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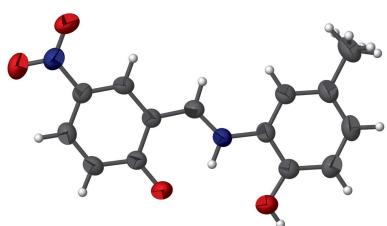
# 6-[(2-Hydroxy-5-methylanilino)methylidene]-4-nitrocyclohexa-2,4-dien-1-one

Uwe Böhme\* and Sabine Fels

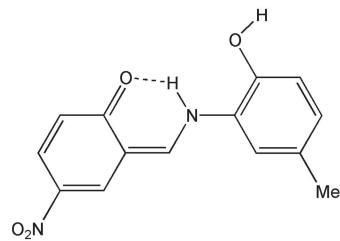
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The title compound,  $C_{14}H_{12}N_2O_4$ , is nearly planar with a dihedral angle between the aromatic rings of  $1.41(8)^\circ$ . The phenolic O atom is deprotonated and the N atom of the azomethine unit carries the proton, thereby forming an intramolecular N—H···O hydrogen bond. In the crystal, the molecules form inversion dimers *via* pairwise O—H···O hydrogen bonds.

## 3D view



## Chemical scheme



## Structure description

Aromatic Schiff bases with *ortho*-hydroxy groups are useful as acyclic polydentate ligands for the preparation of chelate complexes with a wide variety of metal ions (Freeman & White, 1956; Calligaris & Randaccio, 1987; Pettinari *et al.*, 2001; Hernández-Molina & Mederos, 2004). We are working on silicon, tin, and titanium complexes with tridentate *O,N,O*-ligands (Böhme & Günther, 2006, 2007; Böhme *et al.*, 2006; Paul *et al.*, 2014; Warncke *et al.*, 2012, 2016; Schwarzer *et al.*, 2018).

The title compound was prepared in order to extend the series of available ligands. Its preparation was performed according to methods described in the literature for the parent compound salicylidene-*o*-aminophenol (salopH<sub>2</sub>; Freeman & White, 1956; Pettinari *et al.*, 2001) by the reaction of 2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzaldehyde and 2-amino-4-methylphenol in ethanol.

The molecule is nearly planar with a dihedral angle between the aromatic rings of  $1.41(8)^\circ$ . Atom H2 forms an intramolecular hydrogen bond (Table 1, Fig. 1) between the phenolic oxygen atom O1 and N1 of the azomethine unit: the hydrogen atom is localized at a distance of 0.93 (2) Å from N1, indicating the presence of the keto–amine form. The presence of a quinoidal structure is further supported by the shortening of the bond C3—O1 to 1.2734 (19) Å and the lengthening of the adjacent C—C bonds in the phenyl ring [C2—C3 = 1.446 (2), C3—C4 = 1.420 (2) Å] (Nazir *et al.*, 2000; Warncke *et al.*, 2016). There are several structure reports of Schiff bases with an oxygen atom in the *ortho*-



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**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H2 $\cdots$ O1	0.93 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.6065 (18)	138.1 (17)
O2—H9 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.79 (3)	1.81 (3)	2.5817 (18)	163 (3)
C1—H1 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.32	3.220 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x-1, -y+1, -z$ .

position where the intramolecular bridging hydrogen atom is localized at the nitrogen atom (e.g. Pradeep, 2005; Dubs *et al.*, 2000; Höpfl *et al.*, 1998; Böhme & Fels, 2008a,b). The stabilization of salicylidene-imines by ‘resonance-assisted hydrogen bonding’ has been discussed previously (Hökelek *et al.*, 2004).

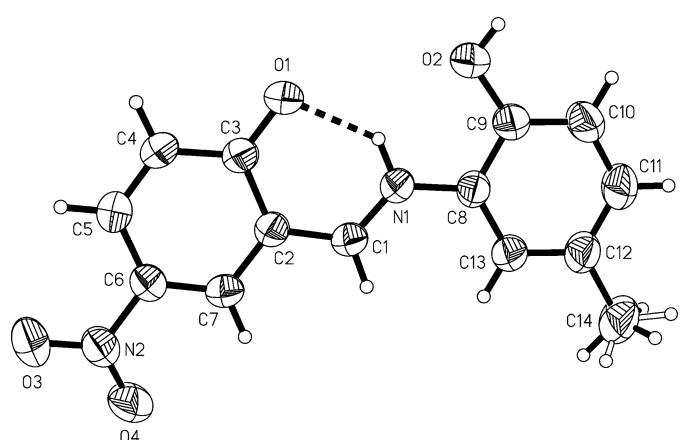
In the crystal, the molecule forms dimers *via* pairwise O2—H9 $\cdots$ O1 hydrogen bonds. An intermolecular C—H $\cdots$ O short contact ( $\text{H}\cdots\text{O} = 2.32 \text{ \AA}$ ) to one of the O atoms of the nitro group is also present.

## Synthesis and crystallization

To 2-amino-4-methylphenol (1.13 g, 9.18 mmol) dissolved in ethanol (80 ml) was added 2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzaldehyde (1.53 g, 9.18 mmol) in ethanol (20 ml). An orange precipitate appeared after addition. The resulting suspension was heated at reflux temperature for 2 h. The precipitate was filtered off and washed with ethanol. After drying, the product was purified by recrystallization from ethanol solution. Yellow solid (2.21 g, 88.4%, m.p. 536 K). NMR (DMSO, 300 K, TMS):  $^1\text{H}$ :  $\delta = 15.76, 10.17$  (*s*, OH, NH, 2H), 9.31 (*s*, CH—N, 1H), 8.59–6.86 (*m*,  $\text{CH}_{\text{ar}}$  ( $\text{ar} = \text{aromatic}$ ) 6H), 2.28 (*s*, Ar—CH<sub>3</sub>, 3H);  $^{13}\text{C}$ : 172.8 (C3), 158.9 (C1), 148.1 (C9), 136.6 (C6), 130.4, 129.8, 129.1, 128.7, 128.6, 120.6, 118.8, 116.4, 116.3 (9 signals for aromatic C), 20.1 (C14).

## Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The methyl group at C14 is rota-



**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, drawn with 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

**Table 2**  
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$
$M_r$	272.26
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Temperature (K)	303
$a, b, c$ (Å)	6.5499 (3), 7.6232 (3), 25.6211 (11)
$\beta$ ( $^\circ$ )	96.216 (1)
$V$ (Å $^3$ )	1271.77 (9)
$Z$	4
Radiation type	Mo $K\alpha$
$\mu$ (mm $^{-1}$ )	0.11
Crystal size (mm)	0.47 $\times$ 0.38 $\times$ 0.12
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker SMART CCD
Absorption correction	—
No. of measured, independent and observed [ $I > 2\sigma(I)$ ] reflections	11875, 2504, 1776
$R_{\text{int}}$	0.023
(sin $\theta/\lambda$ ) $_{\text{max}}$ (Å $^{-1}$ )	0.617
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)]$ , $wR(F^2)$ , $S$	0.041, 0.114, 1.04
No. of reflections	2504
No. of parameters	191
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}}, \Delta\rho_{\text{min}}$ (e Å $^{-3}$ )	0.16, -0.17

Computer programs: SMART and SAINT (Bruker, 2004), SHELXS (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2017/1 (Sheldrick, 2015) and ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012).

tionally disordered over two orientations in a 0.59 (5):0.41 (5) ratio.

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# full crystallographic data

*IUCrData* (2020). **5**, x201384 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S241431462001384X]

## 6-[(2-Hydroxy-5-methylanilino)methylidene]-4-nitrocyclohexa-2,4-dien-1-one

Uwe Böhme and Sabine Fels

### 6-[(2-Hydroxy-5-methylanilino)methylidene]-4-nitrocyclohexa-2,4-dien-1-one

#### Crystal data

$C_{14}H_{12}N_2O_4$   
 $M_r = 272.26$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 6.5499 (3)$  Å  
 $b = 7.6232 (3)$  Å  
 $c = 25.6211 (11)$  Å  
 $\beta = 96.216 (1)^\circ$   
 $V = 1271.77 (9)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 $F(000) = 568$

$D_x = 1.422$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
Melting point: 536 K  
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å  
Cell parameters from 5292 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.7\text{--}30.2^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 303$  K  
Prism, yellow  
0.47 × 0.38 × 0.12 mm

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
phi and  $\omega$  scans  
11875 measured reflections  
2504 independent reflections

1776 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$   
 $h = -5 \rightarrow 8$   
 $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$   
 $l = -31 \rightarrow 27$

#### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.114$   
 $S = 1.04$   
2504 reflections  
191 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
Hydrogen site location: mixed  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0502P)^2 + 0.2714P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.17$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

#### Special details

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Hydrogen atoms bonded to C were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å for  $Csp^2$ , and 0.96 Å for  $CH_3$ .  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ , where  $x = 1.2$  for  $Csp^2$  and 1.5 for  $CH_3$ . The hydrogen atoms at N1 and O2 (H2 and H9) were located by difference Fourier synthesis and freely refined.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
O1	0.19636 (18)	0.85732 (19)	-0.05759 (5)	0.0666 (4)	
O2	0.5013 (2)	0.9258 (2)	0.05845 (5)	0.0669 (4)	
H9	0.596 (4)	0.991 (3)	0.0647 (10)	0.093 (9)*	
N1	0.1333 (2)	0.79690 (18)	0.03950 (5)	0.0468 (4)	
H2	0.215 (3)	0.835 (3)	0.0143 (8)	0.077 (6)*	
N2	-0.5557 (2)	0.5515 (2)	-0.11991 (6)	0.0576 (4)	
O3	-0.6215 (2)	0.5556 (2)	-0.16650 (6)	0.0845 (5)	
O4	-0.6495 (2)	0.48027 (19)	-0.08672 (6)	0.0740 (4)	
C1	-0.0438 (2)	0.7351 (2)	0.02029 (6)	0.0481 (4)	
H1	-0.133979	0.696628	0.043493	0.058*	
C2	-0.1063 (2)	0.7235 (2)	-0.03427 (6)	0.0447 (4)	
C3	0.0234 (2)	0.7870 (2)	-0.07240 (6)	0.0479 (4)	
C4	-0.0523 (3)	0.7664 (3)	-0.12613 (7)	0.0563 (5)	
H4	0.027853	0.804716	-0.151711	0.068*	
C5	-0.2369 (3)	0.6928 (2)	-0.14126 (7)	0.0541 (5)	
H5	-0.282485	0.681930	-0.176767	0.065*	
C6	-0.3600 (2)	0.6328 (2)	-0.10331 (7)	0.0471 (4)	
C7	-0.2971 (2)	0.6483 (2)	-0.05097 (7)	0.0478 (4)	
H7	-0.381007	0.608690	-0.026386	0.057*	
C8	0.2130 (2)	0.8135 (2)	0.09270 (6)	0.0456 (4)	
C9	0.4090 (3)	0.8863 (2)	0.10173 (7)	0.0510 (4)	
C10	0.4949 (3)	0.9106 (3)	0.15292 (7)	0.0634 (5)	
H10	0.624875	0.960150	0.159624	0.076*	
C11	0.3879 (3)	0.8614 (3)	0.19404 (7)	0.0684 (6)	
H11	0.446815	0.879703	0.228288	0.082*	
C12	0.1941 (3)	0.7851 (3)	0.18568 (7)	0.0599 (5)	
C13	0.1080 (3)	0.7624 (2)	0.13445 (6)	0.0526 (4)	
H13	-0.021705	0.712381	0.127863	0.063*	
C14	0.0811 (4)	0.7261 (4)	0.23108 (8)	0.0869 (7)	
H14A	0.169804	0.653676	0.254283	0.130*	0.59 (5)
H14B	-0.038512	0.660356	0.217905	0.130*	0.59 (5)
H14C	0.040213	0.826966	0.249852	0.130*	0.59 (5)
H14D	0.141816	0.780054	0.262897	0.130*	0.41 (5)
H14E	0.090280	0.600890	0.234441	0.130*	0.41 (5)
H14F	-0.060592	0.760054	0.224701	0.130*	0.41 (5)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
O1	0.0548 (7)	0.0944 (10)	0.0521 (8)	-0.0311 (7)	0.0125 (6)	-0.0061 (7)
O2	0.0594 (8)	0.0874 (10)	0.0547 (8)	-0.0275 (8)	0.0103 (6)	0.0008 (7)
N1	0.0490 (8)	0.0530 (9)	0.0390 (8)	-0.0094 (7)	0.0082 (6)	-0.0016 (6)
N2	0.0509 (8)	0.0630 (10)	0.0572 (10)	-0.0064 (7)	-0.0016 (7)	-0.0013 (8)
O3	0.0695 (9)	0.1175 (13)	0.0616 (10)	-0.0193 (8)	-0.0147 (7)	0.0000 (8)
O4	0.0583 (8)	0.0872 (10)	0.0757 (10)	-0.0265 (7)	0.0040 (7)	0.0075 (8)

C1	0.0475 (9)	0.0534 (10)	0.0446 (10)	-0.0096 (8)	0.0108 (7)	-0.0013 (8)
C2	0.0462 (9)	0.0476 (10)	0.0411 (9)	-0.0056 (7)	0.0074 (7)	-0.0032 (7)
C3	0.0466 (9)	0.0539 (10)	0.0446 (9)	-0.0076 (8)	0.0107 (7)	-0.0055 (8)
C4	0.0561 (10)	0.0722 (12)	0.0427 (10)	-0.0119 (9)	0.0145 (8)	-0.0019 (9)
C5	0.0567 (10)	0.0636 (12)	0.0414 (10)	-0.0032 (9)	0.0036 (8)	-0.0037 (8)
C6	0.0439 (8)	0.0481 (10)	0.0487 (10)	-0.0033 (7)	0.0021 (7)	-0.0025 (8)
C7	0.0453 (9)	0.0518 (10)	0.0476 (10)	-0.0073 (7)	0.0111 (7)	0.0024 (8)
C8	0.0514 (9)	0.0459 (9)	0.0393 (9)	-0.0042 (7)	0.0044 (7)	-0.0007 (7)
C9	0.0520 (9)	0.0543 (11)	0.0470 (10)	-0.0077 (8)	0.0064 (8)	0.0025 (8)
C10	0.0543 (10)	0.0788 (14)	0.0546 (12)	-0.0118 (10)	-0.0058 (8)	0.0012 (10)
C11	0.0759 (13)	0.0842 (15)	0.0423 (11)	-0.0087 (11)	-0.0059 (9)	0.0016 (10)
C12	0.0717 (12)	0.0652 (12)	0.0428 (10)	-0.0087 (10)	0.0062 (8)	0.0012 (9)
C13	0.0566 (10)	0.0566 (11)	0.0452 (10)	-0.0116 (8)	0.0081 (8)	-0.0013 (8)
C14	0.1101 (18)	0.1055 (18)	0.0469 (12)	-0.0257 (15)	0.0171 (12)	0.0029 (12)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ )*

O1—C3	1.2734 (19)	C6—C7	1.365 (2)
O2—C9	1.353 (2)	C7—H7	0.9300
O2—H9	0.79 (3)	C8—C13	1.389 (2)
N1—C1	1.298 (2)	C8—C9	1.394 (2)
N1—C8	1.411 (2)	C9—C10	1.383 (3)
N1—H2	0.93 (2)	C10—C11	1.379 (3)
N2—O3	1.225 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
N2—O4	1.2280 (18)	C11—C12	1.392 (3)
N2—C6	1.446 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C2	1.416 (2)	C12—C13	1.382 (2)
C1—H1	0.9300	C12—C14	1.513 (3)
C2—C7	1.399 (2)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.446 (2)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C3—C4	1.420 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C4—C5	1.351 (2)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C14—H14D	0.9600
C5—C6	1.405 (2)	C14—H14E	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C14—H14F	0.9600
C9—O2—H9	112.4 (18)	C13—C8—N1	123.79 (15)
C1—N1—C8	128.37 (14)	C9—C8—N1	115.70 (14)
C1—N1—H2	114.1 (13)	O2—C9—C10	125.12 (16)
C8—N1—H2	117.6 (13)	O2—C9—C8	115.95 (15)
O3—N2—O4	122.47 (16)	C10—C9—C8	118.92 (15)
O3—N2—C6	118.86 (15)	C11—C10—C9	119.98 (17)
O4—N2—C6	118.67 (15)	C11—C10—H10	120.0
N1—C1—C2	123.24 (14)	C9—C10—H10	120.0
N1—C1—H1	118.4	C10—C11—C12	121.78 (18)
C2—C1—H1	118.4	C10—C11—H11	119.1
C7—C2—C1	118.74 (14)	C12—C11—H11	119.1
C7—C2—C3	120.10 (14)	C13—C12—C11	118.04 (17)

C1—C2—C3	121.17 (14)	C13—C12—C14	120.65 (18)
O1—C3—C4	122.77 (14)	C11—C12—C14	121.31 (18)
O1—C3—C2	120.57 (15)	C12—C13—C8	120.75 (16)
C4—C3—C2	116.67 (14)	C12—C13—H13	119.6
C5—C4—C3	122.11 (15)	C8—C13—H13	119.6
C5—C4—H4	118.9	C12—C14—H14A	109.5
C3—C4—H4	118.9	C12—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	119.96 (16)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—H5	120.0	C12—C14—H14C	109.5
C6—C5—H5	120.0	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C7—C6—C5	121.13 (15)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C7—C6—N2	119.33 (15)	C12—C14—H14D	109.5
C5—C6—N2	119.53 (15)	C12—C14—H14E	109.5
C6—C7—C2	120.03 (14)	H14D—C14—H14E	109.5
C6—C7—H7	120.0	C12—C14—H14F	109.5
C2—C7—H7	120.0	H14D—C14—H14F	109.5
C13—C8—C9	120.51 (15)	H14E—C14—H14F	109.5
C8—N1—C1—C2	-179.40 (16)	C1—C2—C7—C6	-178.99 (16)
N1—C1—C2—C7	177.42 (16)	C3—C2—C7—C6	0.7 (3)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-2.3 (3)	C1—N1—C8—C13	0.4 (3)
C7—C2—C3—O1	179.29 (16)	C1—N1—C8—C9	-179.56 (17)
C1—C2—C3—O1	-1.0 (3)	C13—C8—C9—O2	177.63 (16)
C7—C2—C3—C4	-0.8 (2)	N1—C8—C9—O2	-2.4 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	178.95 (16)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-1.5 (3)
O1—C3—C4—C5	-179.43 (18)	N1—C8—C9—C10	178.44 (16)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.6 (3)	O2—C9—C10—C11	-178.40 (19)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.4 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.7 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.4 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.7 (3)
C4—C5—C6—N2	-178.90 (16)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.2 (3)
O3—N2—C6—C7	171.96 (17)	C10—C11—C12—C14	177.9 (2)
O4—N2—C6—C7	-8.3 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.4 (3)
O3—N2—C6—C5	-8.8 (3)	C14—C12—C13—C8	-178.81 (19)
O4—N2—C6—C5	170.98 (16)	C9—C8—C13—C12	1.0 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C2	-0.5 (3)	N1—C8—C13—C12	-178.96 (17)
N2—C6—C7—C2	178.75 (15)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
N1—H2 $\cdots$ O1	0.93 (2)	1.84 (2)	2.6065 (18)	138.1 (17)
O2—H9 $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.79 (3)	1.81 (3)	2.5817 (18)	163 (3)
C1—H1 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.32	3.220 (2)	162

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z$ ; (ii)  $-x-1, -y+1, -z$ .