

Poly[tri- μ -aqua-diaqua- μ -phosphonoformato-cobalt(II)sodium]

 Xu-Jian Luo^a and Xiu-Qing Zhang^{b*}
^aCollege of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Central South University, Changsha 410083, People's Republic of China, and ^bCollege of Chemistry and Bioengineering, Guilin University of Technology, Guilin 541004, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zqx0537@126.com

Received 26 March 2013; accepted 9 May 2013

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 223$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{O}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.035; wR factor = 0.066; data-to-parameter ratio = 10.1.

The title complex, $[\text{CoNa}(\text{CO}_5\text{P})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5]_n$, was obtained by reacting sodium phosphonoformate with cobalt nitrate. The complex contains cobalt(II) and sodium ions, which are bridged by the O atoms of two aqua ligands. The Co^{II} ion is octahedrally coordinated by three phosphonoformato ligands (one bi- and the other monodentate) and by two O atoms from the bridging aqua ligands. The sodium cation is hexacoordinated by six O atoms from four bridging and two terminal aqua ligands. The complex molecules are linked to give a three-dimensional structure by phosphonoformate ligands bridging Co^{II} atoms and water molecules establishing cobalt–sodium bridges. O–H...O hydrogen bonding between the aqua ligands and all O atoms of the phosphonoformato ligand and neighbouring aqua ligands help to consolidate the packing.

Related literature

For biological applications of organophosphorus complexes, see: Xue *et al.* (2010); Torres Martin de Rosales *et al.* (2009); Galanski *et al.* (2003); Margiotta *et al.* (2007); Mesri *et al.* (1996).

Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{CoNa}(\text{CO}_5\text{P})(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5]$	$V = 917.5$ (4) Å ³
$M_r = 294.98$	$Z = 4$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.299$ (2) Å	$\mu = 2.13$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 11.785$ (3) Å	$T = 223$ K
$c = 9.769$ (3) Å	$0.30 \times 0.14 \times 0.05$ mm
$\beta = 106.204$ (4)°	

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn diffractometer	3715 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>REQAB</i> ; Jacobson, 1998)	1691 independent reflections
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.636$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.899$	1539 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	10 restraints
$wR(F^2) = 0.066$	All H-atom parameters refined
$S = 1.09$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37$ e Å ⁻³
1691 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.45$ e Å ⁻³
168 parameters	

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O10–H10B...O4 ⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.99 (1)	2.805 (3)	173 (4)
O10–H10A...O5 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.99 (3)	2.736 (3)	151 (5)
O9–H9B...O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.87 (1)	2.683 (3)	178 (4)
O9–H9A...O5 ^{iv}	0.82 (1)	1.98 (1)	2.790 (4)	171 (4)
O8–H8B...O4 ^v	0.82 (1)	2.24 (2)	2.988 (4)	152 (3)
O8–H8A...O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.94 (1)	2.751 (3)	168 (4)
O7–H7B...O10 ^{vi}	0.82 (1)	1.88 (1)	2.703 (4)	177 (4)
O7–H7A...O5 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.96 (2)	2.757 (3)	166 (5)
O6–H6B...O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	2.02 (2)	2.806 (3)	161 (4)
O6–H6A...O3 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.97 (2)	2.698 (3)	148 (4)

 Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1, -y+\frac{3}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x, y+\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{3}{2}$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (iv) $-x, -y+1, -z+2$; (v) $x+1, y, z$; (vi) $x, -y+\frac{3}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 1999); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS & Rigaku, 2000); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

The authors thank the Foundation of State Key Laboratory Cultivation Base for the Chemistry and Molecular Engineering of Medicinal Resources (CMEMR2012-A11) and the Research Projects of Guangxi Department of Education (201010LX200) for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IM2427).

References

- Galanski, M., Slaby, S., Jakupec, M. A. & Keppler, B. K. (2003). *J. Med. Chem.* **46**, 4946–4951.
- Jacobson, R. (1998). *REQAB*. Private communication to the Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Margiotta, N., Ostuni, R., Teoli, D., Morpurgo, M., Realdon, N., Palazzo, B. & Natile, G. (2007). *Dalton Trans.* pp. 3131–3139.
- Mesri, E. A., Cesarman, E., Arvanitakis, L., Rafii, S., Moore, M. A., Posnett, D. N., Knowles, D. M. & Asch, A. S. (1996). *J. Exp. Med.* **183**, 2385–2390.
- Rigaku (1999). *CrystalClear*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Rigaku/MS & Rigaku (2000). *CrystalStructure*. Rigaku/MS, The Woodlands, Texas, USA, and Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Torres Martin de Rosales, R., Finucane, C., Mather, S. J. & Blower, P. J. (2009). *Chem. Commun.* **32**, 4847–4849.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.
- Xue, Z., Lin, M., Zhu, J., Zhang, J., Li, Y. & Guo, Z. (2010). *Chem. Commun.* **46**, 1212–1214.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, i35 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813012853]

Poly[tri- μ -aqua-diaqua- μ -phosphonofornato-cobalt(II)sodium]**Xu-Jian Luo and Xiu-Qing Zhang****Comment**

Organophosphates have been widely used in medicinal chemistry and life science. They play an important role in life processes of substance transportation and energy transformation, and are also important for biological substances, such as ATP, DNA, RNA, *etc.* Bisphosphonates (BPs) are metabolically stable analogues of pyrophosphates. They have a very high affinity to calcium ions and therefore show a very strong inhibitory effect on osteoclastic resorption. They are used as therapeutic agents for several bone-related diseases. Fosfarnet and phosphonoacetic acid are known to inhibit viral DNA polymerase, inhibit the replication of herpes viruses, and also inhibit retroviruses (Mesri *et al.*, 1996). Recently, several bifunctional metal-phosphonate complexes have been explored (Galanski *et al.*, 2003; Margiotta *et al.*, 2007; Xue *et al.*, 2010; Torres Martin de Rosales *et al.*, 2009).

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. Each Co(II) ion is in an octahedral environment coordinated by two O atoms (O1, O4) from a chelating phosphonofornate ligand, two O atoms (O6, O7) from two bridging water molecules and two O atoms (O2A, O3B) from two other phosphonofornates. Similarly, the Na(I) ion is coordinated by four O atoms (O6, O7, O8, O9) from four bridging water molecules and two O atoms (O9C, O10) from two terminal water ligands. The complex is linked to 3-D structure by phosphonofornate ligands bridging cobalt atoms and water molecules establishing cobalt sodium bridges (Fig. 2).

Experimental

An aqueous solution (15 ml) of $\text{Co}(\text{NO}_3)_2 \times 6 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (0.145 g, 0.5 mmol) was added dropwisely to an aqueous solution (15 ml) of sodium phosphonofornate (0.180 g, 0.6 mmol) at 323 K. The resulting mixture was refluxed for 3 h, and then the aqueous solution was allowed to cool down to room temperature. Pink block shaped crystals suitable for X-ray single diffraction analysis were harvested by slow evaporation (yield, 65%).

Refinement

H atoms of the water molecules were located in a difference Fourier map and refined, with O—H distances restrained to 0.82 Å.

Computing details

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 1999); cell refinement: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 1999); data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS & Rigaku, 2000); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

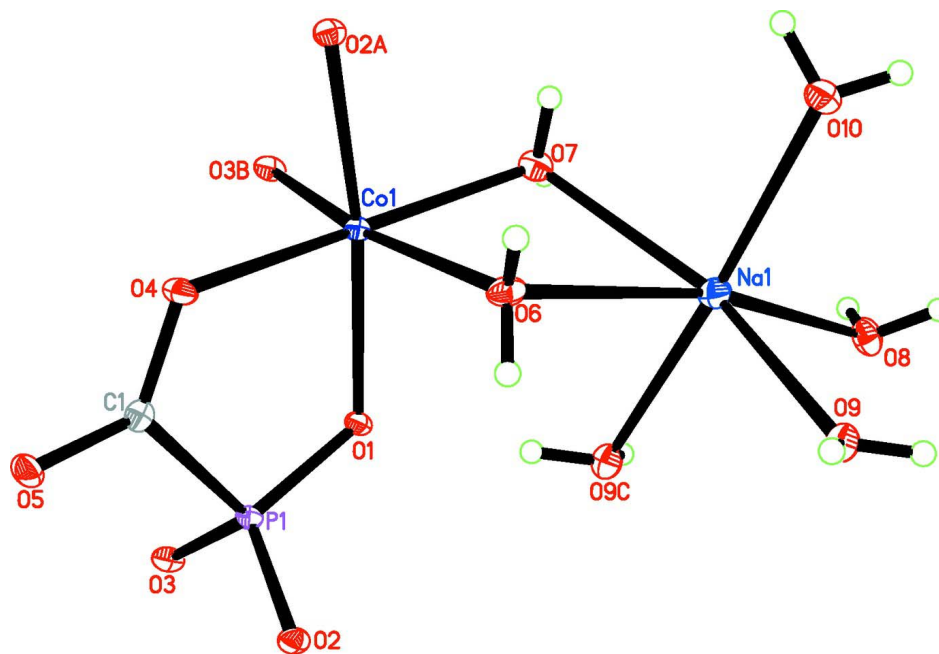


Figure 1

Molecular structure of one repeating unit of the coordination polymer with the atom-numbering scheme displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

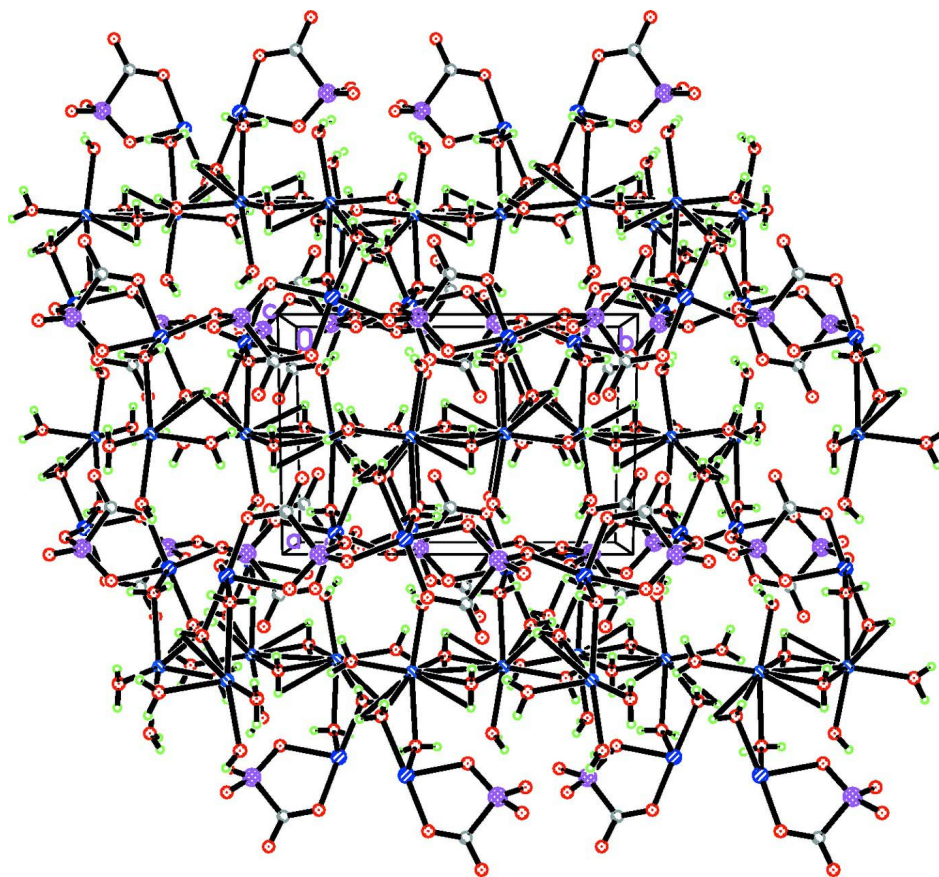


Figure 2

Packing diagram of the title compound viewed along c axis.

Poly[tri- μ -aqua-diaqua- μ -phosphonofornato-cobalt(II)sodium]

Crystal data

[CoNa(CO₅P)(H₂O)₅]

$M_r = 294.98$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.299$ (2) Å

$b = 11.785$ (3) Å

$c = 9.769$ (3) Å

$\beta = 106.204$ (4)°

$V = 917.5$ (4) Å³

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 596$

$D_x = 2.135$ Mg m⁻³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71075$ Å

Cell parameters from 3028 reflections

$\theta = 3.1$ – 27.5 °

$\mu = 2.13$ mm⁻¹

$T = 223$ K

Block, pink

$0.30 \times 0.14 \times 0.05$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku Saturn
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 14.63 pixels mm⁻¹

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*REQAB*; Jacobson, 1998)

$T_{\min} = 0.636$, $T_{\max} = 0.899$

3715 measured reflections

1691 independent reflections

1539 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 10$

$k = -12 \rightarrow 14$
 $l = -11 \rightarrow 7$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.066$
 $S = 1.09$
 1691 reflections
 168 parameters
 10 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 All H-atom parameters refined
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0277P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.45 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Co1	0.08112 (5)	0.64526 (3)	0.69444 (4)	0.01133 (13)
P1	-0.00606 (10)	0.38705 (6)	0.65570 (8)	0.01079 (19)
Na1	0.49306 (16)	0.63218 (10)	0.95685 (13)	0.0201 (3)
O1	0.1359 (3)	0.47211 (16)	0.6737 (2)	0.0137 (5)
O2	0.0139 (3)	0.30646 (17)	0.7807 (2)	0.0146 (5)
O3	-0.0498 (3)	0.32183 (16)	0.5160 (2)	0.0147 (5)
O4	-0.1606 (3)	0.58356 (16)	0.6816 (2)	0.0158 (5)
O5	-0.3256 (3)	0.43235 (17)	0.6558 (2)	0.0189 (5)
O6	0.1718 (3)	0.62170 (19)	0.9232 (2)	0.0179 (5)
H6A	0.139 (5)	0.668 (3)	0.971 (4)	0.047 (14)*
H6B	0.164 (4)	0.5600 (16)	0.960 (3)	0.024 (10)*
O7	0.3298 (3)	0.71602 (19)	0.7377 (3)	0.0171 (5)
H7A	0.313 (6)	0.777 (2)	0.770 (5)	0.088 (19)*
H7B	0.388 (4)	0.706 (3)	0.683 (3)	0.029 (11)*
O8	0.7866 (3)	0.6010 (2)	0.9711 (3)	0.0226 (6)
H8A	0.850 (4)	0.636 (3)	1.038 (3)	0.048 (14)*
H8B	0.816 (4)	0.619 (3)	0.901 (2)	0.027 (11)*
O9	0.5412 (3)	0.5383 (2)	1.1731 (3)	0.0189 (5)
H9A	0.473 (3)	0.540 (3)	1.220 (3)	0.031 (12)*
H9B	0.639 (2)	0.537 (3)	1.221 (4)	0.040 (13)*
O10	0.5291 (3)	0.8103 (2)	1.0633 (3)	0.0219 (6)
H10A	0.484 (7)	0.866 (3)	1.017 (5)	0.12 (2)*
H10B	0.620 (3)	0.839 (3)	1.104 (4)	0.043 (13)*
C1	-0.1872 (4)	0.4775 (2)	0.6624 (3)	0.0133 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Co1	0.0135 (2)	0.0099 (2)	0.0113 (2)	-0.00024 (18)	0.00465 (17)	0.00001 (17)
P1	0.0130 (4)	0.0095 (4)	0.0109 (4)	0.0001 (3)	0.0048 (3)	0.0003 (3)
Na1	0.0223 (7)	0.0168 (6)	0.0199 (7)	0.0021 (6)	0.0037 (6)	-0.0001 (5)
O1	0.0123 (11)	0.0095 (10)	0.0190 (12)	-0.0013 (9)	0.0040 (9)	0.0003 (9)
O2	0.0205 (12)	0.0125 (10)	0.0101 (11)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0030 (9)	0.0013 (9)
O3	0.0230 (13)	0.0117 (10)	0.0101 (11)	-0.0018 (9)	0.0055 (10)	-0.0005 (9)
O4	0.0170 (12)	0.0103 (10)	0.0222 (12)	-0.0006 (9)	0.0090 (10)	-0.0009 (9)
O5	0.0135 (12)	0.0158 (11)	0.0286 (14)	-0.0032 (10)	0.0078 (10)	0.0000 (10)
O6	0.0261 (14)	0.0141 (12)	0.0152 (12)	0.0033 (11)	0.0085 (11)	0.0011 (11)
O7	0.0197 (14)	0.0171 (12)	0.0173 (13)	0.0003 (11)	0.0096 (11)	-0.0026 (10)
O8	0.0244 (14)	0.0275 (13)	0.0157 (14)	-0.0062 (11)	0.0054 (12)	-0.0047 (12)
O9	0.0153 (14)	0.0238 (13)	0.0187 (14)	0.0017 (11)	0.0065 (12)	0.0003 (10)
O10	0.0221 (15)	0.0181 (12)	0.0250 (15)	-0.0031 (11)	0.0059 (12)	-0.0010 (11)
C1	0.0145 (17)	0.0158 (16)	0.0098 (17)	0.0013 (14)	0.0038 (14)	-0.0018 (13)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Co1—O3 ⁱ	2.036 (2)	Na1—H7A	2.64 (4)
Co1—O2 ⁱⁱ	2.097 (2)	O2—Co1 ^{iv}	2.097 (2)
Co1—O4	2.104 (2)	O3—Co1 ⁱ	2.036 (2)
Co1—O1	2.113 (2)	O4—C1	1.274 (3)
Co1—O7	2.156 (3)	O5—C1	1.251 (4)
Co1—O6	2.168 (2)	O6—H6A	0.819 (10)
P1—O1	1.519 (2)	O6—H6B	0.820 (10)
P1—O2	1.519 (2)	O7—H7A	0.817 (10)
P1—O3	1.520 (2)	O7—H7B	0.820 (10)
P1—C1	1.859 (3)	O8—H8A	0.821 (10)
Na1—O9	2.319 (3)	O8—H8B	0.817 (10)
Na1—O10	2.325 (3)	O9—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.351 (3)
Na1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.351 (3)	O9—H9A	0.822 (10)
Na1—O7	2.404 (3)	O9—H9B	0.818 (10)
Na1—O8	2.429 (3)	O10—H10A	0.822 (10)
Na1—O6	2.596 (3)	O10—H10B	0.818 (10)
Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	3.221 (2)		
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O2 ⁱⁱ	89.89 (8)	O8—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	82.90 (8)
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O4	98.89 (9)	O6—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.00 (7)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O4	86.39 (8)	O9—Na1—H7A	149.2 (10)
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O1	93.29 (8)	O10—Na1—H7A	72.6 (5)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O1	169.80 (9)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—H7A	102.7 (5)
O4—Co1—O1	83.54 (8)	O7—Na1—H7A	17.9 (5)
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O7	88.26 (9)	O8—Na1—H7A	120.2 (11)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O7	89.84 (9)	O6—Na1—H7A	65.1 (11)
O4—Co1—O7	171.90 (9)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—H7A	141.2 (8)
O1—Co1—O7	99.94 (9)	P1—O1—Co1	117.89 (13)
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O6	167.17 (9)	P1—O2—Co1 ^{iv}	134.36 (12)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O6	91.74 (8)	P1—O3—Co1 ⁱ	137.88 (13)

O4—Co1—O6	93.92 (9)	C1—O4—Co1	118.1 (2)
O1—Co1—O6	87.32 (8)	Co1—O6—Na1	99.98 (10)
O7—Co1—O6	79.02 (9)	Co1—O6—H6A	116 (3)
O1—P1—O2	114.36 (12)	Na1—O6—H6A	113 (3)
O1—P1—O3	114.88 (13)	Co1—O6—H6B	121 (2)
O2—P1—O3	110.56 (12)	Na1—O6—H6B	101 (2)
O1—P1—C1	103.06 (13)	H6A—O6—H6B	105 (4)
O2—P1—C1	103.76 (14)	Co1—O7—Na1	106.63 (11)
O3—P1—C1	109.21 (12)	Co1—O7—H7A	99 (4)
O9—Na1—O10	93.19 (10)	Na1—O7—H7A	98 (3)
O9—Na1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	92.76 (10)	Co1—O7—H7B	121 (3)
O10—Na1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	173.87 (11)	Na1—O7—H7B	103 (2)
O9—Na1—O7	156.76 (11)	H7A—O7—H7B	125 (4)
O10—Na1—O7	89.86 (9)	Na1—O8—H8A	112 (3)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O7	85.24 (9)	Na1—O8—H8B	116 (3)
O9—Na1—O8	87.73 (10)	H8A—O8—H8B	105 (4)
O10—Na1—O8	96.27 (10)	Na1—O9—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	87.24 (10)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O8	82.52 (10)	Na1—O9—H9A	122 (3)
O7—Na1—O8	114.84 (10)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O9—H9A	109 (3)
O9—Na1—O6	90.14 (9)	Na1—O9—H9B	115 (3)
O10—Na1—O6	95.69 (9)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —O9—H9B	104 (3)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O6	85.74 (9)	H9A—O9—H9B	114 (4)
O7—Na1—O6	66.63 (9)	Na1—O10—H10A	119 (4)
O8—Na1—O6	167.95 (9)	Na1—O10—H10B	125 (3)
O9—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	46.79 (7)	H10A—O10—H10B	99 (4)
O10—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	139.96 (10)	O5—C1—O4	123.0 (3)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	45.97 (7)	O5—C1—P1	119.6 (2)
O7—Na1—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	126.93 (8)	O4—C1—P1	117.3 (2)
O2—P1—O1—Co1	-112.78 (14)	O7—Na1—O6—Co1	20.00 (8)
O3—P1—O1—Co1	117.81 (14)	O8—Na1—O6—Co1	-79.7 (5)
C1—P1—O1—Co1	-0.87 (16)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O6—Co1	-112.70 (8)
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O1—P1	-96.88 (14)	O3 ⁱ —Co1—O7—Na1	-154.99 (11)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O1—P1	11.0 (5)	O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O7—Na1	115.12 (11)
O4—Co1—O1—P1	1.70 (13)	O4—Co1—O7—Na1	52.9 (6)
O7—Co1—O1—P1	174.31 (13)	O1—Co1—O7—Na1	-61.95 (11)
O6—Co1—O1—P1	95.95 (14)	O6—Co1—O7—Na1	23.32 (10)
O1—P1—O2—Co1 ^{iv}	-157.24 (16)	O9—Na1—O7—Co1	-19.2 (3)
O3—P1—O2—Co1 ^{iv}	-25.7 (2)	O10—Na1—O7—Co1	-116.96 (11)
C1—P1—O2—Co1 ^{iv}	91.3 (2)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O7—Co1	66.71 (11)
O1—P1—O3—Co1 ⁱ	-43.0 (2)	O8—Na1—O7—Co1	146.19 (10)
O2—P1—O3—Co1 ⁱ	-174.31 (17)	O6—Na1—O7—Co1	-20.70 (9)
C1—P1—O3—Co1 ⁱ	72.1 (2)	Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O7—Co1	45.96 (16)
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O4—C1	89.9 (2)	O10—Na1—O9—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	-178.55 (11)
O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O4—C1	179.2 (2)	O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O9—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.0
O1—Co1—O4—C1	-2.5 (2)	O7—Na1—O9—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	84.4 (2)
O7—Co1—O4—C1	-118.4 (6)	O8—Na1—O9—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	-82.39 (9)
O6—Co1—O4—C1	-89.3 (2)	O6—Na1—O9—Na1 ⁱⁱⁱ	85.74 (9)
O3 ⁱ —Co1—O6—Na1	-13.2 (4)	Co1—O4—C1—O5	178.7 (2)

O2 ⁱⁱ —Co1—O6—Na1	-110.39 (9)	Co1—O4—C1—P1	2.6 (3)
O4—Co1—O6—Na1	163.11 (8)	O1—P1—C1—O5	-177.4 (2)
O1—Co1—O6—Na1	79.78 (9)	O2—P1—C1—O5	-57.9 (3)
O7—Co1—O6—Na1	-20.89 (9)	O3—P1—C1—O5	60.1 (3)
O9—Na1—O6—Co1	-159.41 (9)	O1—P1—C1—O4	-1.1 (3)
O10—Na1—O6—Co1	107.37 (10)	O2—P1—C1—O4	118.4 (2)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —Na1—O6—Co1	-66.65 (10)	O3—P1—C1—O4	-123.7 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (iv) $-x, y-1/2, -z+3/2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ($\text{\AA}, ^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O10—H10B \cdots O4 ^v	0.82 (1)	1.99 (1)	2.805 (3)	173 (4)
O10—H10A \cdots O5 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.99 (3)	2.736 (3)	151 (5)
O9—H9B \cdots O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.87 (1)	2.683 (3)	178 (4)
O9—H9A \cdots O5 ^{vi}	0.82 (1)	1.98 (1)	2.790 (4)	171 (4)
O8—H8B \cdots O4 ^{vii}	0.82 (1)	2.24 (2)	2.988 (4)	152 (3)
O8—H8A \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.94 (1)	2.751 (3)	168 (4)
O7—H7B \cdots O10 ^{viii}	0.82 (1)	1.88 (1)	2.703 (4)	177 (4)
O7—H7A \cdots O5 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.96 (2)	2.757 (3)	166 (5)
O6—H6B \cdots O8 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	2.02 (2)	2.806 (3)	161 (4)
O6—H6A \cdots O3 ⁱⁱ	0.82 (1)	1.97 (2)	2.698 (3)	148 (4)

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$; (v) $x+1, -y+3/2, z+1/2$; (vi) $-x, -y+1, -z+2$; (vii) $x+1, y, z$; (viii) $x, -y+3/2, z-1/2$.