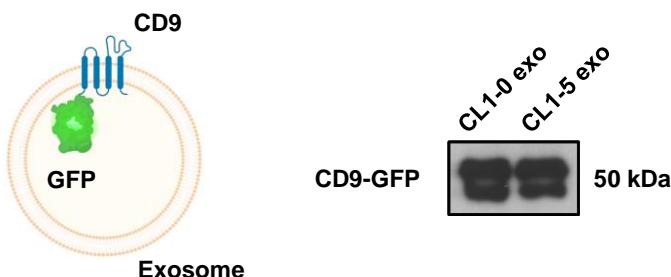
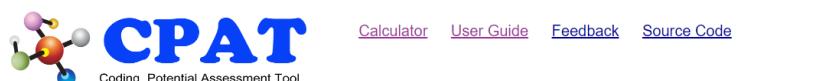


Figure S1

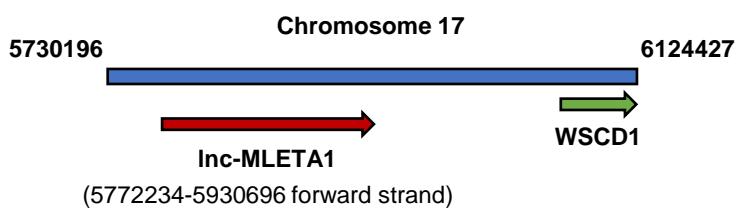
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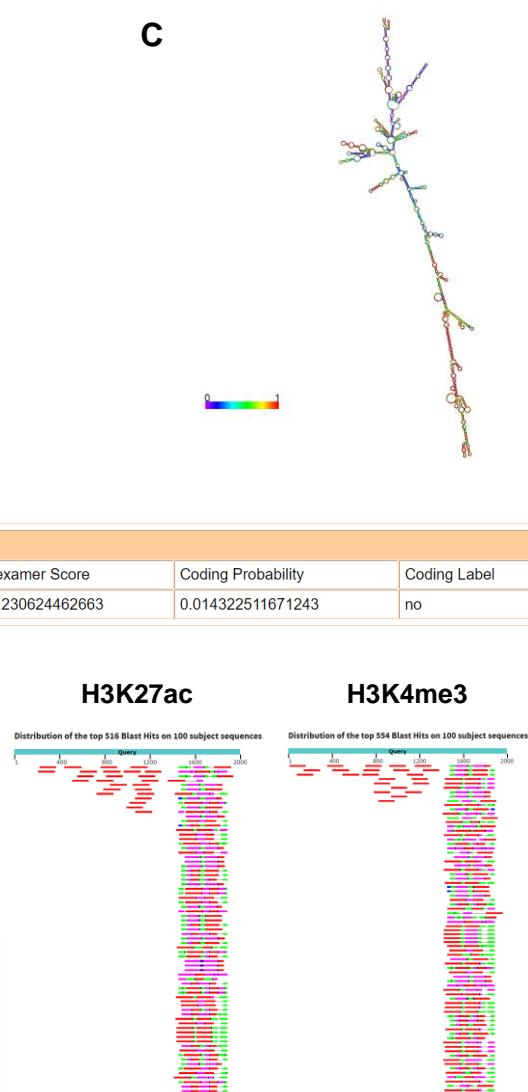
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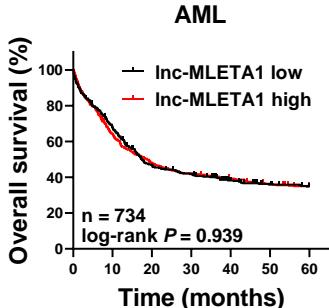
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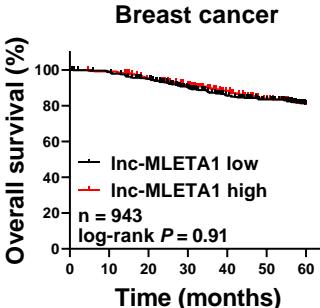
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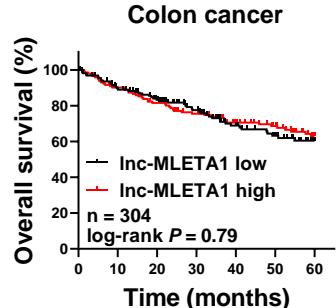
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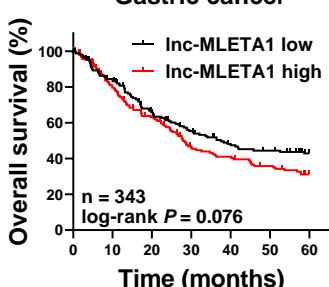
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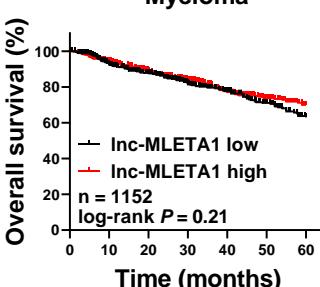
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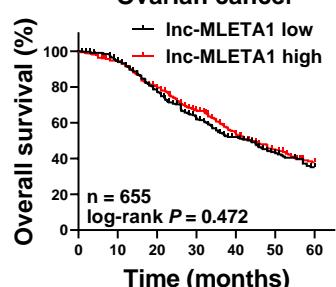
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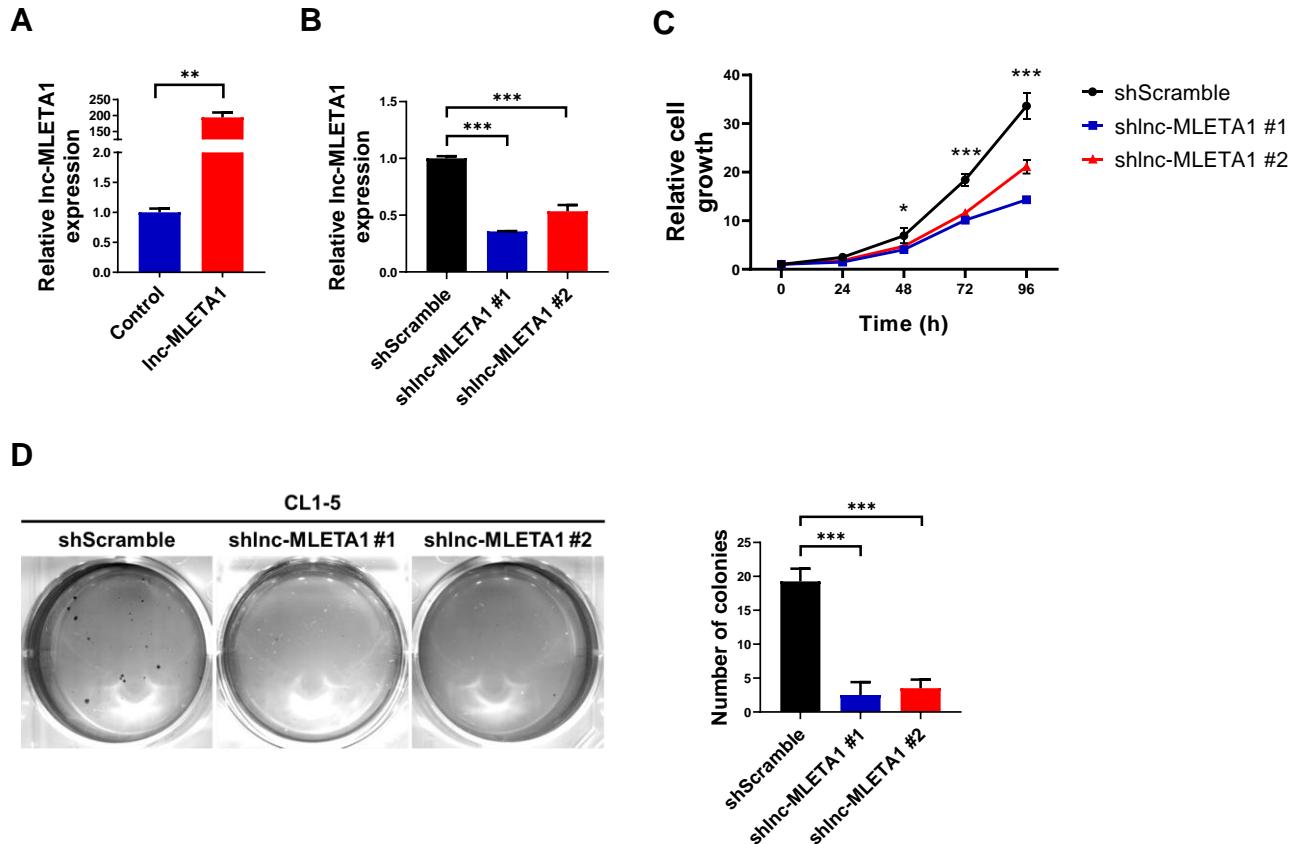


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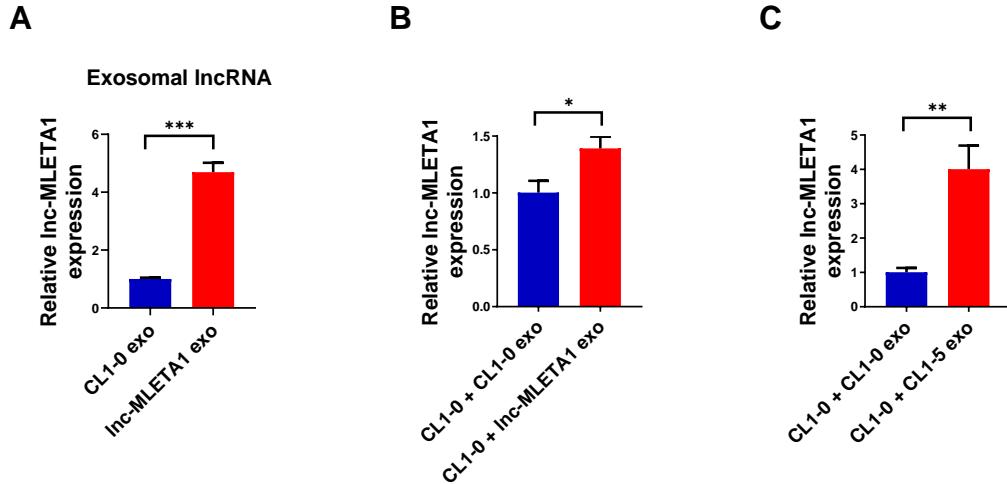
Supplementary Figure 1. Characterization of Inc-MLETA1. A Western blot analysis of GFP expression in exosomes derived from CL1-0 and CL1-5 cells transiently transfected with pEGFP-N-CD9 plasmids. **B** The sequence of Inc-MLETA1 was identified without protein-coding potential by Coding Potential Assessment Tool (CPAT). **C** The secondary structure of Inc-MLETA1 was predicted by RNAfold web server. **D** Schematic annotation of the Inc-MLETA1 genomic locus on chromosome 17: 5772234-5930696 forward strand. **E** The enrichment of active histone markers H3K27ac and H3K4me3, within the genomic regions encompassing Inc-MLETA1 in the GSE225332 dataset. **F-K** Kaplan–Meier analysis of overall survival in cancer patients, including AML (**F**), breast cancer (**G**), colon cancer (**H**), gastric cancer (**I**), myeloma (**J**), and ovarian cancer (**K**) with high or low Inc-MLETA1 expression. The patients were divided into high and low groups based on the median expression value of the gene in the cohort and the data were analyzed with log-rank test.

Figure S2



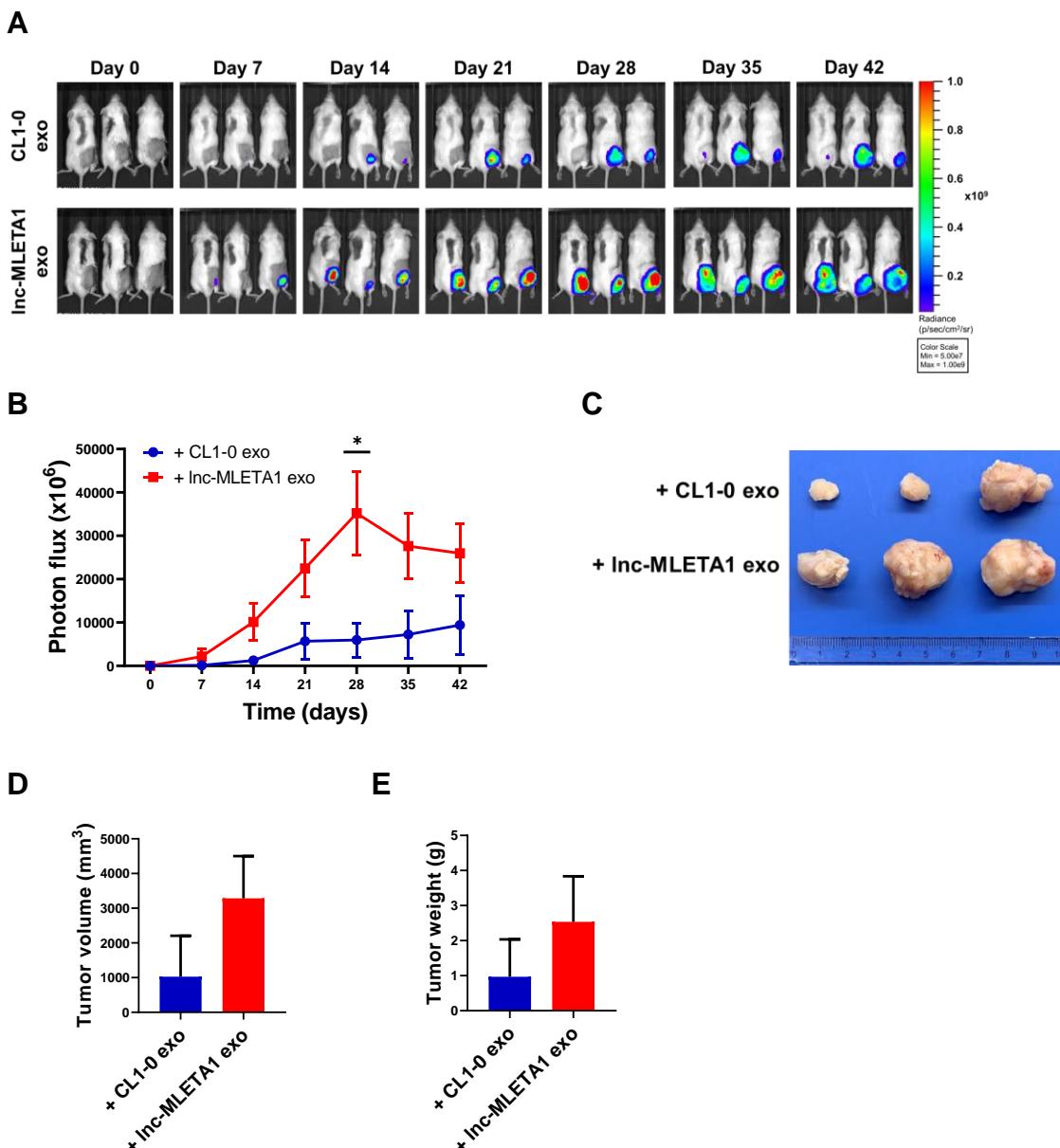
Supplementary Figure 2. Knockdown of Inc-MLETA1 suppresses cell growth and anchorage-independent growth ability of lung cancer cell. A qRT-PCR analysis of Inc-MLETA1 expression in CL1-0 cells transfected with Inc-MLETA1 plasmids or control plasmids. B qRT-PCR analysis of Inc-MLETA1 expression in CL1-5 cells infected with shInc-MLETA1 virus or control virus. C Relative cell growth of Inc-MLETA1-knockdown and control CL1-5 cells was analyzed with a WST-1 assay at indicated times. D Soft agar colony formation assay of Inc-MLETA1-knockdown and control CL1-5 cells for 2 weeks. Left: representative images of colonies. Right: the number of colonies was calculated. Results are presented as mean \pm SD from three independent experiments. * $P < 0.05$, ** $P < 0.01$, *** $P < 0.001$. Two-tailed Student's t -test.

Figure S3



Supplementary Figure 3. Exosome-transmitted Inc-MLETA1 is uptake by CL1-0 cells. A qRT-PCR analysis of Inc-MLETA1 levels in exosomes derived from Inc-MLETA1-overexpressing and control CL1-0 cells. **B** qRT-PCR analysis of Inc-MLETA1 levels in CL1-0 cells pre-incubated with exosomes derived from Inc-MLETA1-overexpressing or control CL1-0 cells for 48 h. **C** qRT-PCR analysis of Inc-MLETA1 levels in CL1-0 cells pre-incubated with exosomes derived from CL1-0 or CL1-5 cells for 48 h. Results are presented as mean \pm SD from three independent experiments. * P < 0.05, ** P < 0.01, *** P < 0.001. Two-tailed Student's *t*-test.

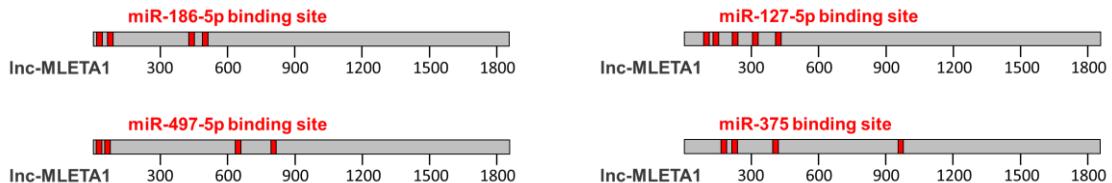
Figure S4



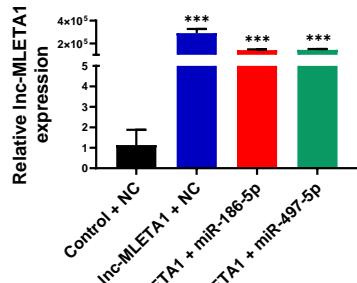
Supplementary Figure 4. Exosomal Inc-MLETA1 augments tumor growth *in vivo*.
A-E NOD-SCID mice were subcutaneously xenografted with CL1-0 cells and injected intratumorally with exosomes derived from Inc-MLETA1-overexpressing or control CL1-0 cells twice a week. Representative bioluminescent images (A), quantification of bioluminescent imaging signal intensities (B), representative images of subcutaneous xenografts (C), tumor volumes (D), and tumor weight (E) are shown. Results are presented as mean \pm SD from three independent experiments. *P < 0.05. Two-tailed Student's t-test.

Figure S5

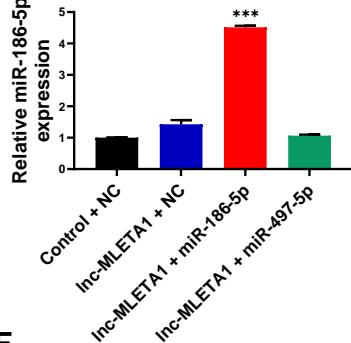
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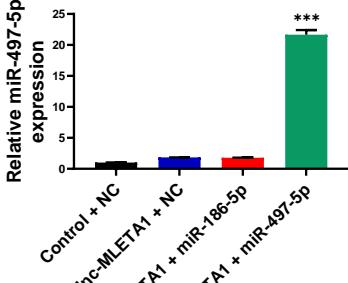
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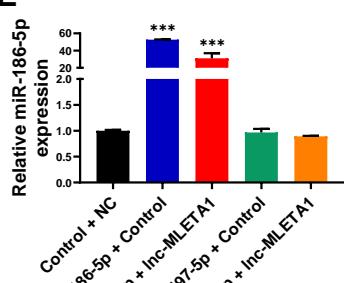
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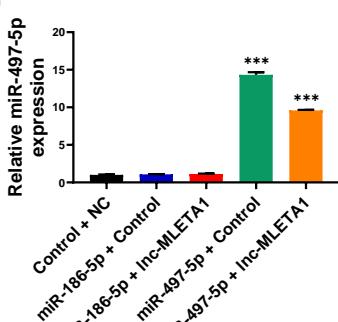
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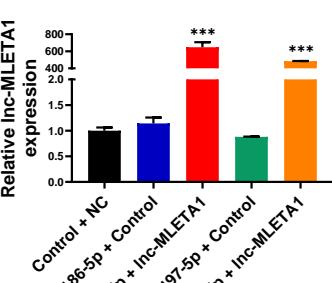
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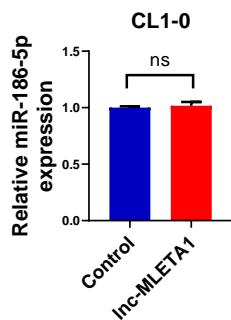
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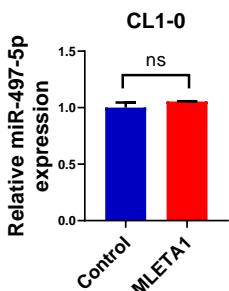
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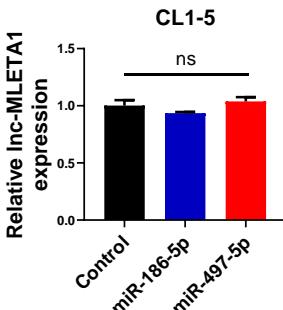
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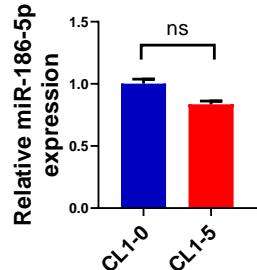
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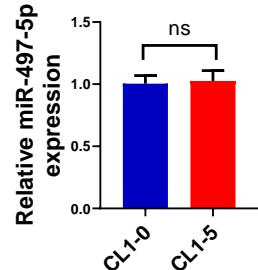
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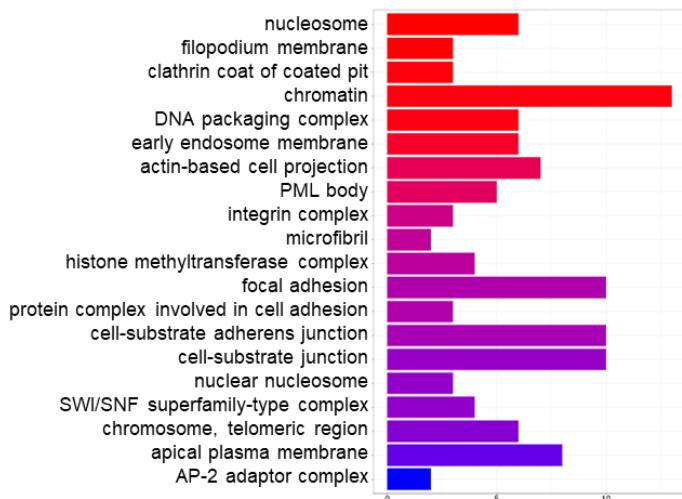
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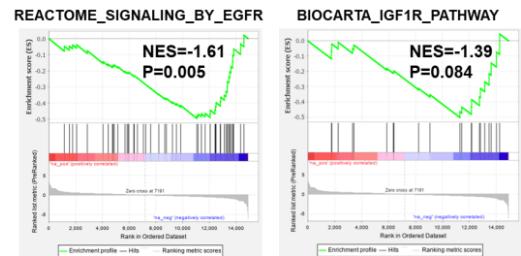
Supplementary Figure 5. Regulatory relationships between Inc-MLETA1 and miR-186-5p or miR-497-5p. A Schematic of predicted binding sites of miR-186-5p and miR-497-5p on Inc-MLETA1. **B-D** qRT-PCR analysis of Inc-MLETA1 (**B**), miR-186-5p (**C**), and miR-497-5p (**D**) expression in CL1-0 cells co-transfected with Inc-MLETA1 plasmids or control plasmids and with miRNA mimics or negative control. **E-G** qRT-PCR analysis of miR-186-5p (**E**), miR-497-5p (**F**), and Inc- MLETA1 (**G**) expression in CL1-5 cells co-transfected with Inc-MLETA1 plasmids or control plasmids and with miRNA mimics or negative control. **H** and **I** qRT-PCR analysis of miR-186-5p (**H**) and miR-497-5p (**I**) expression in CL1-0 cells transfected with Inc-MLETA1 plasmids or control plasmids. **J** qRT-PCR analysis of Inc-MLETA1 expression in CL1-5 cells transfected with miR-186-5p, miR-497-5p or negative control. **K** and **L** qRT-PCR analysis of miR-186-5p (**K**) and miR-497-5p (**L**) expression in CL1-0 and CL1-5 cells. Results are presented as mean \pm SD from three independent experiments. *** $P < 0.001$. Two-tailed Student's *t*-test.

Figure S6

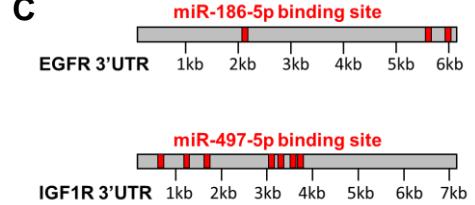
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B



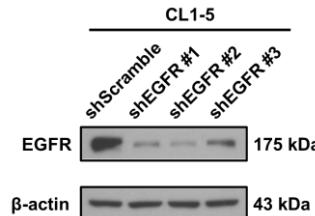
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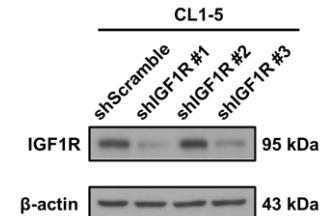
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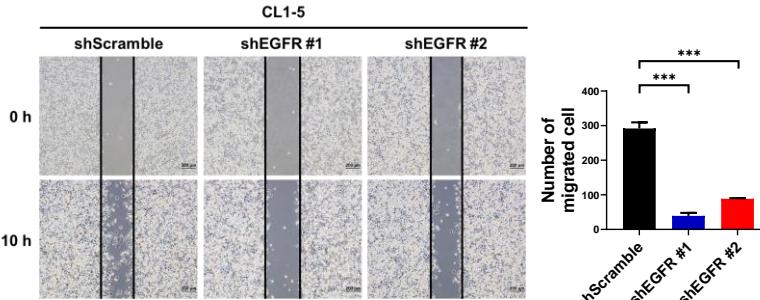
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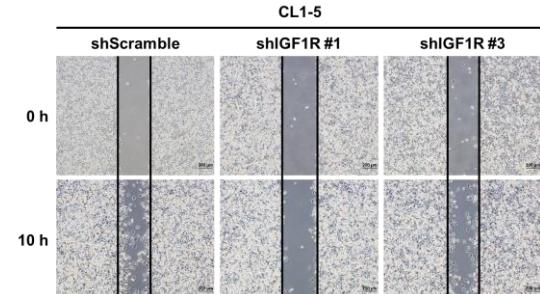
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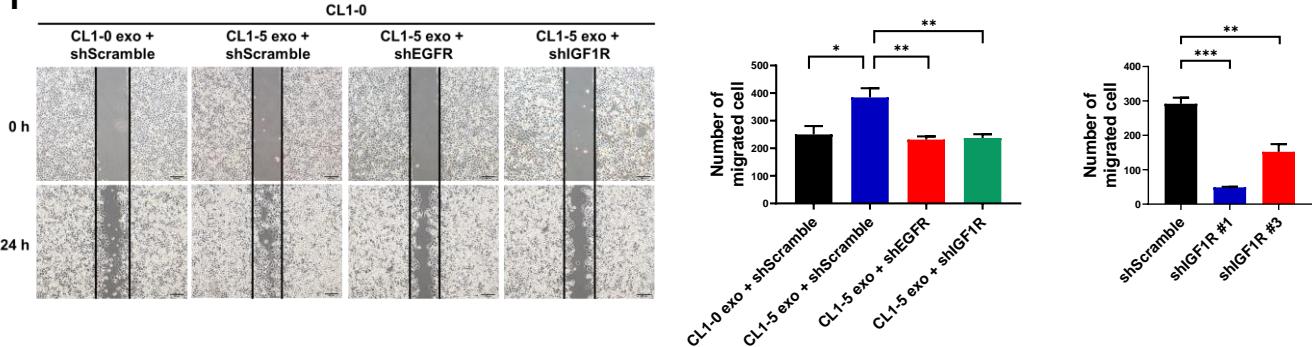
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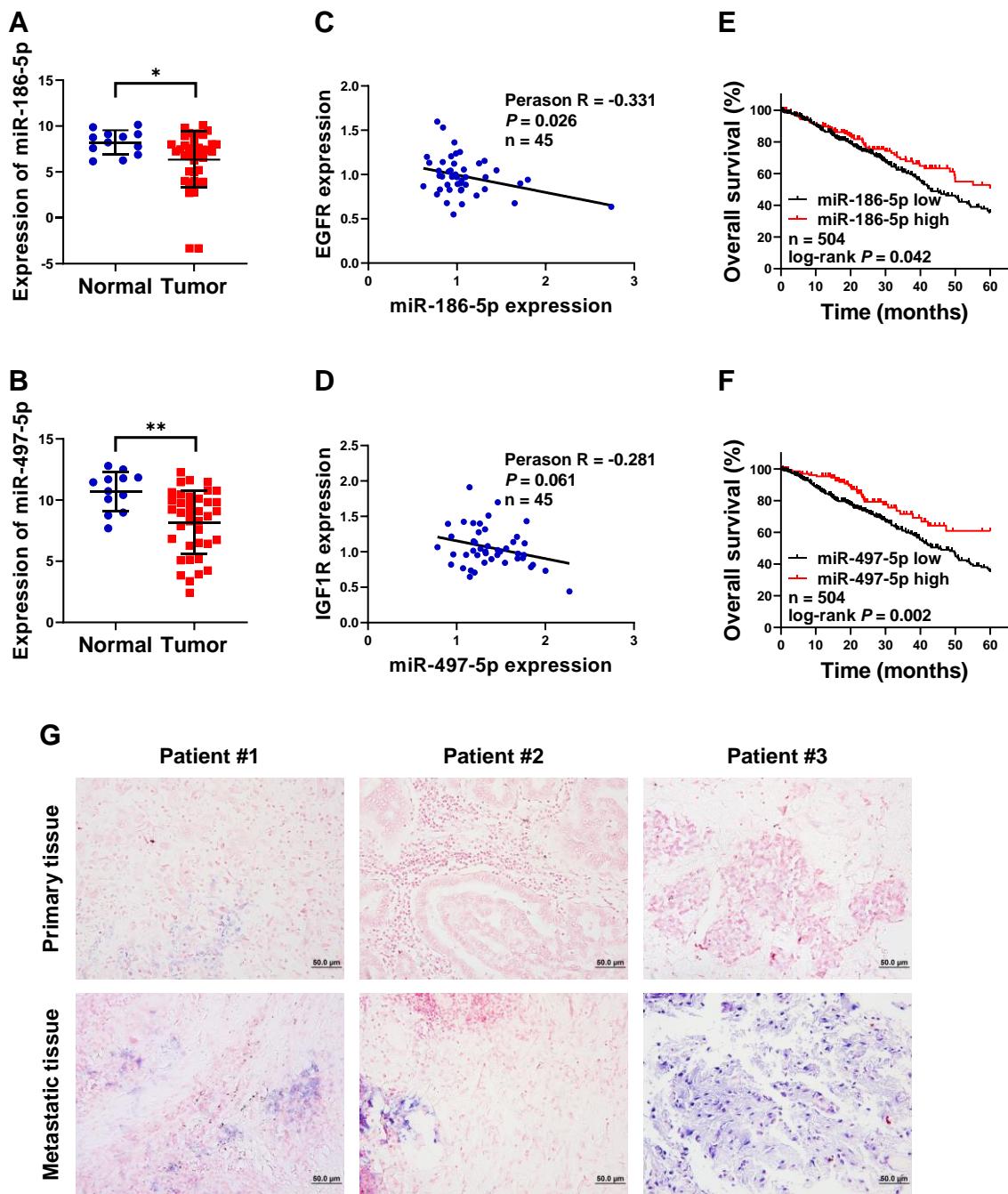


I



Supplementary Figure 6. Knockdown of EGFR and IGF1R attenuates lung cancer cell migration. A Gene ontology (GO) analysis of the DEGs in Inc-MLETA1-knockdown cells versus control cells. B Gene Set Enrichment Analysis (GSEA) of published EGFR and IGF1R signaling pathway signatures in Inc-MLETA1-knockdown cells versus control cells. C and D Schematic of predicted binding sites of miR-186-5p on EGFR 3'UTR and miR-497-5p on IGF1R 3'UTR. E Western blot analysis of EGFR expression of EGFR-knockdown and control CL1-5 cells. F Western blot analysis of IGF1R expression of IGF1R-knockdown and control CL1-5 cells. G Left: representative images of wound-healing assay of EGFR-knockdown and control CL1-5 cells for 10 h. Scale bar, 200 μ m. Right: the number of migrated cells was calculated. H Upper: representative images of wound-healing assay of IGF1R-knockdown and control CL1-5 cells for 10 h. Scale bar, 200 μ m. Lower: the number of migrated cells was calculated. I Left: representative images of wound-healing assay of CL1-0 cells pre-incubated with CL1-0 or CL1-5 exosomes and transfected with shEGFR, shIGF1R, or control shScramble for 48 h. Scale bar, 200 μ m. Right: the number of migrated cells was counted. Results are presented as mean \pm SD from three independent experiments. * P < 0.05, ** P < 0.01, *** P < 0.001. Two-tailed Student's t -test.

Figure S7



Supplementary Figure 7. miR-186-5p and miR-497-5p are downregulated in tumor tissues and predicts good survival in lung cancer patients. **A and B** The expression of miR-186-5p (**A**) and miR-497-5p (**B**) between non-tumor and tumor tissue in the GSE169587 dataset. The data were analyzed with two-tailed Student's *t*-test. **C** The Pearson correlation analysis of the expression of miR-186-5p and EGFR in the GSE19188 dataset. **D** The Pearson correlation analysis of the expression of miR-497-5p and IGF1R in the GSE19188 dataset. **E and F** Kaplan-Meier analysis of overall survival in lung adenocarcinoma patients with high or low miR-186-5p (**E**) and miR-497-5p (**F**) expression. The patients were split by the auto-selected best cutoff and the data were analyzed with log-rank test. **G** Representative microscopic images of *in situ* hybridization (ISH) staining in the primary and metastatic tissue. Scale bar, 50 μ m. Results are presented as mean \pm SD. * P < 0.05, ** P < 0.01.

Table S1

Supplementary Table S1 Correlations between exosomal Inc-MLETA1 expression and lung cancer diagnosis.

Variables	Low exo MLETA1 (n = 24)	High exo MLETA1 (n = 24)	P value
Diagnosis			0.02*
Normal	7	1	
Tumor	17	23	

The expression level of exosomal Inc-MLETA1 was examined by RT-qPCR. The subjects were split by the median concentration of Inc-MLETA1 and the data were analyzed with Chi-squared test. *P* values < 0.05 were considered statistically significant.

Table S2**Supplementary Table S2 Sequences of primers/shRNA/LNA used in this study.**

qRT-PCR	Inc-MLETA1	Forward	CTAGGGCTCTCCTGGCTGTA
		Reverse	TGCAACTTGAGGCAACAAACG
Inc-OR8D4-4		Forward	TGGAGTCTTGGCAGCTGATG
		Reverse	GGAGGGCTGAAGAACGACAA
Inc-DLK1-35		Forward	GGGCATTAAGCCCTGACCTT
		Reverse	CCTTGGGGAGGGAAACACTC
LINC00665		Forward	GTGTGAGTCCTCAGTCTTGGG
		Reverse	CCGGTGGACGGATGAGAAC
LINC00189		Forward	GGCCTTGGAGAGAAAACTTGC
		Reverse	CAGGCCAAAAGCTGGCAAAG
IER3-AS1		Forward	CCCTCTTGAGGCCGGGAATC
		Reverse	TGAAGTCGCCCTTAGGGTGG
Inc-RSF1-1		Forward	CACCGGCTGAGTGGATTCAA
		Reverse	AGGAGTGGAGATGACAGGCT
Inc-TNS4-4		Forward	GCTCCGGTCTCGAATTTGG
		Reverse	TGGTAAGGTACCCCTGGCA
Inc-SPIN1-1:4		Forward	GAAGAGTCATGGCCTTGGT
		Reverse	CAGGAGCAGTGGTTCACTATG
Inc-SPIN1-1:2		Forward	ATTCATCCAGCAACCCTCTT
		Reverse	GGATGTGTCTGTGAAGGTGTT
Inc-ZNF37A-19		Forward	GGATTGTAATGGAAAGATATCAAATG
		Reverse	CCAGTCCATTCCAATTGATT
Inc-ZNF611-1		Forward	GAACAACAGGATGAGTGGTTG
		Reverse	GGCTACTTGAACTGTGCATGTC
Inc-CMTM3-1		Forward	CCTAGACAACCTGGTAACCTACAC
		Reverse	CAAGGAGACCGGTTGGATT
Inc-ZNF66-9		Forward	TCAGGAAGCACGTTTCAGG
		Reverse	TTGTCCTCAGCAGCAGCTT
EGFR		Forward	TGAGCTCTTGAGTGCAACC
		Reverse	GTGGGGTCTGAGCTGTATCG
IGF1R		Forward	TGTCCAGGCCAAACAGGAT
		Reverse	CATTCCCCAGCCTGCTGTTA
GAPDH		Forward	TGAAGGTCGGAGTCAACGGATT
		Reverse	CCTGGAAGATGGTGTAGGGATT
18S rRNA		Forward	GTAACCCGTTGAACCCCATT
		Reverse	CCATCCAATCGGTAGTAGCG
shRNA	shScramble		CCTAAGGTTAACGTGCCCTCG
	shlnc-MLETA1 #1		GCACTCTCTCTCTGAATCC
	shlnc-MLETA1 #2		GCTGGAGGCTGGAGCTCTAAG
	shEGFR #1		GAGAATGTGGAATACCTAAGG
	shEGFR #2		GCCACAAAGCAGTGAATTAT
	shEGFR #3		CCTCCAGAGGATGTTCAATAA
	shIGF1R #1		CATGTACTGCATCCCTGTGA
	shIGF1R #2		GAGACAGAGTACCCCTTCTT
	shIGF1R #3		CTTCGAGATGACCAATCTCAA
LNA	Inc-MLETA1 LNA		GAGGTAGGAGGCGTGG