



Erratum: MicroRNA-30/Cx43 axis contributes to podocyte injury by regulating ER stress in diabetic nephropathy

Editorial Office

Annals of Translational Medicine

Correspondence to: Editorial Office, Annals of Translational Medicine. Email: editor@atmjournals.org.

Submitted Jul 22, 2024. Accepted for publication Dec 19, 2024. Published online Feb 21, 2025.

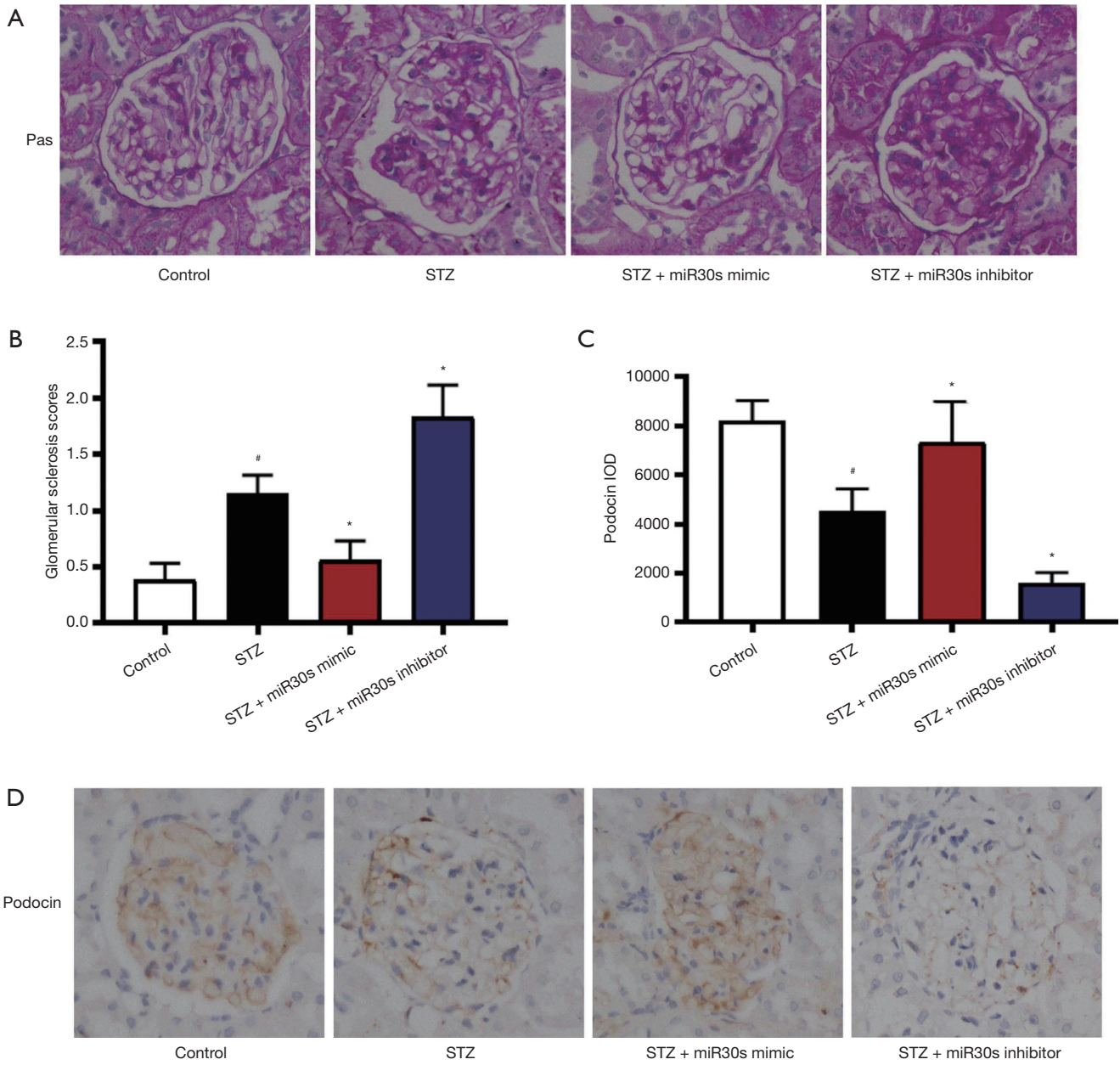
doi: 10.21037/atm-2024b-60

View this article at: <https://dx.doi.org/10.21037/atm-2024b-60>

Erratum to: Ann Transl Med 2020;8:1674.

The article (1) titled “MicroRNA-30/Cx43 axis contributes to podocyte injury by regulating ER stress in diabetic nephropathy” (doi: 10.21037/atm-20-6989) unfortunately contains errors in *Figure 5*. The image from the “DN + Cx43 SCR” group was incorrectly placed in the “STZ-induced DN” group. This mistake has affected *Figure 5D*, where the image for the STZ group is incorrect. Correct *Figure 5* is presented below, and the legend of *Figure 5* is updated as well. The authors confirmed this error did not substantively affect the results or the conclusions of the paper.

Figure 5 of the original article:



Correct *Figure 5* and its legend:

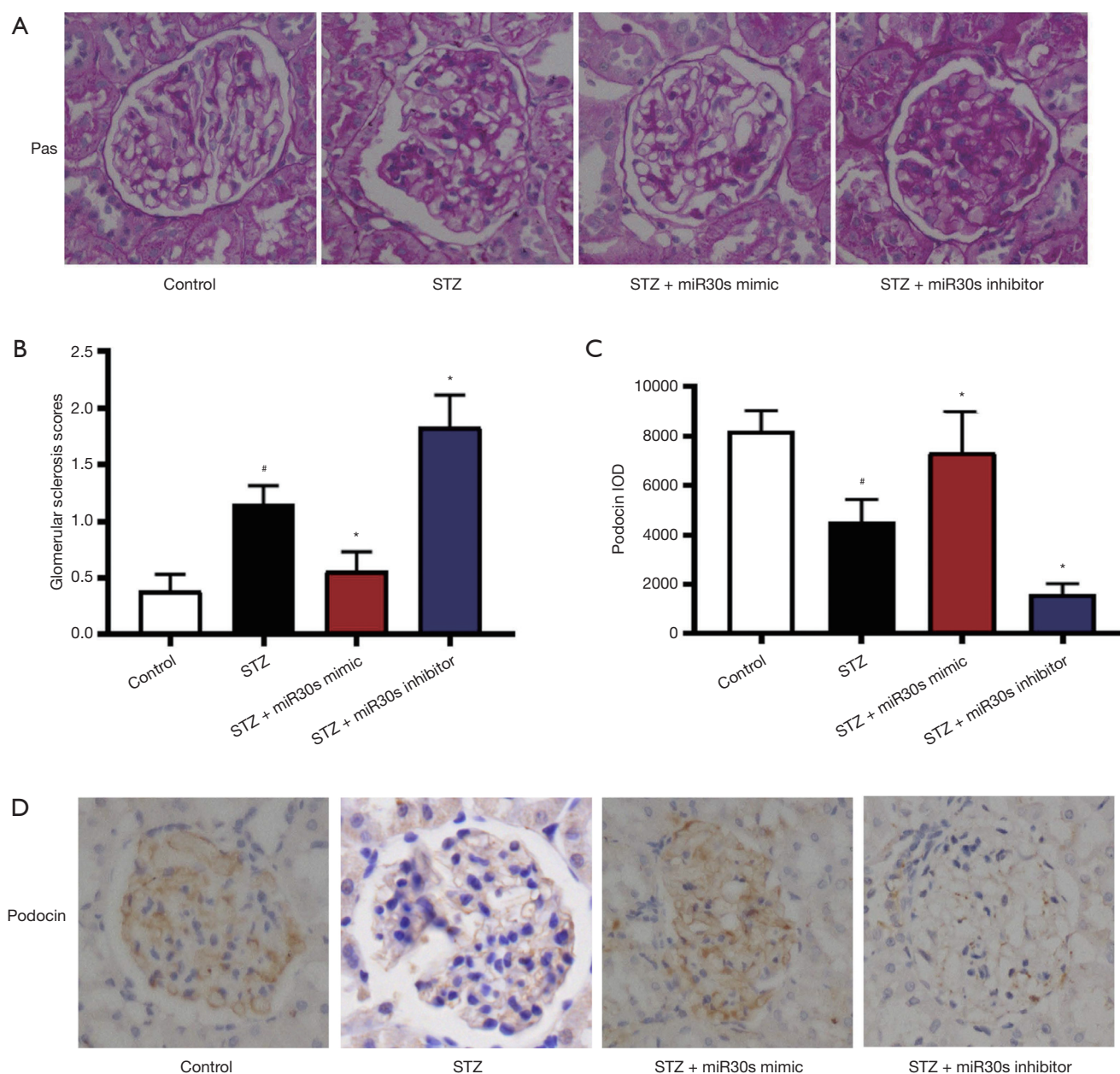


Figure 5 MicroRNA-30s modulate podocyte injury *in vivo*. Rats were divided into four groups: control, STZ, STZ + microRNA-30 family mimics, and STZ + microRNA-30 family inhibitors. (A) Representative photomicrographs (original magnification, $\times 400$) prepared from PAS-stained kidney sections. (B) The glomerular sclerosis scores of renal tissues among the 4 groups. (C) Quantitative analyses of the IOD of podocin are shown in the bar graph, and the data are expressed as the mean \pm SEM of three experiments. (D) IHC analyses of podocin protein expression among the 4 groups ($\times 40$). Representative images from 4 mice in each group are shown. [#], $P < 0.05$ vs. the control group. ^{*}, $P < 0.05$ vs. the STZ group. STZ, streptozotocin; PAS, Periodic Acid-Schiff stain; IOD, integrated optical density; IHC, immunohistochemistry.

The authors sincerely apologize for any inconvenience or confusion this may have caused.

Click [here](#) to view the updated version of the article.

Open Access Statement: This is an Open Access article distributed in accordance with the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-NoDerivs 4.0 International License (CC BY-NC-ND 4.0), which permits the non-commercial replication and distribution of the article with the strict proviso that no changes or edits are made and the original work is properly cited (including links to both the formal publication through the relevant DOI and the license). See: <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-nd/4.0/>.

References

1. Li M, Ni W, Zhang M, et al. MicroRNA-30/Cx43 axis contributes to podocyte injury by regulating ER stress in diabetic nephropathy. *Ann Transl Med* 2020;8:1674.

Cite this article as: Editorial Office. Erratum: MicroRNA-30/Cx43 axis contributes to podocyte injury by regulating ER stress in diabetic nephropathy. *Ann Transl Med* 2025;13(1):e2. doi: 10.21037/atm-2024b-60