

Bis(2,2'-bi-1*H*-imidazole- $\kappa^2 N^3,N^{3'}$)-bis(dimethyl sulfoxide- κO)copper(II) bis(tetrafluoridoborate)

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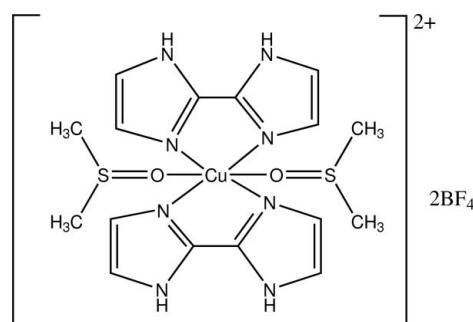
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$; disorder in solvent or counterion; R factor = 0.040; wR factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.0.

In the title copper(II) salt, $[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{N}_4)_2(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{OS})_2](\text{BF}_4)_2$, the Jahn-Teller distorted octahedral coordination sphere of copper is formed from four 2,2'-bi-1*H*-imidazole N atoms and two dimethyl sulfoxide O atoms. The Cu atom lies on a center of inversion. N—H···O and N—H···F hydrogen bonds give rise to a one-dimensional structure. The BF_4^- anion is disordered over two sites in a 0.671 (10):0.329 (10) ratio.

Related literature

Supramolecular complexes containing H₂biim (H₂biim = 2,2'-biimidazole) have been applied widely in molecular catalysis, photoelectric conversion materials and molecular recognition, see: Ding *et al.* (2005). For the effect of the coordination bonds, intermolecular hydrogen bonds and $\pi-\pi$ packing interactions on the molecular arrangement, see: Burrows (2004); Dai *et al.* (2009). For related structures, see: Jin *et al.* (2010); Aminou *et al.* (2004); Gruia *et al.* (2007); Yang *et al.* (2008). For Cu—O coordination bond lengths, see: Tao *et al.* (2002).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Cu}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_6\text{N}_4)_2(\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{OS})_2](\text{BF}_4)_2$	$\gamma = 92.000 (1)^\circ$
$M_r = 661.71$	$V = 668.68 (16)\text{ \AA}^3$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$Z = 1$
$a = 7.059 (1)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$b = 10.0721 (13)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.06\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 10.3669 (15)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 298\text{ K}$
$\alpha = 113.436 (2)^\circ$	$0.36 \times 0.32 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 96.860 (1)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	3418 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2007)	2293 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.701$, $T_{\max} = 0.816$	1885 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	209 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.111$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.03$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2293 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Selected bond lengths (\AA).

Cu1—N1	2.016 (2)	Cu1—O1	2.678 (2)
Cu1—N3	2.016 (2)		

Table 2
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	1.94	2.745 (4)	155
N4—H4···F1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.26	2.874 (4)	128
N4—H4···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.40	3.127 (4)	142

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iii) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5003).

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Bis(2,2'-bi-1H-imidazole- κ^2N^3,N^3')bis(dimethyl sulfoxide- κO)copper(II) bis(tetrafluoridoborate)

Y.-C. Dai, Q.-H. Jin, L.-N. Cui, L.-J. Xu and C.-L. Zhang

Comment

Supramolecular complexes containing H₂biim have been applied widely in molecular catalysis, photoelectric conversion materials and molecular recognition (Ding *et al.*, 2005) The ligand of H₂biim has been widely studied and applied because of the diversity of their coordination and the strong ability to form hydrogen bonds as a multi-proton donor. The utilization of the coordination bonds of a transition metal ion, intermolecular hydrogen bonds and π - π packing interactions help to control the molecular arrangement (Burrows, 2004; Dai *et al.*, 2009). We focus on the synthesis of the biimidazole-metal complexes. Here we report a new complex [Cu(H₂biim)₂(DMSO)₂](BF₄)₂ (1). Similar complexes {[Cu(H₂biim)₂(H₂O)](SiF₆)}.H₂O (2), [Cu(H₂biim)₂](ClO₄)₂.2DMSO (Jin *et al.*, 2010) and [Cd(H₂biim)₃](SiF₆)(BF₄)₂.6EtOH (Gruia *et al.*, 2007) will be compared here.

The title complex is composed of [Cu(H₂biim)₂(DMSO)₂]²⁺ and two free BF₄⁻ anions. Cu(II) atom is in the center of Jahn-Teller elongated octahedron. The equatorial positions are occupied by four nitrogen atoms of two bidentate H₂biim molecules, while the axial positions are occupied by O atoms from two DMSO (Fig. 1). The [Cu(H₂biim)₂(DMSO)₂]²⁺ unit stacks along the *b* axis to form a step-shaped infinite chain structure through π - π stacking and H-bonds(Fig.2).

The two identical distances Cu … O(DMSO) of 2.678 (2) Å are in the range of Cu—O coordination bond (from 2.522 Å to 2.724 Å) (Tao *et al.*, 2002). The two identical Cu—N distances of 2.016 (2) Å are slightly shorter than those in [Cu(H₂biim)₂](ClO₄)₂.2DMSO [2.021 (2) Å and 2.018 (2) Å]. In the title complex there exist two types of hydrogen bonds, one is N—H…O formed between N—H group of the H₂biim and oxygen atom of DMSO, the other is N—H…F formed between N—H group of H₂biim and fluorine atom of BF₄⁻. The DMSO molecule and BF₄⁻ anion are located at both sides of the cation to form hydrogen bonds mentioned above. The face-to-face distance between the imidazole rings is 3.43 Å with the dihedral angle of 3.718°, which suggests the existence of significant π - π interactions between them. There is a weak interaction Cu…S_{DMSO}(3.458 Å) in complex (1).

The solvent plays an important role in the reaction of metal salt with 2,2'-bimidazole. Not only the configuration of the anions but also the coordination geometry of the cations are affected by the solvent. Complex 1 was prepared in the mixed solvent of ethanol and DMSO by the reaction of 2,2'- bimidazole with copper tetrafluoroborate with molar ratio 3:1. However, the ratio of ligand and metal in the cation [Cu(H₂biim)₂(DMSO)₂]²⁺ of complex 1 is not consistent with the raw molar ratio, which may be related to the selectivity of solvent DMSO. Complex 2, {[Cu(H₂biim)₂(H₂O)]SiF₆}.H₂O, was prepared by the similar method of preparing (1) except using solvent water (Jin *et al.*, 2010). Due to the different solvents, both the cation and the anion in complex (1) and complex (2) are different. It is noted that in complex (1) the anion BF₄⁻ was coming from starting material Cu(BF₄)₂ while in complex (2) the anion SiF₆²⁻ was not, but was formed by the reaction

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of BF_4^- with glass container in water. The complex $[\text{Cd}(\text{H}_2\text{biim})_3](\text{SiF}_6)(\text{BF}_4)_2 \cdot 6\text{EtOH}$ (Gruia *et al.*, 2007) contains mixed cations SiF_6^{2-} and BF_4^- , which is related to the mixed solvent water and ethanol used in the reaction system.

The title complex is also similar to the following complexes: $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{biim})_2](\text{ClO}_4)_2$ (Aminou *et al.*, 2004), $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{biim})_2]\text{Br}_2$ (Yang *et al.*, 2008) and $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{biim})_2](\text{ClO}_4)_2 \cdot 2\text{DMSO}$ (Jin *et al.*, 2010).

Experimental

$\text{Cu}(\text{BF}_4)_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.1726 g, 1 mmol) dissolved in $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ (5 ml) was added to a solution of H_2biim (0.2010 g, 3 mmol) in $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ (5 ml). The mixture was refluxed for 0.5 h, then 1 ml DMSO was added, stirring for another hour at room temperature, then filtered. Subsequent slow evaporation of the filtrate resulted in the formation of green crystals of the title complex after four weeks. Crystals suitable for single-crystal X-ray diffraction were selected directly from the sample as prepared. Analysis found(percentage): C 38.08, H 3.83, N 22.19; calculated:C 37.71, H 3.90, N 21.86.

Refinement

Metal atom centers were located from the E-maps and other non-hydrogen atoms were located in successive difference Fourier syntheses. The final refinements were performed by full matrix least-squares methods with anisotropic thermal parameters for non-hydrogen atoms on F^2 .

The final refinements were performed with isotropic thermal parameters. All hydrogen atoms were located in the calculated sites and included in the final refinement in the riding model approximation with displacement parameters derived from the parent atoms to which they were bonded.

Figures

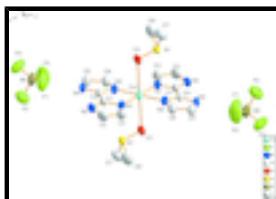


Fig. 1. Perspective view of a basic unit of the title complex. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. Atoms are displayed as ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.

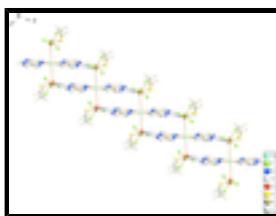
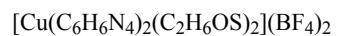


Fig. 2. Step-like chain of $[\text{Cu}(\text{H}_2\text{biim})_2(\text{DMSO})_2]^{2+} (\text{BF}_4)_2$ unit along b axis.

Bis(2,2'-bi-1*H*-imidazole- κ^2N^3,N^3')bis(dimethyl sulfoxide- κO)copper(II) bis(tetrafluoridoborate)

Crystal data



$M_r = 661.71$	$F(000) = 335$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$D_x = 1.643 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
$a = 7.059 (1) \text{ \AA}$	Cell parameters from 2039 reflections
$b = 10.0721 (13) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.2\text{--}27.1^\circ$
$c = 10.3669 (15) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.06 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 113.436 (2)^\circ$	$T = 298 \text{ K}$
$\beta = 96.860 (1)^\circ$	Block, green
$\gamma = 92.000 (1)^\circ$	$0.36 \times 0.32 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$
$V = 668.68 (16) \text{ \AA}^3$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer	2293 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1885 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
phi and ω scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$
Absorption correction: multi-scan <i>SADABS</i>	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.2^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.701, T_{\text{max}} = 0.816$	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
3418 measured reflections	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$
	$l = -12 \rightarrow 11$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.111$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0545P)^2 + 0.5099P]$
	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.03$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
2293 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
209 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction coefficient: 0.048 (5)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -

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factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
Cu1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.0390 (2)	
F1	0.7595 (5)	0.2780 (3)	0.7673 (4)	0.1074 (11)	
F2	0.7494 (11)	0.2364 (7)	0.9569 (6)	0.133 (3)	0.671 (10)
F3	0.8593 (16)	0.0735 (12)	0.7739 (12)	0.131 (5)	0.671 (10)
F4	0.5500 (11)	0.1020 (9)	0.7667 (9)	0.111 (3)	0.671 (10)
F2'	0.676 (3)	0.0585 (13)	0.6485 (15)	0.153 (7)	0.329 (10)
F3'	0.577 (2)	0.1641 (18)	0.8495 (19)	0.114 (7)	0.329 (10)
F4'	0.873 (3)	0.121 (3)	0.844 (3)	0.137 (10)	0.329 (10)
N1	0.3310 (3)	0.6573 (3)	0.5939 (3)	0.0400 (6)	
N2	0.0728 (4)	0.7101 (3)	0.6960 (3)	0.0487 (7)	
H2	-0.0297	0.7002	0.7297	0.058*	
N3	0.3261 (3)	0.3835 (3)	0.5650 (3)	0.0392 (6)	
N4	0.0623 (4)	0.3776 (3)	0.6562 (3)	0.0472 (7)	
H4	-0.0392	0.4047	0.6943	0.057*	
O1	0.2552 (3)	0.4077 (3)	0.2573 (2)	0.0501 (6)	
S1	0.37073 (11)	0.34825 (10)	0.13515 (8)	0.0454 (3)	
B2	0.7268 (7)	0.1654 (5)	0.8039 (6)	0.0657 (13)	
C1	0.1883 (4)	0.6060 (4)	0.6387 (3)	0.0378 (7)	
C2	0.1466 (5)	0.8336 (4)	0.6911 (4)	0.0585 (10)	
H2A	0.0972	0.9235	0.7252	0.070*	
C3	0.3060 (5)	0.8018 (4)	0.6273 (4)	0.0526 (9)	
H3	0.3849	0.8663	0.6093	0.063*	
C4	0.1839 (4)	0.4588 (4)	0.6222 (3)	0.0377 (7)	
C5	0.1283 (5)	0.2444 (5)	0.6198 (4)	0.0579 (10)	
H5	0.0720	0.1651	0.6303	0.069*	
C6	0.2919 (5)	0.2493 (4)	0.5652 (4)	0.0516 (9)	
H6	0.3691	0.1732	0.5329	0.062*	
C7	0.2567 (7)	0.3869 (5)	-0.0058 (4)	0.0692 (11)	
H7A	0.1224	0.3562	-0.0226	0.104*	
H7B	0.3121	0.3360	-0.0902	0.104*	
H7C	0.2735	0.4895	0.0189	0.104*	
C8	0.3115 (7)	0.1570 (5)	0.0606 (5)	0.0762 (13)	
H8B	0.3505	0.1193	0.1304	0.114*	
H8C	0.3765	0.1122	-0.0202	0.114*	
H8A	0.1756	0.1363	0.0314	0.114*	

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cu1	0.0288 (3)	0.0399 (4)	0.0538 (4)	0.0093 (2)	0.0220 (2)	0.0197 (3)
F1	0.110 (2)	0.0760 (19)	0.165 (3)	0.0132 (16)	0.069 (2)	0.066 (2)
F2	0.163 (6)	0.137 (5)	0.080 (4)	-0.018 (4)	0.039 (4)	0.020 (3)

F3	0.130 (10)	0.099 (7)	0.197 (12)	0.083 (7)	0.096 (10)	0.067 (7)
F4	0.084 (4)	0.102 (6)	0.142 (7)	-0.037 (4)	-0.005 (5)	0.053 (5)
F2'	0.180 (15)	0.096 (9)	0.129 (11)	0.004 (8)	0.030 (10)	-0.013 (7)
F3'	0.095 (13)	0.124 (13)	0.143 (16)	0.020 (10)	0.085 (13)	0.056 (11)
F4'	0.098 (13)	0.120 (17)	0.18 (2)	0.012 (11)	-0.044 (14)	0.060 (15)
N1	0.0305 (13)	0.0407 (15)	0.0455 (15)	0.0044 (11)	0.0131 (11)	0.0119 (12)
N2	0.0365 (14)	0.0599 (19)	0.0431 (16)	0.0132 (13)	0.0190 (12)	0.0095 (14)
N3	0.0332 (13)	0.0446 (15)	0.0454 (15)	0.0063 (11)	0.0135 (11)	0.0217 (12)
N4	0.0333 (14)	0.066 (2)	0.0450 (16)	-0.0008 (13)	0.0155 (12)	0.0237 (14)
O1	0.0525 (14)	0.0504 (14)	0.0450 (13)	0.0066 (11)	0.0263 (11)	0.0113 (11)
S1	0.0382 (5)	0.0576 (6)	0.0371 (5)	0.0021 (4)	0.0142 (3)	0.0134 (4)
B2	0.051 (3)	0.052 (3)	0.105 (4)	0.009 (2)	0.034 (3)	0.037 (3)
C1	0.0261 (14)	0.0506 (19)	0.0314 (15)	0.0073 (13)	0.0100 (12)	0.0092 (14)
C2	0.056 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.0190 (18)	0.0190 (18)	0.0050 (18)
C3	0.050 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.0095 (15)	0.0198 (17)	0.0154 (17)
C4	0.0261 (14)	0.056 (2)	0.0328 (16)	0.0029 (13)	0.0103 (12)	0.0181 (14)
C5	0.055 (2)	0.065 (3)	0.065 (2)	-0.0041 (19)	0.0159 (18)	0.037 (2)
C6	0.050 (2)	0.051 (2)	0.063 (2)	0.0090 (16)	0.0183 (17)	0.0298 (18)
C7	0.089 (3)	0.070 (3)	0.053 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.026 (2)
C8	0.100 (3)	0.054 (3)	0.075 (3)	0.020 (2)	0.037 (3)	0.018 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—N1	2.016 (2)	N4—H4	0.8600
Cu1—N1 ⁱ	2.016 (2)	N4—C4	1.335 (4)
Cu1—N3 ⁱ	2.016 (2)	N4—C5	1.357 (5)
Cu1—N3	2.016 (2)	O1—S1	1.519 (2)
Cu1—O1	2.678 (2)	S1—C7	1.769 (4)
F1—B2	1.351 (5)	S1—C8	1.779 (4)
F2—B2	1.443 (8)	C1—C4	1.422 (5)
F3—B2	1.316 (9)	C2—H2A	0.9300
F4—B2	1.322 (8)	C2—C3	1.356 (5)
F2'—B2	1.529 (14)	C3—H3	0.9300
F3'—B2	1.213 (13)	C5—H5	0.9300
F4'—B2	1.23 (2)	C5—C6	1.353 (5)
N1—C1	1.328 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N1—C3	1.378 (4)	C7—H7A	0.9600
N2—H2	0.8600	C7—H7B	0.9600
N2—C1	1.340 (4)	C7—H7C	0.9600
N2—C2	1.353 (5)	C8—H8B	0.9600
N3—C4	1.331 (4)	C8—H8C	0.9600
N3—C6	1.365 (4)	C8—H8A	0.9600
F1—B2—F2	102.1 (5)	N3—C6—H6	125.3
F1—B2—F2'	92.2 (7)	N4—C4—C1	132.0 (3)
F2—B2—F2'	165.0 (7)	N4—C5—H5	126.6
F3—B2—F1	113.0 (7)	O1—S1—C7	107.35 (18)
F3—B2—F2	106.0 (7)	O1—S1—C8	104.93 (18)
F3—B2—F4	113.7 (8)	S1—O1—Cu1	107.75 (12)

supplementary materials

F3—B2—F2'	71.8 (8)	S1—C7—H7A	109.5
F4—B2—F1	115.9 (6)	S1—C7—H7B	109.5
F4—B2—F2	104.4 (6)	S1—C7—H7C	109.5
F4—B2—F2'	64.6 (8)	S1—C8—H8B	109.5
F3'—B2—F1	114.3 (9)	S1—C8—H8C	109.5
F3'—B2—F2	67.7 (10)	S1—C8—H8A	109.5
F3'—B2—F3	132.6 (11)	C1—N1—Cu1	111.0 (2)
F3'—B2—F4	37.9 (7)	C1—N1—C3	106.2 (3)
F3'—B2—F2'	102.4 (11)	C1—N2—H2	126.1
F3'—B2—F4'	123.6 (18)	C1—N2—C2	107.7 (3)
F4—B2—F1	114.2 (15)	C2—N2—H2	126.1
F4'—B2—F2	75.5 (12)	C2—C3—N1	108.3 (3)
F4'—B2—F3	31.1 (11)	C2—C3—H3	125.9
F4'—B2—F4	128.6 (14)	C3—N1—Cu1	142.8 (2)
F4'—B2—F2'	102.9 (11)	C3—C2—H2A	126.3
N1—Cu1—N1 ⁱ	180.00 (16)	C4—N3—Cu1	111.3 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—N3 ⁱ	82.24 (10)	C4—N3—C6	105.6 (3)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—N3	97.76 (10)	C4—N4—H4	126.3
N1—Cu1—N3 ⁱ	97.76 (10)	C4—N4—C5	107.5 (3)
N1—Cu1—N3	82.24 (10)	C5—N4—H4	126.3
N1—Cu1—O1	90.17 (9)	C5—C6—N3	109.4 (3)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—O1	89.83 (9)	C5—C6—H6	125.3
N1—C1—N2	110.5 (3)	C6—N3—Cu1	143.0 (2)
N1—C1—C4	118.0 (3)	C6—C5—N4	106.7 (3)
N1—C3—H3	125.9	C6—C5—H5	126.6
N2—C1—C4	131.6 (3)	C7—S1—C8	98.8 (2)
N2—C2—H2A	126.3	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
N2—C2—C3	107.3 (3)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—N3	180.0	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
N3—Cu1—O1	87.32 (9)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—O1	92.68 (9)	H8B—C8—H8A	109.5
N3—C4—N4	110.9 (3)	H8C—C8—H8A	109.5
N3—C4—C1	117.1 (3)		
Cu1—N1—C1—N2	−177.6 (2)	N3—Cu1—N1—C3	176.9 (4)
Cu1—N1—C1—C4	3.6 (3)	N3 ⁱ —Cu1—N1—C3	−3.1 (4)
Cu1—N1—C3—C2	177.8 (3)	N3 ⁱ —Cu1—N3—C4	−68 (100)
Cu1—N3—C4—N4	175.87 (19)	N3 ⁱ —Cu1—N3—C6	107 (100)
Cu1—N3—C4—C1	−5.3 (3)	N3—Cu1—O1—S1	−129.93 (14)
Cu1—N3—C6—C5	−173.6 (3)	N3 ⁱ —Cu1—O1—S1	50.07 (14)
Cu1—O1—S1—C7	−146.23 (18)	N4—C5—C6—N3	−1.1 (4)
Cu1—O1—S1—C8	109.39 (19)	O1—Cu1—N1—C1	82.3 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—N1—C1	−142 (100)	O1—Cu1—N1—C3	−95.8 (4)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—N1—C3	40 (100)	O1—Cu1—N3—C4	−85.0 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—N3—C4	−174.5 (2)	O1—Cu1—N3—C6	89.6 (4)
N1—Cu1—N3—C4	5.5 (2)	C1—N1—C3—C2	−0.4 (4)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—N3—C6	0.1 (4)	C1—N2—C2—C3	1.3 (4)

N1—Cu1—N3—C6	−179.9 (4)	C2—N2—C1—N1	−1.6 (4)
N1—Cu1—O1—S1	147.85 (14)	C2—N2—C1—C4	177.0 (3)
N1 ⁱ —Cu1—O1—S1	−32.15 (14)	C3—N1—C1—N2	1.2 (4)
N1—C1—C4—N3	1.2 (4)	C3—N1—C1—C4	−177.6 (3)
N1—C1—C4—N4	179.7 (3)	C4—N3—C6—C5	1.2 (4)
N2—C1—C4—N3	−177.3 (3)	C4—N4—C5—C6	0.7 (4)
N2—C1—C4—N4	1.3 (6)	C5—N4—C4—N3	0.0 (4)
N2—C2—C3—N1	−0.5 (4)	C5—N4—C4—C1	−178.6 (3)
N3 ⁱ —Cu1—N1—C1	175.1 (2)	C6—N3—C4—N4	−0.7 (4)
N3—Cu1—N1—C1	−4.9 (2)	C6—N3—C4—C1	178.1 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	1.94	2.745 (4)	155.
N4—H4···F1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.26	2.874 (4)	128.
N4—H4···O1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.40	3.127 (4)	142.

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $x-1, y, z$.

supplementary materials

Fig. 1

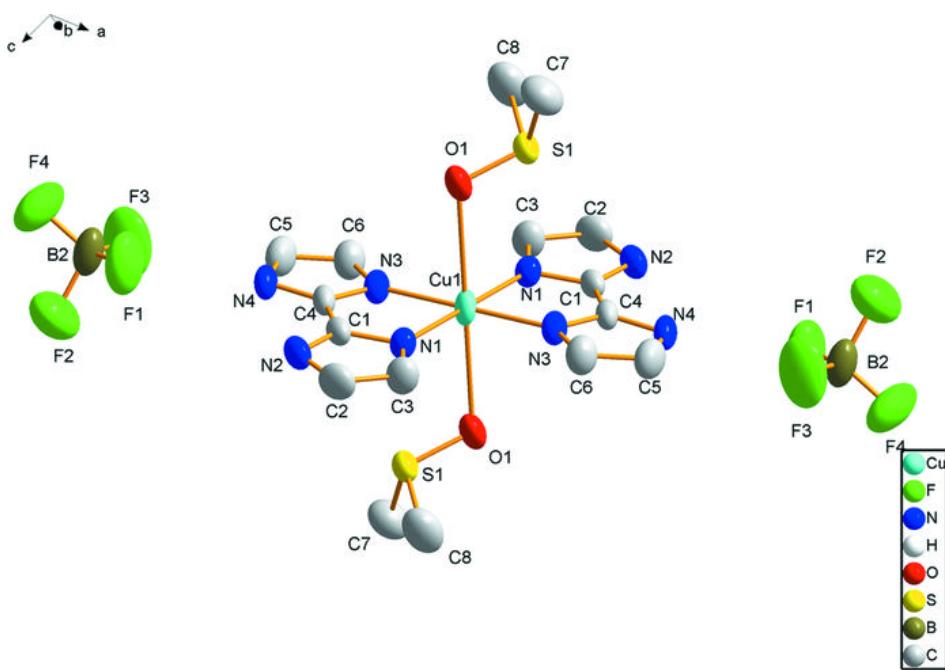


Fig. 2

