

Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

9-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-4,4a,5,6,9,9a-hexahydro-3H-xanthene-1,8(2H,7H)-dione

Yan Yang, Weicheng Lu, Chaomei Lian and Yulin Zhu*

School of Chemistry and Environment, South China Normal University, Guangzhou 510006, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: yulinzhu2002@yahoo.com.cn

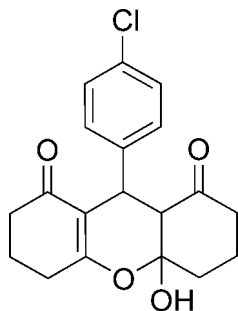
Received 6 July 2011; accepted 7 August 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.111; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.1.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{19}\text{ClO}_4$, the central fused ring and the attached cyclohexene ring adopt envelope conformations, while the cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation. The crystal packing is stabilized by $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, which link the molecules into a chain along the b axis. Weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ bonds also occur.

Related literature

For the biological activity of xanthenes, see: Srividya *et al.* (1996); Wang *et al.*, (2006); Kantevari *et al.* (2006); Reddy *et al.* (2009); Mehdi *et al.* (2011); Mo *et al.* (2010). For the synthesis of related compounds, see: Karade *et al.* (2007); Luna *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{19}\text{ClO}_4$
 $M_r = 346.79$
 Monoclinic, $C2/c$

$a = 25.076$ (3) Å
 $b = 12.7715$ (13) Å
 $c = 11.3825$ (11) Å

$\beta = 110.307$ (1)°
 $V = 3418.7$ (6) Å³
 $Z = 8$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.24$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 298$ K
 $0.30 \times 0.15 \times 0.15$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII area-detector diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2002)
 $T_{\min} = 0.931$, $T_{\max} = 0.965$

8674 measured reflections
 3095 independent reflections
 1984 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.111$
 $S = 1.02$
 3095 reflections

219 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{O2}-\text{H2}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.82	1.84	2.654 (2)	172
$\text{C2}-\text{H10A}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.97	2.52	3.199 (3)	127
$\text{C11}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.56	3.483 (3)	174
$\text{C15}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{O1}^{\text{iv}}$	0.93	2.58	3.452 (3)	156
$\text{C5}-\text{H17A}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{iv}}$	0.97	2.51	3.398 (3)	153

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iii) $x, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

The authors thank South China Normal University for financial support (grant SCNU G21096).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AA2018).

References

- Bruker (2002). *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Bruker (2004). *APEX2* and *SAINTE*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Kantevari, S., Bantu, R. & Nagarapu, L. (2006). *ARKIVOC*, **xvi**, 136–148.
 Karade, H. N., Sathe, M. & Kaushik, M. P. (2007). *ARKIVOC*, **xiii**, 252–258.
 Luna, L. E., Cravero, R. M., Faccio, R., Pardo, H., Mombru, A. W. & Seoane, G. (2009). *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* pp. 3052–3057.
 Mehdi, S. H., Sulaiman, O., Ghalib, R. M., Yeap, C. S. & Fun, H.-K. (2011). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o1719–o1720.
 Mo, Y., Zanga, H. J. & Cheng, B. W. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o2129.
 Reddy, B. P., Vijayakumar, V., Narasimhamurthy, T., Suresh, J. & Lakshman, P. L. N. (2009). *Acta Cryst.* **E65**, o916.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Srividya, N., Ramamurthy, P., Shanmugasundaram, P. & Ramakrishnan, V. T. (1996). *J. Org. Chem.* **61**, 5083–5089.
 Wang, X. S., Zhang, M. M., Jiang, H., Shi, D. Q., Tu, S. J., Wei, X. Y. & Zong, Z. M. (2006). *Synthesis*, **24**, 4187–4199.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o2386 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811031977]

9-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-4,4a,5,6,9,9a-hexahydro-3H-xanthene-1,8(2H,7H)-dione

Y. Yang, W. Lu, C. Lian and Y. Zhu

Comment

Xanthenes are an important class of organic compounds which attract researchers by their spectroscopic and biological properties. Their derivatives had been tested to possess antitumoral, fungicidal, antiinflammatory and bactericidal properties. (Kantevari *et al.*, 2006; Srividya *et al.*, 1996; Wang *et al.*, 2006; Reddy *et al.*, 2009; Mehdi *et al.*, 2011; Mo *et al.*, 2010). A well established method used for the construction of xanthene unit was a tandem Michael reaction between 1,3-cyclohexanedione and benzaldehyde (Luna *et al.*, 2009; Karade *et al.*, 2007). The reaction between 1,3-cyclohexanedione and 4-chlorobenzaldehyde in the presence of thiourea and palladium(II) chloride proceeded to give the title compound with yield 91% (Fig. 1). The main structure of this compound (Fig. 2) is a derivated xanthenedione fused tricyclo ring with a hydroxyl group at its C4A position. The phenly ring is attached to a tricyclo ring at the C9 position. The central ring and the attached cyclohexene ring adopt an envelope conformation while the cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation. The crystal packing is stabilized by O—H···O hydrogen bond which links molecules into a chain along *b* axis. Weak C—H···O bonds were also found in this structure.

Experimental

A mixture of 1,3-cyclohexanedione (1.12 g, 10 mmol), 4-chloro-benzaldehyde (0.7 g, 5 mmol), thiourea (0.76 g, 10 mmol) and palladium (II) chloride (0.0020 mg) was refluxed in anhydrous acetonitrile (12 ml) at 373 K for 10 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was poured into water. The white precipitate was filtered off with a silica pad, washed twice with anhydrous ethanol, and the filtrate was then dried under vacuum to yield the product in yield of 91% (Fig. 1). Single crystals of the title compound were obtained by slow evaporation from anhydrous ethanol at room temperature to yield colourless, block-shaped crystal.

Refinement

The H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93–0.98 Å and O—H = 0.82 Å, and $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2$ or $1.5U_{\text{eq}}$ (parent atom).

Figures



Fig. 1. Palladium(II) chloride catalyzed synthesis of the title compound.

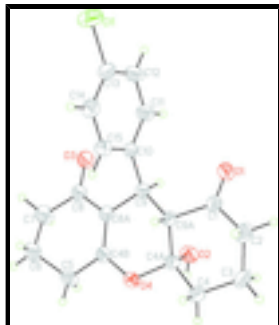


Fig. 2. A view of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Thermal displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

9-(4-Chlorophenyl)-4a-hydroxy-4,4a,5,6,9,9a-hexahydro-3H-xanthene- 1,8(2H,7H)-dione

Crystal data

$C_{19}H_{19}ClO_4$

$M_r = 346.79$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$

Hall symbol: $-C\ 2yc$

$a = 25.076\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 12.7715\ (13)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 11.3825\ (11)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 110.307\ (1)^\circ$

$V = 3418.7\ (6)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 1456$

$D_x = 1.348\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 1769 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}20.3^\circ$

$\mu = 0.24\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Block, colourless

$0.30 \times 0.15 \times 0.15\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII area-detector
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
graphite

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2002)

$T_{\min} = 0.931$, $T_{\max} = 0.965$

8674 measured reflections

3095 independent reflections

1984 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.7^\circ$

$h = -30 \rightarrow 30$

$k = -10 \rightarrow 15$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 13$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$

$wR(F^2) = 0.111$

$S = 1.02$

3095 reflections

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0479P)^2 + 0.6651P]$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$

219 parameters

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

0 restraints

Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008),

$$F_c^* = kF_c [1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Extinction coefficient: 0.0007 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.44721 (4)	0.02958 (6)	0.34171 (8)	0.1002 (3)
O4	0.31880 (6)	0.64755 (11)	0.14155 (12)	0.0466 (4)
C9	0.34321 (8)	0.45993 (15)	0.29866 (18)	0.0396 (5)
H7	0.3292	0.4676	0.3686	0.048*
C1	0.42884 (9)	0.56223 (17)	0.4411 (2)	0.0497 (6)
C8A	0.29282 (8)	0.47462 (17)	0.17790 (19)	0.0423 (5)
C10	0.36998 (8)	0.35209 (16)	0.30869 (18)	0.0396 (5)
C9A	0.38633 (8)	0.54699 (15)	0.30970 (18)	0.0406 (5)
H8	0.4075	0.5298	0.2543	0.049*
C4B	0.28472 (8)	0.56314 (18)	0.10889 (19)	0.0428 (5)
C15	0.39198 (10)	0.31582 (18)	0.2212 (2)	0.0536 (6)
H4	0.3903	0.3583	0.1537	0.064*
C4	0.39848 (10)	0.73910 (18)	0.2721 (2)	0.0558 (6)
H12A	0.3777	0.8040	0.2456	0.067*
H12B	0.4180	0.7233	0.2141	0.067*
C13	0.41858 (10)	0.15508 (18)	0.3296 (2)	0.0576 (7)
C5	0.23679 (9)	0.58061 (19)	-0.0116 (2)	0.0554 (6)
H17A	0.2504	0.6202	-0.0683	0.066*
H17B	0.2073	0.6213	0.0041	0.066*
C8	0.24755 (9)	0.39807 (19)	0.1437 (2)	0.0517 (6)
C11	0.37342 (10)	0.28731 (19)	0.4084 (2)	0.0541 (6)
H6	0.3593	0.3104	0.4695	0.065*
C12	0.39749 (10)	0.1886 (2)	0.4188 (2)	0.0616 (7)
H1	0.3993	0.1455	0.4860	0.074*
C2	0.47120 (10)	0.64849 (19)	0.4547 (3)	0.0695 (8)
H10A	0.4964	0.6297	0.4099	0.083*
H10B	0.4941	0.6568	0.5425	0.083*
C3	0.44180 (10)	0.75218 (19)	0.4037 (2)	0.0687 (8)

supplementary materials

H11A	0.4228	0.7783	0.4589	0.082*
H11B	0.4701	0.8034	0.4020	0.082*
C14	0.41648 (11)	0.2179 (2)	0.2313 (2)	0.0613 (7)
H3	0.4314	0.1950	0.1715	0.074*
C7	0.19886 (10)	0.4081 (2)	0.0210 (2)	0.0743 (8)
H15A	0.1890	0.3390	-0.0155	0.089*
H15B	0.1660	0.4358	0.0370	0.089*
C6	0.21224 (11)	0.4780 (2)	-0.0717 (2)	0.0720 (8)
H16A	0.1778	0.4910	-0.1426	0.086*
H16B	0.2393	0.4433	-0.1024	0.086*
O1	0.42757 (7)	0.50975 (13)	0.52877 (15)	0.0629 (5)
O2	0.32669 (7)	0.66998 (12)	0.34916 (14)	0.0557 (4)
H2	0.3049	0.7193	0.3225	0.084*
O3	0.24715 (7)	0.32685 (13)	0.21722 (14)	0.0634 (5)
C4A	0.35751 (9)	0.65211 (16)	0.26941 (19)	0.0426 (5)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.1129 (7)	0.0477 (4)	0.1184 (7)	0.0259 (4)	0.0126 (5)	0.0036 (4)
O4	0.0448 (8)	0.0439 (9)	0.0435 (8)	-0.0013 (8)	0.0059 (7)	0.0069 (7)
C9	0.0383 (11)	0.0396 (12)	0.0388 (11)	-0.0018 (10)	0.0107 (9)	0.0008 (9)
C1	0.0461 (13)	0.0374 (13)	0.0534 (14)	0.0104 (11)	0.0018 (11)	-0.0065 (11)
C8A	0.0355 (11)	0.0448 (13)	0.0442 (12)	-0.0033 (10)	0.0106 (10)	0.0000 (11)
C10	0.0373 (11)	0.0370 (12)	0.0387 (11)	-0.0051 (10)	0.0057 (9)	-0.0002 (10)
C9A	0.0378 (11)	0.0357 (12)	0.0445 (12)	0.0006 (10)	0.0095 (10)	-0.0020 (10)
C4B	0.0361 (11)	0.0472 (14)	0.0434 (12)	-0.0042 (11)	0.0116 (10)	-0.0004 (10)
C15	0.0692 (15)	0.0434 (14)	0.0449 (13)	0.0043 (13)	0.0155 (12)	0.0025 (11)
C4	0.0543 (14)	0.0386 (13)	0.0649 (15)	-0.0021 (12)	0.0085 (12)	0.0008 (12)
C13	0.0535 (14)	0.0392 (14)	0.0655 (16)	0.0009 (12)	0.0020 (13)	-0.0013 (13)
C5	0.0433 (13)	0.0641 (16)	0.0502 (13)	0.0027 (12)	0.0053 (11)	0.0110 (12)
C8	0.0430 (13)	0.0560 (15)	0.0514 (13)	-0.0089 (12)	0.0104 (11)	-0.0007 (12)
C11	0.0572 (14)	0.0508 (15)	0.0541 (14)	-0.0007 (12)	0.0191 (12)	0.0088 (12)
C12	0.0616 (15)	0.0510 (15)	0.0655 (16)	-0.0008 (13)	0.0134 (14)	0.0198 (13)
C2	0.0512 (14)	0.0474 (15)	0.0855 (18)	-0.0023 (13)	-0.0070 (13)	-0.0072 (13)
C3	0.0606 (16)	0.0410 (14)	0.0834 (18)	-0.0055 (13)	-0.0015 (14)	-0.0059 (13)
C14	0.0728 (17)	0.0524 (16)	0.0549 (15)	0.0082 (14)	0.0173 (13)	-0.0064 (13)
C7	0.0525 (15)	0.081 (2)	0.0686 (17)	-0.0218 (15)	-0.0054 (13)	0.0077 (15)
C6	0.0617 (16)	0.080 (2)	0.0533 (15)	-0.0147 (15)	-0.0061 (13)	0.0034 (14)
O1	0.0702 (11)	0.0537 (11)	0.0493 (10)	0.0097 (9)	0.0012 (8)	-0.0029 (8)
O2	0.0574 (10)	0.0529 (11)	0.0557 (9)	0.0187 (8)	0.0182 (8)	0.0032 (8)
O3	0.0571 (10)	0.0657 (11)	0.0588 (10)	-0.0254 (9)	0.0089 (8)	0.0072 (9)
C4A	0.0409 (11)	0.0400 (13)	0.0417 (12)	0.0045 (10)	0.0079 (10)	0.0006 (10)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C11—C13	1.742 (2)	C13—C14	1.362 (3)
O4—C4B	1.345 (2)	C13—C12	1.367 (3)
O4—C4A	1.443 (2)	C5—C6	1.507 (3)

C9—C10	1.519 (3)	C5—H17A	0.9700
C9—C8A	1.522 (3)	C5—H17B	0.9700
C9—C9A	1.525 (3)	C8—O3	1.238 (3)
C9—H7	0.9800	C8—C7	1.508 (3)
C1—O1	1.212 (3)	C11—C12	1.385 (3)
C1—C2	1.501 (3)	C11—H6	0.9300
C1—C9A	1.518 (3)	C12—H1	0.9300
C8A—C4B	1.351 (3)	C2—C3	1.529 (3)
C8A—C8	1.445 (3)	C2—H10A	0.9700
C10—C15	1.375 (3)	C2—H10B	0.9700
C10—C11	1.383 (3)	C3—H11A	0.9700
C9A—C4A	1.518 (3)	C3—H11B	0.9700
C9A—H8	0.9800	C14—H3	0.9300
C4B—C5	1.494 (3)	C7—C6	1.507 (3)
C15—C14	1.381 (3)	C7—H15A	0.9700
C15—H4	0.9300	C7—H15B	0.9700
C4—C4A	1.506 (3)	C6—H16A	0.9700
C4—C3	1.524 (3)	C6—H16B	0.9700
C4—H12A	0.9700	O2—C4A	1.400 (2)
C4—H12B	0.9700	O2—H2	0.8200
C4B—O4—C4A	116.83 (16)	O3—C8—C8A	120.3 (2)
C10—C9—C8A	112.73 (16)	O3—C8—C7	119.6 (2)
C10—C9—C9A	111.88 (16)	C8A—C8—C7	120.0 (2)
C8A—C9—C9A	109.10 (16)	C10—C11—C12	121.1 (2)
C10—C9—H7	107.6	C10—C11—H6	119.5
C8A—C9—H7	107.6	C12—C11—H6	119.5
C9A—C9—H7	107.6	C13—C12—C11	119.4 (2)
O1—C1—C2	122.8 (2)	C13—C12—H1	120.3
O1—C1—C9A	122.0 (2)	C11—C12—H1	120.3
C2—C1—C9A	115.2 (2)	C1—C2—C3	111.47 (19)
C4B—C8A—C8	117.64 (19)	C1—C2—H10A	109.3
C4B—C8A—C9	122.58 (19)	C3—C2—H10A	109.3
C8—C8A—C9	119.22 (18)	C1—C2—H10B	109.3
C15—C10—C11	117.8 (2)	C3—C2—H10B	109.3
C15—C10—C9	121.93 (19)	H10A—C2—H10B	108.0
C11—C10—C9	120.3 (2)	C4—C3—C2	111.3 (2)
C1—C9A—C4A	106.39 (16)	C4—C3—H11A	109.4
C1—C9A—C9	114.20 (18)	C2—C3—H11A	109.4
C4A—C9A—C9	111.72 (16)	C4—C3—H11B	109.4
C1—C9A—H8	108.1	C2—C3—H11B	109.4
C4A—C9A—H8	108.1	H11A—C3—H11B	108.0
C9—C9A—H8	108.1	C13—C14—C15	119.4 (2)
O4—C4B—C8A	123.84 (18)	C13—C14—H3	120.3
O4—C4B—C5	111.45 (19)	C15—C14—H3	120.3
C8A—C4B—C5	124.7 (2)	C6—C7—C8	113.2 (2)
C10—C15—C14	121.6 (2)	C6—C7—H15A	108.9
C10—C15—H4	119.2	C8—C7—H15A	108.9
C14—C15—H4	119.2	C6—C7—H15B	108.9
C4A—C4—C3	110.44 (19)	C8—C7—H15B	108.9

supplementary materials

C4A—C4—H12A	109.6	H15A—C7—H15B	107.8
C3—C4—H12A	109.6	C7—C6—C5	110.6 (2)
C4A—C4—H12B	109.6	C7—C6—H16A	109.5
C3—C4—H12B	109.6	C5—C6—H16A	109.5
H12A—C4—H12B	108.1	C7—C6—H16B	109.5
C14—C13—C12	120.8 (2)	C5—C6—H16B	109.5
C14—C13—C11	120.3 (2)	H16A—C6—H16B	108.1
C12—C13—C11	119.0 (2)	C4A—O2—H2	109.5
C4B—C5—C6	111.0 (2)	O2—C4A—O4	109.33 (16)
C4B—C5—H17A	109.4	O2—C4A—C4	113.13 (18)
C6—C5—H17A	109.4	O4—C4A—C4	105.39 (16)
C4B—C5—H17B	109.4	O2—C4A—C9A	105.09 (17)
C6—C5—H17B	109.4	O4—C4A—C9A	110.61 (16)
H17A—C5—H17B	108.0	C4—C4A—C9A	113.34 (17)
C10—C9—C8A—C4B	-136.9 (2)	C9—C8A—C8—C7	-176.7 (2)
C9A—C9—C8A—C4B	-12.0 (3)	C15—C10—C11—C12	-0.9 (3)
C10—C9—C8A—C8	51.9 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	179.75 (19)
C9A—C9—C8A—C8	176.86 (18)	C14—C13—C12—C11	0.4 (4)
C8A—C9—C10—C15	59.2 (3)	C11—C13—C12—C11	-178.49 (17)
C9A—C9—C10—C15	-64.2 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	0.5 (4)
C8A—C9—C10—C11	-121.5 (2)	O1—C1—C2—C3	-124.8 (3)
C9A—C9—C10—C11	115.1 (2)	C9A—C1—C2—C3	53.5 (3)
O1—C1—C9A—C4A	122.9 (2)	C4A—C4—C3—C2	53.2 (3)
C2—C1—C9A—C4A	-55.4 (2)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-50.4 (3)
O1—C1—C9A—C9	-0.8 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.9 (4)
C2—C1—C9A—C9	-179.16 (18)	C11—C13—C14—C15	177.94 (18)
C10—C9—C9A—C1	-72.7 (2)	C10—C15—C14—C13	0.5 (4)
C8A—C9—C9A—C1	161.85 (17)	O3—C8—C7—C6	-164.5 (2)
C10—C9—C9A—C4A	166.48 (17)	C8A—C8—C7—C6	18.8 (4)
C8A—C9—C9A—C4A	41.1 (2)	C8—C7—C6—C5	-49.6 (3)
C4A—O4—C4B—C8A	-14.8 (3)	C4B—C5—C6—C7	50.6 (3)
C4A—O4—C4B—C5	164.42 (18)	C4B—O4—C4A—O2	-70.6 (2)
C8—C8A—C4B—O4	168.96 (19)	C4B—O4—C4A—C4	167.55 (17)
C9—C8A—C4B—O4	-2.3 (3)	C4B—O4—C4A—C9A	44.7 (2)
C8—C8A—C4B—C5	-10.2 (3)	C3—C4—C4A—O2	60.3 (2)
C9—C8A—C4B—C5	178.6 (2)	C3—C4—C4A—O4	179.72 (19)
C11—C10—C15—C14	0.4 (3)	C3—C4—C4A—C9A	-59.2 (3)
C9—C10—C15—C14	179.70 (19)	C1—C9A—C4A—O2	-66.0 (2)
O4—C4B—C5—C6	158.98 (19)	C9—C9A—C4A—O2	59.2 (2)
C8A—C4B—C5—C6	-21.8 (3)	C1—C9A—C4A—O4	176.08 (17)
C4B—C8A—C8—O3	-164.9 (2)	C9—C9A—C4A—O4	-58.7 (2)
C9—C8A—C8—O3	6.7 (3)	C1—C9A—C4A—C4	58.0 (2)
C4B—C8A—C8—C7	11.8 (3)	C9—C9A—C4A—C4	-176.76 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$O2-H2\cdots O3^i$	0.82	1.84	2.654 (2)	172.

C2—H10A...O1 ⁱⁱ	0.97	2.52	3.199 (3)	127.
C11—H6...O4 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.483 (3)	174.
C15—H4...O1 ^{iv}	0.93	2.58	3.452 (3)	156.
C5—H17A...O3 ^{iv}	0.97	2.51	3.398 (3)	153.

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iii) $x, -y+1, z+1/2$; (iv) $x, -y+1, z-1/2$.

Fig. 1

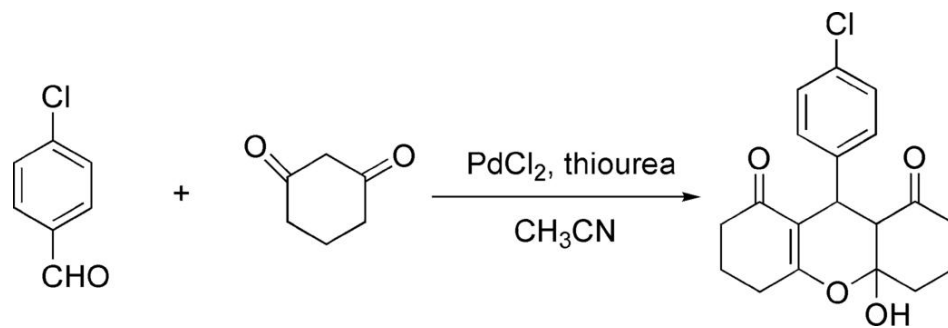


Fig. 2

