



Corrigendum: Interleukin-7 Induces Osteoclast Formation *via* STAT5, Independent of Receptor Activator of NF-kappaB Ligand

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OPEN ACCESS

Edited by:

Heiko Mühl, Goethe University Frankfurt, Germany

Reviewed by:

Hans Dooms, Boston University, United States

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Specialty section:

This article was submitted to Inflammation, a section of the journal Frontiers in Immunology

Received: 20 November 2017 Accepted: 23 November 2017 Published: 07 December 2017

Citation:

Kim J-H, Sim JH, Lee S, Seol MA, Ye S-K, Shin HM, Lee EB, Lee YJ, Choi YJ, Yoo W-H, Kim JH, Kim W-U, Lee D-S, Kim J-H, Kang I, Kang SW and Kim H-R (2017) Corrigendum: Interleukin-7 Induces Osteoclast Formation via STAT5, Independent of Receptor Activator of NF-kappaB Ligand. Front. Immunol. 8:1735. doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2017.01735

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Keywords: osteoclast, intereleukin-7, intereleukin-7 receptor alpha, STAT5, RANKL, monocyte

A corrigendum on

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Interleukin-7 Induces Osteoclast Formation *via* STAT5, Independent of Receptor Activator of NF-kappaB Ligand

by Kim JH, Sim JH, Lee S, Seol MA, Ye SK, Shin HM, et al. Front Immunol (2017) 8:1376. doi: 10.3389/fimmu.2017.01376

In the original article, there was a mistake in the legend for **Figure 2** as published. Here, the expression "SFMCs from healthy individuals" should be corrected to "SFMCs". The correct legend appears below. The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way.

FIGURE 2 | Interleukin (IL)-7 induced osteoclast formation in synovial fluid mononuclear cells (SFMCs) from joint fluid of rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients. SFMCs were cultured with M-CSF (20 ng/mL), RANKL (50 ng/mL), or IL-7 (2 ng/mL) for 10 days by replacing the medium at 3-day intervals with fresh cytokines as described in Figure 1 (left panel). To determine the effect of pretreatment with IL-7, SFMCs were cultured with IL-7 (2 ng/mL) for 3 days, then treated with M-CSF (20 ng/mL), RANKL (50 ng/mL), or IL-7 (2 ng/mL) for 7 days, replacing the medium as described above (right panel). TRAP staining and enumeration were performed as described in Figure 1. Representative images (**A**) and quantification (**B**) of TRAP+ cells at days 10 and 15 are shown. Results are representative of five independent experiments with five different donors. Bars represent the mean and *p* values were obtained using the unpaired two-tailed Student's *t*-test. (**C**) Peripheral blood mononuclear cells were cultured on top of dentine disks in 96-well culture plates in the above condition for 30 days. Then, surface roughness was analyzed as described

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in Figure 1. Results illustrate three independent experiments (n = 3). Roughness parameter and the number of pits were analyzed as described in Figure 1. The graph represents the

Conflict of Interest Statement: The authors declare that the research was conducted in the absence of any commercial or financial relationships that could be construed as a potential conflict of interest.

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mean \pm SEM and p values were obtained using the unpaired two-tailed Student's t-test.

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