



## Corrigendum to “PTGER3 induces ovary tumorigenesis and confers resistance to cisplatin therapy through up-regulation Ras-MAPK/Erk-ETS1-ELK1/CFTR1 axis” [EBioMedicine 40 (2019) 290-304]

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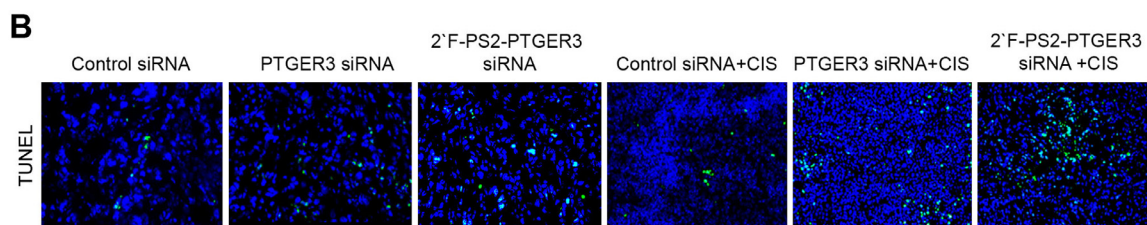
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The authors noticed that in [Figure 6B](#), the TUNEL staining panel for the “PTGER3 siRNA” group was inadvertently duplicated in the next position for the group of “2’F-PS2-PTGER3 siRNA”. Below is the corrected version of [Figure 6B](#) TUNEL staining panels with a new representative image for the 2’F-PS2-PTGER3 siRNA group. This change does not affect the results or conclusions.

The authors apologize for any inconvenience caused.

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**Figure 6B.** Immunohistochemical analysis of Ki-67, CD-31, TUNEL and cisplatin uptake in mouse xenograft A2780-CP20 and OVCAR5 cisplatin-resistant tumors. The analysis showed that treatment with MSV-DOPC-PTGER3-siRNA or DOPC-2’-F-PS2-PTGER3 and/or combination with cisplatin reduced proliferation and angiogenesis and increased apoptosis in vivo. (A, B). Tumor tissue platinum uptake showed significantly greater accumulation of cisplatin in DOPC-PTGER3 siRNA and with greater uptake for DOPC-2’-F-PS2-PTGER3 in combination with cisplatin (C). Means  $\pm$  SEM are shown. \*, P b .05; \*\*, P b .01; \*\*\*, P b .001. 302 C. Rodriguez-Aguayo et al. / EBioMedicine 40 (2019) 290-304.

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