112 (54%)                     | 0.02         |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Differences between HPV positive versus HPV negative cases in regard to baseline characteristics were assessed using two-sample t-test for all numerical data and chi-square analysis for binary measurements.

Abbreviations: BMI; body mass index, EAC; esophageal adenocarcinoma, EMR; endoscopic mucosal resection, HGD; high-grade dysplasia, HPV; human papillomavirus PPI; proton-pump inhibitors, NSAID's, non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, RFA; radio-frequency ablation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>A pack-year=smoking one packet of cigarettes per day for a year. <sup>c</sup>TNM Classification as per AJCC Cancer Staging Manual 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.