

## 1-(2-Furoyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)thiourea

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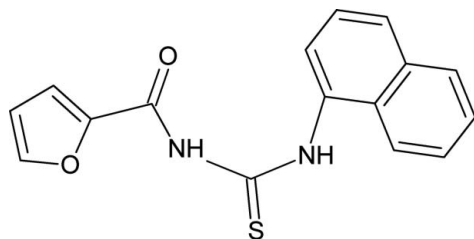
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 294$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.058;  $wR$  factor = 0.131; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.6.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ , the carbonylthiourea group forms dihedral angles of 75.4 (1) and 13.1 (2)°, respectively, with the naphthalene ring system and furan ring. The molecule adopts a *trans-cis* configuration with respect to the positions of the furoyl and naphthyl groups relative to the S atom across the thiourea C–N bonds. This geometry is stabilized by an N–H···O intramolecular hydrogen bond. In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by N–H···S hydrogen bonds, forming centrosymmetric dimers which are interlinked through C–H··· $\pi$  interactions.

### Related literature

For general background, see: Ashraf *et al.* (2007); Koch (2001). For related structures, see: Dago *et al.* (1987); Cao *et al.* (1996); Yuan *et al.* (1997); Kaminsky *et al.* (2002); Weiqun *et al.* (2003); Yamin & Hassan (2004). For the synthesis, see: Otazo *et al.* (2001).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 296.34$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 9.402$  (2) Å  
 $b = 19.082$  (4) Å  
 $c = 7.880$  (2) Å  
 $\beta = 94.94$  (1)°

$V = 1408.5$  (6) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.23$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 294$  (2) K  
 $0.50 \times 0.25 \times 0.05$  mm

#### Data collection

Siemens P4 diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: none  
 3603 measured reflections  
 2771 independent reflections  
 1521 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.043$   
 3 standard reflections  
 every 97 reflections  
 intensity decay: 2.6%

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.058$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.131$   
 $S = 1.02$   
 2771 reflections

239 parameters  
 All H-atom parameters refined  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O1}$	0.86 (4)	2.00 (4)	2.698 (3)	138 (3)
$\text{N1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{i}}$	0.91 (5)	2.57 (5)	3.455 (3)	164 (4)
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.96 (4)	2.85 (4)	3.654 (4)	143 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 2$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ . Cg1 is the centroid of the C7–C11/C16 ring.

Data collection: XSCANS (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: XSCANS; data reduction: XSCANS; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CI2591).

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**supplementary materials**

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## 1-(2-Furoyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)thiourea

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### Comment

The subject of aroylsubstituted thioureas is considered as a very interesting topic due to their remarkable optical and electronic properties (Ashraf *et al.*, 2007). Substitutions that reduce the symmetry of the thiourea molecule enhance the non-linear optical properties. A variety of crystals of this class has been reported (Dago *et al.*, 1987; Cao *et al.*, 1996; Yuan *et al.*, 1997; Kaminsky *et al.*, 2002; Weiqun *et al.*, 2003). The title compound (Fig. 1) is another example of a newly synthesized furoylthiourea derivative.

The bond lengths and angles are comparable with those observed in other thiourea derivatives (Koch *et al.*, 2001). The  $\alpha$ -naphthalene ring system attached to N2 is essentially planar and inclined at an angle of 75.4 (1) $^\circ$  with respect to the plane of carbonylthiourea group. The dihedral angle between the carbonylthiourea group and furan ring is 13.1 (2) $^\circ$ . The molecule adopts a trans-cis configuration with respect to the position of the furoyl and naphthyl groups relative to the S atom across the thiourea C—N bonds. This geometry is stabilized by the N2—H2 $\cdots$ O1 intramolecular hydrogen bond (Fig. 1).

In the crystal structure, molecules are linked by N1—H1 $\cdots$ S1 hydrogen bonds (Table 1) forming a centrosymmetric dimer (Fig. 2). The dimers are arranged along the *c* axis. In addition, the crystal packing is stabilized by C—H $\cdots$  $\pi$  interactions involving the C7-C11/C16 ring.

### Experimental

The title compound was synthesized according to a previous report (Otazo *et al.*, 2001), by converting furoyl chloride into furoyl isothiocyanate and then condensing with  $\alpha$ -naphthylamine. The resulting solid product was crystallized from ethanol yielding X-ray quality single crystals (m.p 186–187 $^\circ$ ). Elemental analysis for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S calculated: C 64.86, H 4.05, N 9.46, S 10.81%; found: C 64.70, H 4.10, N 9.54, S 10.41%.

### Refinement

All H atoms were located by difference Fourier synthesis and refined freely.

### Figures

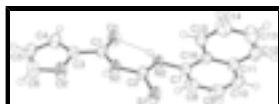


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. The intramolecular N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.

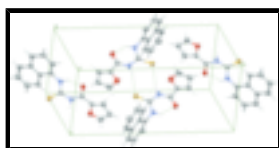


Fig. 2. View of the crystal packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

## 1-(2-Furoyl)-3-(1-naphthyl)thiourea

### Crystal data

C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S

*M<sub>r</sub>* = 296.34

Monoclinic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>/*c*

Hall symbol: -*P* 2ybc

*a* = 9.402 (2) Å

*b* = 19.082 (4) Å

*c* = 7.880 (2) Å

β = 94.94 (1)°

*V* = 1408.5 (6) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 4

*F*<sub>000</sub> = 616

*D<sub>x</sub>* = 1.397 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo *K*α radiation

λ = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 37 reflections

θ = 9.9–23.4°

μ = 0.24 mm<sup>-1</sup>

*T* = 294 (2) K

Plate, white

0.50 × 0.25 × 0.05 mm

### Data collection

Siemens P4  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

2θ/ω scans

Absorption correction: none

3603 measured reflections

2771 independent reflections

1521 reflections with *I* > 2σ(*I*)

*R*<sub>int</sub> = 0.043

θ<sub>max</sub> = 26.0°

θ<sub>min</sub> = 2.1°

*h* = -11→11

*k* = -23→1

*l* = -1→9

3 standard reflections

every 97 reflections

intensity decay: 2.6%

### Refinement

Refinement on *F*<sup>2</sup>

Least-squares matrix: full

*R* [*F*<sup>2</sup> > 2σ(*F*<sup>2</sup>)] = 0.058

*wR* (*F*<sup>2</sup>) = 0.131

*S* = 1.02

2771 reflections

239 parameters

All H-atom parameters refined

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0395P)^2 + 0.2114P]$$

where *P* = (*F<sub>o</sub>*<sup>2</sup> + 2*F<sub>c</sub>*<sup>2</sup>)/3

(Δ/σ)<sub>max</sub> < 0.001

Δρ<sub>max</sub> = 0.37 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Δρ<sub>min</sub> = -0.22 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Extinction correction: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008),

$$F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$$

Extinction coefficient: none

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.57874 (10)	-0.05278 (4)	0.80311 (14)	0.0521 (3)
O1	0.7296 (2)	0.17234 (11)	0.7355 (3)	0.0472 (7)
O2	0.4090 (2)	0.17986 (11)	0.9419 (3)	0.0505 (7)
N1	0.5895 (3)	0.08508 (13)	0.8319 (4)	0.0404 (8)
N2	0.7522 (3)	0.03510 (14)	0.6602 (4)	0.0382 (7)
C7	0.8101 (3)	-0.02051 (16)	0.5647 (4)	0.0334 (8)
C11	0.9652 (3)	-0.12250 (17)	0.5475 (5)	0.0378 (9)
C2	0.6455 (3)	0.02544 (15)	0.7612 (4)	0.0355 (8)
C8	0.7742 (4)	-0.0249 (2)	0.3936 (5)	0.0439 (9)
C16	0.9075 (3)	-0.06863 (15)	0.6463 (4)	0.0334 (8)
C1	0.6256 (3)	0.15409 (16)	0.8096 (4)	0.0345 (8)
C3	0.5298 (3)	0.20467 (16)	0.8776 (4)	0.0343 (8)
C10	0.9242 (4)	-0.1259 (2)	0.3713 (5)	0.0468 (10)
C15	0.9520 (4)	-0.06626 (19)	0.8244 (5)	0.0399 (9)
C6	0.3331 (4)	0.2368 (2)	0.9858 (5)	0.0538 (11)
C5	0.4016 (4)	0.2956 (2)	0.9518 (5)	0.0492 (10)
C4	0.5283 (4)	0.27538 (18)	0.8823 (5)	0.0453 (9)
C12	1.0639 (4)	-0.1706 (2)	0.6295 (6)	0.0521 (11)
C9	0.8308 (4)	-0.0782 (2)	0.2963 (6)	0.0530 (11)
C14	1.0479 (4)	-0.1136 (2)	0.8953 (6)	0.0526 (11)
C13	1.1034 (4)	-0.1664 (2)	0.7981 (6)	0.0564 (11)
H15	0.918 (3)	-0.0323 (14)	0.890 (4)	0.024 (8)*
H4	0.602 (3)	0.3026 (16)	0.844 (4)	0.040 (9)*
H10	0.963 (3)	-0.1650 (19)	0.306 (5)	0.055 (10)*
H12	1.106 (3)	-0.2074 (18)	0.560 (4)	0.055 (10)*
H6	0.242 (4)	0.228 (2)	1.031 (5)	0.072 (13)*
H8	0.709 (3)	0.0104 (16)	0.340 (4)	0.039 (9)*
H9	0.810 (3)	-0.0785 (16)	0.182 (5)	0.039 (10)*
H2	0.775 (4)	0.078 (2)	0.645 (5)	0.063 (12)*
H13	1.175 (4)	-0.197 (2)	0.860 (5)	0.081 (14)*
H14	1.073 (4)	-0.1106 (19)	1.015 (5)	0.062 (12)*
H1	0.531 (5)	0.072 (2)	0.913 (6)	0.092 (16)*
H5	0.374 (4)	0.342 (2)	0.977 (6)	0.090 (14)*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0644 (6)	0.0296 (4)	0.0675 (8)	-0.0031 (4)	0.0355 (5)	-0.0018 (5)
O1	0.0483 (14)	0.0326 (12)	0.0632 (18)	-0.0007 (10)	0.0198 (13)	0.0038 (12)
O2	0.0541 (14)	0.0330 (12)	0.067 (2)	0.0051 (11)	0.0224 (14)	0.0050 (13)
N1	0.0461 (17)	0.0264 (14)	0.051 (2)	0.0024 (13)	0.0188 (16)	0.0012 (14)
N2	0.0428 (16)	0.0303 (16)	0.0431 (19)	0.0004 (13)	0.0125 (14)	0.0014 (14)

## supplementary materials

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C7	0.0360 (17)	0.0391 (18)	0.027 (2)	-0.0058 (15)	0.0110 (15)	-0.0021 (16)
C11	0.0380 (17)	0.0396 (19)	0.038 (2)	-0.0075 (15)	0.0171 (17)	-0.0070 (17)
C2	0.0413 (18)	0.0301 (17)	0.036 (2)	0.0038 (14)	0.0104 (16)	0.0026 (16)
C8	0.041 (2)	0.055 (2)	0.037 (2)	-0.0042 (18)	0.0065 (18)	0.010 (2)
C16	0.0343 (17)	0.0330 (18)	0.035 (2)	-0.0036 (14)	0.0121 (16)	-0.0021 (15)
C1	0.0386 (18)	0.0311 (17)	0.033 (2)	0.0011 (14)	0.0004 (17)	0.0025 (16)
C3	0.0398 (18)	0.0315 (17)	0.032 (2)	0.0021 (14)	0.0036 (16)	0.0020 (16)
C10	0.050 (2)	0.048 (2)	0.045 (3)	-0.0065 (19)	0.022 (2)	-0.012 (2)
C15	0.045 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.0055 (17)	0.0101 (17)	-0.0038 (18)
C6	0.057 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.055 (3)	0.017 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.003 (2)
C5	0.070 (3)	0.037 (2)	0.042 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.009 (2)	-0.0001 (19)
C4	0.054 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.047 (3)	0.0026 (17)	0.009 (2)	0.0019 (19)
C12	0.053 (2)	0.042 (2)	0.064 (3)	0.0095 (18)	0.021 (2)	-0.009 (2)
C9	0.060 (3)	0.076 (3)	0.025 (2)	-0.021 (2)	0.014 (2)	-0.012 (2)
C14	0.057 (2)	0.066 (3)	0.035 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.004 (2)
C13	0.060 (3)	0.057 (2)	0.053 (3)	0.016 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.007 (2)

### *Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

S1—C2	1.663 (3)	C1—C3	1.453 (4)
O1—C1	1.232 (4)	C3—C4	1.350 (4)
O2—C6	1.362 (4)	C10—C9	1.364 (6)
O2—C3	1.368 (4)	C10—H10	0.99 (4)
N1—C1	1.375 (4)	C15—C14	1.362 (5)
N1—C2	1.391 (4)	C15—H15	0.90 (3)
N1—H1	0.91 (4)	C6—C5	1.331 (5)
N2—C2	1.346 (4)	C6—H6	0.97 (4)
N2—C7	1.435 (4)	C5—C4	1.408 (5)
N2—H2	0.86 (4)	C5—H5	0.96 (4)
C7—C8	1.364 (5)	C4—H4	0.93 (3)
C7—C16	1.412 (4)	C12—C13	1.351 (6)
C11—C10	1.410 (5)	C12—H12	1.00 (3)
C11—C12	1.420 (5)	C9—H9	0.90 (3)
C11—C16	1.424 (4)	C14—C13	1.393 (6)
C8—C9	1.406 (5)	C14—H14	0.95 (4)
C8—H8	0.98 (3)	C13—H13	0.99 (4)
C16—C15	1.430 (5)		
C6—O2—C3	106.8 (3)	C9—C10—C11	120.5 (4)
C1—N1—C2	128.8 (3)	C9—C10—H10	122 (2)
C1—N1—H1	122 (3)	C11—C10—H10	118 (2)
C2—N1—H1	109 (3)	C14—C15—C16	120.6 (4)
C2—N2—C7	123.0 (3)	C14—C15—H15	119.9 (18)
C2—N2—H2	115 (2)	C16—C15—H15	119.5 (18)
C7—N2—H2	121 (3)	C5—C6—O2	110.3 (3)
C8—C7—C16	120.4 (3)	C5—C6—H6	133 (2)
C8—C7—N2	119.4 (3)	O2—C6—H6	117 (2)
C16—C7—N2	120.1 (3)	C6—C5—C4	106.7 (3)
C10—C11—C12	122.0 (3)	C6—C5—H5	127 (3)
C10—C11—C16	119.2 (3)	C4—C5—H5	126 (3)

C12—C11—C16	118.8 (3)	C3—C4—C5	107.2 (3)
N2—C2—N1	116.9 (3)	C3—C4—H4	122.5 (19)
N2—C2—S1	123.6 (2)	C5—C4—H4	130.3 (19)
N1—C2—S1	119.5 (2)	C13—C12—C11	121.5 (4)
C7—C8—C9	120.7 (4)	C13—C12—H12	119.6 (19)
C7—C8—H8	118.4 (19)	C11—C12—H12	119 (2)
C9—C8—H8	120.9 (19)	C10—C9—C8	120.4 (4)
C7—C16—C11	118.9 (3)	C10—C9—H9	120 (2)
C7—C16—C15	123.4 (3)	C8—C9—H9	119 (2)
C11—C16—C15	117.8 (3)	C15—C14—C13	121.3 (4)
O1—C1—N1	123.1 (3)	C15—C14—H14	118 (2)
O1—C1—C3	122.0 (3)	C13—C14—H14	121 (2)
N1—C1—C3	114.9 (3)	C12—C13—C14	120.0 (4)
C4—C3—O2	108.9 (3)	C12—C13—H13	125 (2)
C4—C3—C1	133.0 (3)	C14—C13—H13	115 (2)
O2—C3—C1	117.9 (3)		
C2—N2—C7—C8	103.8 (4)	O1—C1—C3—C4	-1.5 (6)
C2—N2—C7—C16	-78.5 (4)	N1—C1—C3—C4	179.6 (4)
C7—N2—C2—N1	-173.3 (3)	O1—C1—C3—O2	173.3 (3)
C7—N2—C2—S1	6.3 (5)	N1—C1—C3—O2	-5.6 (5)
C1—N1—C2—N2	1.9 (5)	C12—C11—C10—C9	-179.0 (3)
C1—N1—C2—S1	-177.8 (3)	C16—C11—C10—C9	0.1 (5)
C16—C7—C8—C9	1.5 (5)	C7—C16—C15—C14	-179.1 (3)
N2—C7—C8—C9	179.1 (3)	C11—C16—C15—C14	0.8 (5)
C8—C7—C16—C11	-1.2 (4)	C3—O2—C6—C5	-0.1 (4)
N2—C7—C16—C11	-178.9 (3)	O2—C6—C5—C4	0.0 (5)
C8—C7—C16—C15	178.7 (3)	O2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (4)
N2—C7—C16—C15	1.1 (4)	C1—C3—C4—C5	174.9 (4)
C10—C11—C16—C7	0.4 (4)	C6—C5—C4—C3	0.1 (5)
C12—C11—C16—C7	179.6 (3)	C10—C11—C12—C13	179.4 (3)
C10—C11—C16—C15	-179.5 (3)	C16—C11—C12—C13	0.3 (5)
C12—C11—C16—C15	-0.4 (4)	C11—C10—C9—C8	0.1 (5)
C2—N1—C1—O1	-9.3 (6)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.9 (5)
C2—N1—C1—C3	169.6 (3)	C16—C15—C14—C13	-1.2 (6)
C6—O2—C3—C4	0.2 (4)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-0.5 (6)
C6—O2—C3—C1	-175.8 (3)	C15—C14—C13—C12	1.0 (6)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
N2—H2...O1	0.86 (4)	2.00 (4)	2.698 (3)	138 (3)
N1—H1...S1 <sup>i</sup>	0.91 (5)	2.57 (5)	3.455 (3)	164 (4)
C5—H5...Cg1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.96 (4)	2.85 (4)	3.654 (4)	143 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+2$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ .

Fig. 1

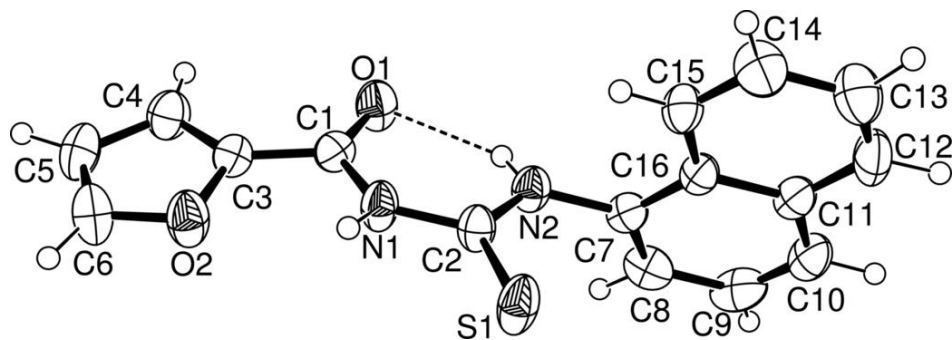




Fig. 2

