

Factors influencing COVID-19 vaccine acceptance and hesitancy: Correspondence

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Dear editor, we would like to correspond to the publication “Factors influencing COVID-19 vaccine acceptance and hesitancy among rural community in Bangladesh: a cross-sectional survey based study.”¹ According to Roy et al., the most critical predictor for converting vaccines to vaccinations and guaranteeing mass immunization against COVID-19 in Bangladesh is health communication about vaccine safety, side effects, and effectiveness.¹ We agree that COVID-19 vaccine apprehension is a serious problem and that there are a variety of factors that may contribute to it. However, as a recent Hong Kong paper² shows, the pattern of reluctance can alter over time. The backdrop of the outbreak and evidence on vaccine efficacy and safety are linked to apprehension.³ As a result, the observations and the background context must be linked. To assess the status of COVID-19 vaccination acceptance, a long-term surveillance study should be created.

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