organic compounds

 $\mu = 2.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

 $0.35 \times 0.15 \times 0.15$  mm

4617 measured reflections

2650 independent reflections

2495 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

T = 100 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.016$ 

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# 1-(1-Benzofuran-2-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)ethanone

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.032; wR factor = 0.086; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

The overall molecular conformation of the title compound,  $C_{16}H_{12}O_4S$ , is elongated, the dihedral angle formed between the benzofuran (r.m.s. deviation = 0.018 Å) and benzene rings being 24.81 (6)°. Both sulfonyl O atoms lie to one side of the S-bound benzene ring, and the carbonyl and furan O atoms are *syn* to each other. Supramolecular arrays parallel to (101) sustained by  $C-H\cdots O$  contacts feature in the crystal packing.

#### **Related literature**

For the biological activity of sulfones, see: Garuti *et al.* (2002), and of benzofuran, see: Abdel-Aziz & Mekawey (2009). For previous work on the chemistry and biological activity of benzofurans, see: Abdel-Wahab *et al.* (2009); Abdel-Aziz *et al.* (2009, 2011). For the synthesis, see: Takahashi *et al.* (1986).



#### Experimental

Crystal data

a = 10.7560 (2) Å
b = 4.7855 (1) Å
c = 26.1838 (5) Å

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#### Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO*; Agilent, 2010)  $T_{\rm min} = 0.598, T_{\rm max} = 1.000$ 

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$ 190 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.086$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.04 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.34$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>2650 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.47$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

# Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
C3-H3···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.55	3.1808 (19)	124
C7−H7a···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.57	3.5383 (17)	165
$C7 - H7b \cdots O1^{i}$	0.99	2.47	3.3746 (17)	152
$C15 - H15 \cdots O3^{iii}$	0.95	2.47	3.2742 (17)	142
$C15-H15\cdots O3^{iii}$	0.95	2.47	3.2742 (17)	142

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + \frac{3}{2}$ ,  $y + \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $-z + \frac{3}{2}$ ; (ii) x, y + 1, z; (iii) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PK2346).

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supplementary materials

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## 1-(1-Benzofuran-2-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)ethanone

## H. A. Abdel-Aziz, S. W. Ng and E. R. T. Tiekink

#### Comment

The investigation of the title compound, (I), a composite of sulphone and benzofuran groups, was motivated by the known biological activity of each component (Garuti *et al.*, 2002; Abdel-Aziz & Mekawey, 2009) and represents a continuation of on-going biological and structural studies in this area (Abdel-Wahab *et al.*, 2009; Abdel-Aziz *et al.*, 2009; Abdel-Aziz *et al.*, 2009; Abdel-Aziz *et al.*, 2011).

With respect to the S-bound benzene ring in (I), Fig. 1, the two sulfonyl-O atoms lie to one side and the methylene group to the other. The benzofuran group is planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.018 Å) and is splayed out with respect to the rest of the molecule. The dihedral angle between the S-bound benzene and benzofuran rings is 24.81 (6) ° so that overall the molecule has a flattened shape. The carbonyl- and benzofuran-O atoms are *syn* to each other.

The crystal packing is dominated by C—H···O interactions, Table 1, involving all but the benzofuran-O4 atom. These lead to the formation of supramolecular arrays parallel to (101), Fig. 2. There are no specific interactions between the layers, Fig. 3.

#### **Experimental**

The title compound was prepared according to the reported method (Takahashi *et al.*, 1986). The yellow crystals were isolated from a mixture of EtOH/DMF (v/v = 3/1) by slow evaporation at room temperature.

#### Refinement

Carbon-bound H-atoms were placed in calculated positions [C—H 0.95 to 0.99 Å,  $U_{iso}(H)$  1.2 $U_{eq}(C)$ ] and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation.

#### **Figures**



Fig. 1. The molecular structure of (I) showing displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level.



Fig. 2. A view of the supramolecular array parallel to (101) in (I) mediated by C—H…O contacts shown as orange dashed lines.



Fig. 3. A view in projection down the b axis of the unit-cell contents of (I) highlighting the stacking of layers; the C—H···O contacts are shown as orange dashed lines.

# 1-(1-Benzofuran-2-yl)-2-(phenylsulfonyl)ethanone

### Crystal data

C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>12</sub> O <sub>4</sub> S	F(000) = 624
$M_r = 300.32$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.480 {\rm ~Mg~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Cu K $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.5418$ Å
Hall symbol: -P 2yn	Cell parameters from 3182 reflections
a = 10.7560 (2)  Å	$\theta = 3.4 - 74.0^{\circ}$
b = 4.7855 (1)  Å	$\mu = 2.27 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 26.1838 (5)  Å	T = 100  K
$\beta = 91.024 \ (2)^{\circ}$	Prism, yellow
$V = 1347.54 (5) \text{ Å}^3$	$0.35\times0.15\times0.15~mm$
Z = 4	

#### Data collection

Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector	2650 independent reflections
Radiation source: SuperNova (Cu) X-ray Source	2495 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
mirror	$R_{\rm int} = 0.016$
Detector resolution: 10.4 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup>	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 74.2^\circ, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.4^\circ$
ω scans	$h = -12 \rightarrow 13$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2010)	$k = -5 \rightarrow 3$
$T_{\min} = 0.598, T_{\max} = 1.000$	$l = -31 \rightarrow 32$
4617 measured reflections	

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.032$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.086$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.04	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0498P)^{2} + 0.6486P]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
2650 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.002$
190 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.34 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.47 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc*. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
S1	0.53618 (3)	0.14747 (7)	0.735119 (11)	0.01251 (11)
01	0.63911 (9)	-0.0313 (2)	0.74882 (4)	0.0174 (2)
02	0.42375 (9)	0.0193 (2)	0.71500 (4)	0.0178 (2)
03	0.64086 (10)	0.0614 (2)	0.62454 (4)	0.0228 (2)
O4	0.46617 (9)	0.2296 (2)	0.55532 (4)	0.0173 (2)
C1	0.49885 (13)	0.3575 (3)	0.78787 (5)	0.0137 (3)
C2	0.59334 (13)	0.4305 (3)	0.82217 (5)	0.0163 (3)
H2	0.6754	0.3613	0.8182	0.020*
C3	0.56524 (14)	0.6072 (3)	0.86253 (6)	0.0201 (3)
Н3	0.6284	0.6594	0.8865	0.024*
C4	0.44511 (14)	0.7074 (3)	0.86776 (5)	0.0218 (3)
H4	0.4266	0.8293	0.8952	0.026*
C5	0.35163 (14)	0.6309 (3)	0.83320 (6)	0.0225 (3)
Н5	0.2696	0.7000	0.8373	0.027*
C6	0.37766 (13)	0.4545 (3)	0.79284 (5)	0.0183 (3)
Н6	0.3142	0.4008	0.7691	0.022*
C7	0.58626 (13)	0.3948 (3)	0.68830 (5)	0.0156 (3)
H7A	0.5339	0.5648	0.6894	0.019*
H7B	0.6737	0.4494	0.6953	0.019*
C8	0.57443 (13)	0.2571 (3)	0.63613 (5)	0.0159 (3)
C9	0.47739 (13)	0.3641 (3)	0.60172 (5)	0.0152 (3)
C10	0.39035 (13)	0.5678 (3)	0.60687 (5)	0.0166 (3)
H10	0.3806	0.6887	0.6353	0.020*
C11	0.31615 (13)	0.5640 (3)	0.56082 (5)	0.0166 (3)
C12	0.21147 (14)	0.7095 (3)	0.54235 (6)	0.0218 (3)
H12	0.1746	0.8536	0.5619	0.026*
C13	0.16361 (15)	0.6368 (3)	0.49482 (6)	0.0242 (3)
H13	0.0919	0.7305	0.4818	0.029*
C14	0.21907 (15)	0.4270 (3)	0.46533 (6)	0.0231 (3)
H14	0.1843	0.3841	0.4327	0.028*
C15	0.32250 (15)	0.2813 (3)	0.48237 (5)	0.0205 (3)
H15	0.3604	0.1402	0.4624	0.025*
C16	0.36750 (13)	0.3544 (3)	0.53055 (5)	0.0163 (3)
4 1. 1				
Atomic displacement	<i>nt parameters (A<sup>2</sup>)</i>			

# Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(A^2)$

$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
0	U U	U U	U U	U U	0

# supplementary materials

S1	0.01469 (18)	0.01156 (19)	0.01124 (17)	-0.00044 (11)	-0.00085 (12)	-0.00152 (11)
01	0.0191 (5)	0.0154 (5)	0.0178 (5)	0.0036 (4)	-0.0021 (4)	-0.0012 (4)
O2	0.0177 (5)	0.0180 (5)	0.0176 (5)	-0.0042 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	-0.0033 (4)
O3	0.0220 (5)	0.0289 (6)	0.0174 (5)	0.0066 (5)	-0.0021 (4)	-0.0065 (4)
O4	0.0208 (5)	0.0204 (5)	0.0106 (4)	0.0017 (4)	-0.0017 (4)	-0.0029 (4)
C1	0.0182 (7)	0.0128 (7)	0.0101 (6)	-0.0001 (5)	0.0012 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C2	0.0163 (6)	0.0180 (7)	0.0145 (6)	-0.0002 (5)	-0.0001 (5)	-0.0007 (5)
C3	0.0223 (7)	0.0234 (8)	0.0146 (7)	-0.0032 (6)	-0.0009 (5)	-0.0032 (6)
C4	0.0267 (8)	0.0233 (8)	0.0154 (7)	0.0009 (6)	0.0048 (6)	-0.0052 (6)
C5	0.0193 (7)	0.0267 (8)	0.0215 (7)	0.0046 (6)	0.0030 (6)	-0.0032 (6)
C6	0.0178 (7)	0.0209 (8)	0.0161 (7)	0.0009 (6)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0000 (6)
C7	0.0201 (7)	0.0150 (7)	0.0118 (6)	-0.0028 (5)	-0.0012 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C8	0.0168 (6)	0.0187 (7)	0.0123 (6)	-0.0034 (5)	0.0007 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C9	0.0192 (7)	0.0169 (7)	0.0096 (6)	-0.0041 (5)	0.0002 (5)	-0.0013 (5)
C10	0.0221 (7)	0.0159 (7)	0.0117 (6)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0018 (5)	0.0000 (5)
C11	0.0218 (7)	0.0155 (7)	0.0125 (6)	-0.0031 (6)	0.0011 (5)	0.0018 (5)
C12	0.0263 (8)	0.0209 (7)	0.0183 (7)	0.0029 (6)	0.0007 (6)	0.0028 (6)
C13	0.0256 (8)	0.0257 (9)	0.0211 (7)	0.0003 (6)	-0.0047 (6)	0.0076 (6)
C14	0.0307 (8)	0.0235 (8)	0.0149 (7)	-0.0059 (7)	-0.0061 (6)	0.0031 (6)
C15	0.0282 (8)	0.0196 (7)	0.0135 (7)	-0.0024 (6)	-0.0012 (6)	-0.0008 (6)
C16	0.0188 (7)	0.0170 (7)	0.0132 (6)	-0.0028 (5)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0027 (5)

# Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—O1	1.4394 (10)	С7—С8	1.5201 (18)
S1—O2	1.4468 (10)	С7—Н7А	0.9900
S1—C1	1.7603 (14)	С7—Н7В	0.9900
S1—C7	1.7936 (15)	C8—C9	1.460 (2)
O3—C8	1.2193 (18)	C9—C10	1.360 (2)
O4—C16	1.3708 (17)	C10—C11	1.4343 (19)
O4—C9	1.3781 (16)	C10—H10	0.9500
C1—C2	1.3891 (19)	C11—C16	1.398 (2)
C1—C6	1.3919 (19)	C11—C12	1.403 (2)
C2—C3	1.391 (2)	C12—C13	1.383 (2)
С2—Н2	0.9500	C12—H12	0.9500
C3—C4	1.387 (2)	C13—C14	1.406 (2)
С3—Н3	0.9500	С13—Н13	0.9500
C4—C5	1.390 (2)	C14—C15	1.380 (2)
C4—H4	0.9500	C14—H14	0.9500
C5—C6	1.385 (2)	C15—C16	1.388 (2)
С5—Н5	0.9500	C15—H15	0.9500
С6—Н6	0.9500		
O1—S1—O2	118.23 (6)	S1—C7—H7B	110.1
O1—S1—C1	109.21 (6)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.4
O2—S1—C1	109.08 (6)	O3—C8—C9	122.11 (13)
O1—S1—C7	108.87 (6)	O3—C8—C7	121.11 (13)
O2—S1—C7	106.87 (6)	C9—C8—C7	116.75 (12)
C1—S1—C7	103.59 (7)	С10—С9—О4	111.88 (12)
C16—O4—C9	105.58 (11)	С10—С9—С8	132.54 (13)

C2—C1—C6	122.09 (13)	O4—C9—C8		115.52 (12)
C2—C1—S1	118.46 (11)	C9—C10—C11		106.31 (13)
C6—C1—S1	119.40 (11)	C9—C10—H10		126.8
C1—C2—C3	118.55 (13)	C11-C10-H10		126.8
C1—C2—H2	120.7	C16-C11-C12		118.92 (13)
С3—С2—Н2	120.7	C16-C11-C10		105.45 (13)
C4—C3—C2	120.04 (14)	C12-C11-C10		135.62 (14)
С4—С3—Н3	120.0	C13—C12—C11		117.97 (15)
С2—С3—Н3	120.0	С13—С12—Н12		121.0
C5—C4—C3	120.60 (14)	C11—C12—H12		121.0
С5—С4—Н4	119.7	C12—C13—C14		121.27 (15)
С3—С4—Н4	119.7	С12—С13—Н13		119.4
C4—C5—C6	120.23 (14)	С14—С13—Н13		119.4
С4—С5—Н5	119.9	C15-C14-C13		122.05 (14)
С6—С5—Н5	119.9	C15-C14-H14		119.0
C5—C6—C1	118.49 (13)	C13-C14-H14		119.0
С5—С6—Н6	120.8	C14—C15—C16		115.62 (14)
С1—С6—Н6	120.8	C14—C15—H15		122.2
C8—C7—S1	107.86 (10)	C16—C15—H15		122.2
С8—С7—Н7А	110.1	O4—C16—C15		125.07 (13)
S1—C7—H7A	110.1	O4—C16—C11		110.78 (12)
С8—С7—Н7В	110.1	C15—C16—C11		124.14 (14)
Q1— <u>S1</u> — <u>C1</u> — <u>C2</u>	29.99 (13)	O3—C8—C9—C10		176.92 (15)
02—\$1—C1—C2	160.57 (11)	C7—C8—C9—C10		-1.0(2)
C7—S1—C1—C2	-85.89 (12)	03-08-09-04		-0.1(2)
01 - 81 - C1 - C6	-152.63(12)	C7—C8—C9—O4		-178.03(11)
O2—S1—C1—C6	-22.06(14)	O4—C9—C10—C11		0.70 (16)
C7—S1—C1—C6	91.48 (13)	C8—C9—C10—C11		-176.42 (15)
C6-C1-C2-C3	-0.3(2)	C9—C10—C11—C16		-0.87 (16)
S1-C1-C2-C3	177.00 (11)	C9-C10-C11-C12		177.66 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.2 (2)	C16—C11—C12—C13		0.3 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13		-178.10 (16)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.3 (3)	C11—C12—C13—C14		-1.1 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.2 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C15		0.8 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.5 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16		0.4 (2)
S1—C1—C6—C5	-176.78(12)	C9—O4—C16—C15		-179.32(14)
01—\$1—C7—C8	84.82 (11)	C9—O4—C16—C11		-0.36 (15)
O2—S1—C7—C8	-43.93 (11)	C14—C15—C16—O4		177.59 (13)
C1—S1—C7—C8	-159.05 (10)	C14—C15—C16—C11		-1.2 (2)
S1—C7—C8—O3	-67.61 (16)	C12—C11—C16—O4		-178.05 (13)
S1—C7—C8—C9	110.33 (12)	C10-C11-C16-O4		0.77 (16)
C16—O4—C9—C10	-0.23 (15)	C12—C11—C16—C15		0.9 (2)
C16—O4—C9—C8	177.42 (12)	C10—C11—C16—C15		179.74 (14)
				· · ·
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)				
D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
C3—H3···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.95	2.55	3.1808 (19)	124

# supplementary materials

C7—H7a···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.99	2.57	3.5383 (17)	165	
C7—H7b····O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.47	3.3746 (17)	152	
C15—H15…O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.95	2.47	3.2742 (17)	142	
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3/2$ , $y+1/2$ , $-z+3/2$ ; (ii) $x, y+1, z$ ; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ .					



Fig. 1

Fig. 2





Fig. 3