The ST	ROCSS 2021 Guideline	
Item	Item description	Page
no.		
TITLE		1
1	<ul> <li>Title</li> <li>The word cohort or cross-sectional or case-control is included*</li> <li>Temporal design of study is stated (e.g. retrospective or prospective)</li> <li>The focus of the research study is mentioned (e.g. population, setting, disease, exposure/intervention, outcome etc.)</li> </ul>	Title Page
	*STROCSS 2021 guidelines apply to cohort studies as well as other observational	
ADCTD	studies (e.g. cross-sectional, case-control etc.)	
ABSTR		
2a	<ul> <li>Introduction – briefly describe:</li> <li>Background</li> <li>Scientific rationale for this study</li> <li>Aims and objectives</li> </ul>	P1, L2-6
2b	<ul> <li>Methods - briefly describe:</li> <li>Type of study design (e.g. cohort, case-control, cross-sectional etc.)</li> <li>Other key elements of study design (e.g. retro-/prospective, single/multi-centred etc.)</li> <li>Patient populations and/or groups, including control group, if applicable</li> <li>Exposure/interventions (e.g. type, operators, recipients, timeframes etc.)</li> <li>Outcome measures – state primary and secondary outcome(s)</li> </ul>	P1, L8-17
2c	Results - briefly describe:  • Summary data with qualitative descriptions and statistical relevance, where appropriate	P1-2, L19-27
2d	Conclusion - briefly describe:  Key conclusions  Implications for clinical practice  Need for and direction of future research	P2, L29-34
INTROI	DUCTION	
3	Introduction – comprehensively describe:  Relevant background and scientific rationale for study with reference to key literature  Research question and hypotheses, where appropriate  Aims and objectives	P2-4, L40-96
METHO		1
4a	<ul> <li>In accordance with the Declaration of Helsinki*, state the research registration number and where it was registered, with a hyperlink to the registry entry (this can be obtained from ResearchRegistry.com, ClinicalTrials.gov, ISRCTN etc.)</li> <li>All retrospective studies should be registered before submission; it should be stated that the research was retrospectively registered</li> </ul>	P5, L118- 120
	* "Every research study involving human subjects must be registered in a publicly accessible database before recruitment of the first subject"	
4b	<ul> <li>Ethical approval</li> <li>Reason(s) why ethical approval was needed</li> <li>Name of body giving ethical approval and approval number</li> <li>Where ethical approval wasn't necessary, reason(s) are provided</li> </ul>	P5, L114- 118

4c 4d	Give details of protocol (a priori or otherwise) including how to access it (e.g. web address, protocol registration number etc.)	P4, L99-
4d		1.00
4d	(e.g. web aggress, protocol registration number etc.)	L33-
4d		104
40	If published in a journal, cite and provide full reference  Petiant and public involvement in receasely.	
	Patient and public involvement in research	P4,
	Declare any patient and public involvement in research	L104-
	State the stages of the research process where patients and the public wars involved (a.g. patient recruitment, defining research automas).	108
	were involved (e.g. patient recruitment, defining research outcomes, dissemination of results etc.) and describe the extent to which they were	
	involved.	
5a	Study design	
ou	State type of study design used (e.g. cohort, cross-sectional, case-control)	P5,
	etc.)	L111-
	<ul> <li>Describe other key elements of study design (e.g. retro-/prospective,</li> </ul>	114
	single/multi-centred etc.)	
5b	Setting and timeframe of research – comprehensively describe:	
	Geographical location	P5,
	<ul> <li>Nature of institution (e.g. primary/secondary/tertiary care setting, district</li> </ul>	L111-
	general hospital/teaching hospital, public/private, low-resource setting	114
	etc.)	
	<ul> <li>Dates (e.g. recruitment, exposure, follow-up, data collection etc.)</li> </ul>	
5c	Study groups	
	<ul> <li>Total number of participants</li> </ul>	P5,
	<ul> <li>Number of groups</li> </ul>	L111-1
	<ul> <li>Detail exposure/intervention allocated to each group</li> </ul>	14
	<ul> <li>Number of participants in each group</li> </ul>	
5d	Subgroup analysis – comprehensively describe:	P5,L
	<ul> <li>Planned subgroup analyses</li> </ul>	111-1
	<ul> <li>Methods used to examine subgroups and their interactions</li> </ul>	14
6a	Participants – comprehensively describe:	54-
	<ul> <li>Inclusion and exclusion criteria with clear definitions</li> </ul>	P4-5,
	<ul> <li>Sources of recruitment (e.g. physician referral, study website, social</li> </ul>	L108-
	media, posters etc.)	111
01	Length, frequency and methods of follow-up (e.g. mail, telephone etc.)	
6b	Recruitment – comprehensively describe:	
	<ul> <li>Methods of recruitment to each patient group (e.g. all at once, in batches,</li> </ul>	P4-
	continuously till desired sample size is reached etc.)	5,
	<ul> <li>Any monetary incentivisation of patients for recruitment and retention should be declared; clarify the nature of any incentives provided</li> </ul>	L99-
		120
	<ul> <li>Nature of informed consent (e.g. written, verbal etc.)</li> <li>Period of recruitment</li> </ul>	120
6c	Sample size – comprehensively describe:	
00	<ul> <li>Analysis to determine optimal sample size for study accounting for</li> </ul>	P5,
	population/effect size	L111-
	<ul> <li>Power calculations, where appropriate</li> </ul>	114
	<ul> <li>Margin of error calculation</li> </ul>	
METHO	DDS - INTERVENTION AND CONSIDERATIONS	
7a	Pre-intervention considerations – comprehensively describe:	
	<ul> <li>Preoperative patient optimisation (e.g. weight loss, smoking cessation,</li> </ul>	P5,
	glycaemic control etc.)	
	<ul> <li>Pre-intervention treatment (e.g. medication review, bowel preparation,</li> </ul>	L111-
	correcting hypothermia/-volemia/-tension, mitigating bleeding risk, ICU	114
	care etc.)	

7h	Intervention comprehensively describe:	1
7b	Intervention – comprehensively describe:	
	Type of intervention and reasoning (e.g. pharmacological, surgical,	P5,
	physiotherapy, psychological etc.)	L111-
	Aim of intervention (preventative/therapeutic)	114
	Concurrent treatments (e.g. antibiotics, analgesia, anti-emetics, VTE	''-
	prophylaxis etc.)	
7-	Manufacturer and model details, where applicable  Introductions and identifiers and model details, where applicable  The interpretation and identifiers and model details, where applicable  The interpretation and identifiers and model details, where applicable  The interpretation and identifiers and model details, where applicable  The interpretation and identifiers and model details.	
7c	Intra-intervention considerations – comprehensively describe:	
	Details pertaining to administration of intervention (e.g. anaesthetic,  positioning location propagation againment pended devices autures)	P5,
	positioning, location, preparation, equipment needed, devices, sutures, operative techniques, operative time etc.)	L111-
	<ul> <li>Details of pharmacological therapies used, including formulation,</li> </ul>	114
	dosages, routes, and durations	
	<ul> <li>Figures and other media are used to illustrate</li> </ul>	
7d	Operator details – comprehensively describe:	
<i>r</i> u	Requirement for additional training	P5,
	Learning curve for technique	L111-
	<ul> <li>Relevant training, specialisation and operator's experience (e.g. average</li> </ul>	114
	number of the relevant procedures performed annually)	
7e	Quality control – comprehensively describe:	
70	Measures taken to reduce inter-operator variability	P4,
	<ul> <li>Measures taken to reduce inter operator variability</li> <li>Measures taken to ensure consistency in other aspects of intervention</li> </ul>	L101-
	delivery	108
	<ul> <li>Measures taken to ensure quality in intervention delivery</li> </ul>	
7f	Post-intervention considerations – comprehensively describe:	<u> </u>
•	Post-operative instructions (e.g. avoid heavy lifting) and care	P5,
	Follow-up measures	L111-
	<ul> <li>Future surveillance requirements (e.g. blood tests, imaging etc.)</li> </ul>	114
8	Outcomes – comprehensively describe:	
	Primary outcomes, including validation, where applicable	P5,
	<ul> <li>Secondary outcomes, where appropriate</li> </ul>	L122-
	Definition of outcomes	134
	<ul> <li>If any validated outcome measurement tools are used, give full reference</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Follow-up period for outcome assessment, divided by group</li> </ul>	
9	Statistics – comprehensively describe:	
	Statistical tests and statistical package(s)/software used	P6,
	Confounders and their control, if known	L136-
	<ul> <li>Analysis approach (e.g. intention to treat/per protocol)</li> </ul>	159
	Any sub-group analyses	159
	Level of statistical significance	
RESUL		
10a	Participants – comprehensively describe:	
	<ul> <li>Flow of participants (recruitment, non-participation, cross-over and</li> </ul>	
	withdrawal, with reasons). Use figure to illustrate.	P6-7,
	<ul> <li>Population demographics (e.g. age, gender, relevant socioeconomic</li> </ul>	L162-
	features, prognostic features etc.)	170
	Any significant numerical differences should be highlighted	
		1
10b		DC 7
10b	Participant comparison	P6-7,
10b	<ul> <li>Participant comparison</li> <li>Include table comparing baseline characteristics of cohort groups</li> </ul>	L162-
10b	Participant comparison	

17b	Funding	P12,
47h	Conflicts of interest, if any, are described	L326
17a	Conflicts of interest	P12,
	RATIONS	D40
DEG! 1	Outline key directions for future research	315
	Summarise key conclusions	L310-
16	Conclusions	P12,
	USION	1
	mentioned	308
	Need for and direction of future research, with optimal study designs	L297-
	Relevance of findings and potential implications for clinical practice	2,
15	Relevance and implications – comprehensively describe:	P11-1
	Deviations from protocol, with reasons	
	Assessment and management of bias	308
	and their interpretation	L290-
	Weaknesses and limitations of the study and potential impact on results	1
1-7	Strengths of the study	P11-12.
14	Strengths and limitations – comprehensively describe:	
	Relevant hypothesis generation	
	<ul> <li>Implications for clinical practice</li> <li>Comparison to current gold standard of care</li> </ul>	308
		L241-
		P9-11,
13	Discussion – comprehensively describe:	
DISCUS 13		1
DICCLI	significance	
	Include table showing research findings and statistical analyses with	239
	Statistical analyses with significance	L173-
	Key results with relevant raw data	P7-9,
12	Key results – comprehensively describe:	
	*Dindo D, Demartines N, Clavien P-A. Classification of Surgical Complications. A New Proposal with Evaluation in a Cohort of 6336 Patients and Results of a Survey. Ann Surg. 2004; 240(2): 205-213	
		239
	<ul> <li>Mitigation for adverse events (e.g. blood transfusion, wound care, revision surgery etc.)</li> </ul>	L173-
	Timing of adverse events	P7-9,
	Adverse events and classify according to Clavien-Dindo classification*	
11c	Complications – comprehensively describe:	
	Loss to follow-up (fraction and percentage), with reasons	239
	Cross-over with explanation	L173-
טוו	Assessment of tolerability of exposure/intervention	P7-9,
11b	Tolerance – comprehensively describe:	
	<ul> <li>Relevant photographs and imaging are desirable</li> <li>Any confounding factors and state which ones are adjusted</li> </ul>	239
	Clinician-assessed and patient-reported outcomes for each group     Polovant photographs and imaging are desirable.	L173-
11a	Outcomes – comprehensively describe:	P7-9,
110	Any changes to interventions, with rationale and diagram, if appropriate  Outcomes  Comprehensively describe:	170
	Learning required for interventions	L162-
	Degree of novelty of intervention	P6-7,

17c	Contributorship		D42
	•	Acknowledge patient and public involvement in research; report the extent of	P12, L333
		involvement of each contributor	LJJJ

Table 2: The full revised STROCSS 2021 checklist