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## (E)-N'-(4-Chlorobenzylidene)-1-benzofuran-2-carbohydrazide monohydrate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.073; data-to-parameter ratio = 21.9.

The title compound,  $C_{16}H_{11}CIN_2O_2 H_2O_1$ , exists in an E conformation with respect to the N=C bond. The benzofuran ring system forms a dihedral angle of  $1.26 (4)^{\circ}$  with the benzene ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked via (N,C)- $H \cdots O$  bifurcated acceptor hydrogen bonds and (O,O,C)-H...O trifurcated acceptor hydrogen bonds, forming layers parallel to the bc plane.

#### **Related literature**

For general background to hydrazone derivatives, see: Sridhar & Perumal (2003); Vijayakumar et al. (2011). For standard bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987). For the stability of the temperature controller used in the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986). For related structures, see: Fun, Quah & Abdel-Aziz (2012); Fun, Quah, Nitinchandra et al. (2012); Fun, Quah, Shyma et al. (2012).



#### **Experimental**

Crystal data	
$C_{16}H_{11}CIN_2O_2 \cdot H_2O$	$V = 1433.37 (16) \text{ Å}^3$
$M_r = 316.73$	Z = 4
Monoclinic, Cc	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
a = 24.6121 (15)  Å	$\mu = 0.28 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 4.6625 (3) Å	$T = 100 { m K}$
c = 12.6570 (8) Å	$0.57 \times 0.34 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 99.294 \ (1)^{\circ}$	

7338 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.019$ 

4620 independent reflections

4511 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

#### Data collection

```
Bruker SMART APEXII DUO
  CCD area-detector
  diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
  (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
  T_{\min} = 0.856, \ T_{\max} = 0.975
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#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.073$	independent and constrained
S = 1.04	refinement
4620 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.34 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
211 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
2 restraints	Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
	2025 Friedel pairs

Flack parameter: 0.03 (3)

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$\begin{array}{c} 01W - H1W1 \cdots O2 \\ 01W - H2W1 \cdots O2^{i} \\ N1 - H1N1 \cdots O1W^{ii} \\ C2 - H2A \cdots O2^{ii} \\ C10 - H10A \cdots O1W^{ii} \end{array}$	0.855 (19)	2.040 (19)	2.8815 (11)	168.1 (18)
	0.75 (2)	2.06 (2)	2.8045 (11)	173 (2)
	0.909 (19)	1.952 (19)	2.8083 (12)	156.2 (18)
	0.95	2.57	3.3710 (14)	142
	0.95	2.54	3.3067 (13)	138

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y - 1, z; (ii)  $x, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IS5157).

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# supplementary materials

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## (E)-N'-(4-Chlorobenzylidene)-1-benzofuran-2-carbohydrazide monohydrate

## Hoong-Kun Fun, Ching Kheng Quah, Nitinchandra, Balakrishna Kalluraya and M. Babu

#### Comment

Hydrazones are versatile intermediates and important building blocks. Aryl hydrazones are important building blocks for the synthesis of a variety of heterocyclic compounds such as pyrazolines and pyrazoles (Sridhar & Perumal, 2003). Hydrazones of aliphatic and aromatic methyl ketones yield pyrazole-4-carboxaldehyde on formylation by treatment with Vilsmeier reagent. Hydrazones derived from anisaldehyde and 4-nitro-5-ethoxycarbonyl phenylhydrazine showed excellent NLO property (Vijayakumar *et al.*, 2011). Prompted by these observations, the title compound was synthesized and its crystal structure is reported.

The title compound (Fig. 1) consists of a N'-[4-chlorophenyl)methylidene]-1-benzofuran-2-carbohydrazide molecule and a water molecule in the asymmetric unit and exists in an E configuration with respect to the N2=C10 bond [1.2848 (13) Å]. The benzofuran ring system (O1/C1-C8, r.m.s deviation = 0.012 Å) forms a dihedral angle of 1.26 (4)° with the benzene ring (C11–C16). Bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges and are comparable to related structures (Fun, Quah & Abdel-Aziz, 2012; Fun, Quah, Nitinchandra *et al.*, 2012; Fun, Quah, Shyma *et al.*, 2012).

In the crystal (Fig. 2), molecules are linked *via* intermolecular N1—H1N1···O1W, C10—H10A···O1W bifurcated acceptor hydrogen bonds and O1W—H2W1···O2, O1W—H2W1···O2, C2—H2A···O2 trifurcated acceptor hydrogen bonds (Table 1) to form two-dimensional layers parallel to (100).

## **Experimental**

The title compound was obtained by refluxing a mixture of 1-benzofuran-2-carbohydrazide (0.01 mol), 4-chlorobenzaldehyde (0.01 mol) in ethanol (30 ml) and 3 drops of concentrated sulfuric acid for 1 h. Excess ethanol was removed from the reaction mixture under reduced pressure. The solid product obtained was filtered, washed with ethanol and dried. Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol-*N*,*N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) (3:1) solution.

#### Refinement

N-bound and O-bound H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely [N—H = 0.909 (18) Å, and O —H = 0.75 (3) and 0.857 (19) Å]. The rest of hydrogen atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C—H = 0.95 Å and  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .

#### **Computing details**

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).



## Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.



## Figure 2

The crystal structure of the title compound, viewed along the b axis. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

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Crystal data	
$C_{16}H_{11}CIN_2O_2$ · $H_2O$	c = 12.6570 (8) Å
$M_r = 316.73$	$\beta = 99.294 (1)^{\circ}$
Monoclinic, Cc	$V = 1433.37 (16) \text{ Å}^3$
Hall symbol: C -2yc	Z = 4
a = 24.6121 (15)  Å	F(000) = 656
b = 4.6625 (3)  Å	$D_{\rm x} = 1.468 { m Mg} { m m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, <i>Cc</i> Hall symbol: C -2yc a = 24.6121 (15)  Å b = 4.6625 (3)  Å	$V = 1433.37 (16) Å^{3}$ Z = 4 F(000) = 656 $D_{x} = 1.468 Mg m^{-3}$

Mo *Ka* radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å Cell parameters from 5261 reflections  $\theta = 3.3-32.6^{\circ}$  $\mu = 0.28 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII DUO CCD areadetector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2009)  $T_{\min} = 0.856, T_{\max} = 0.975$ 

Refinement

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
and constrained refinement
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0441P)^2 + 0.2352P]$
where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.002$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.34 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.19 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 2025 Friedel
pairs
Flack parameter: 0.03 (3)

#### Special details

**Experimental**. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

T = 100 K

Plate, yellow

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.019$ 

 $h = -35 \rightarrow 36$ 

 $k = -6 \rightarrow 7$ 

 $l = -19 \rightarrow 18$ 

 $0.57 \times 0.34 \times 0.09 \text{ mm}$ 

7338 measured reflections

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 32.6^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.7^{\circ}$ 

4620 independent reflections 4511 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F<sup>2</sup>, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2$ sigma( $F^2$ ) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F<sup>2</sup> are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Cl1	0.362378 (12)	2.08150 (5)	0.62418 (2)	0.02405 (7)	
01	0.66851 (3)	0.45040 (16)	0.85030 (6)	0.01364 (14)	
O2	0.61809 (3)	0.76090 (16)	0.59506 (6)	0.01549 (14)	
N1	0.59805 (4)	0.87204 (18)	0.76135 (7)	0.01207 (15)	
N2	0.56127 (4)	1.07881 (18)	0.71696 (7)	0.01267 (15)	
C1	0.70999 (4)	0.2512 (2)	0.87293 (8)	0.01263 (16)	
C2	0.72801 (5)	0.1294 (2)	0.97208 (8)	0.01605 (18)	
H2A	0.7119	0.1758	1.0332	0.019*	

C3	0.77114 (5)	-0.0650 (2)	0.97685 (9)	0.0174 (2)
H3A	0.7851	-0.1537	1.0433	0.021*
C4	0.79475 (5)	-0.1341 (2)	0.88576 (9)	0.01846 (19)
H4A	0.8245	-0.2663	0.8922	0.022*
C5	0.77532 (5)	-0.0121 (2)	0.78699 (9)	0.01828 (19)
H5A	0.7911	-0.0607	0.7256	0.022*
C6	0.73181 (4)	0.1849 (2)	0.77992 (8)	0.01348 (17)
C7	0.70075 (4)	0.3521 (2)	0.69570 (8)	0.01474 (17)
H7A	0.7049	0.3542	0.6224	0.018*
C8	0.66431 (4)	0.5062 (2)	0.74233 (8)	0.01243 (16)
C9	0.62453 (4)	0.7225 (2)	0.69371 (8)	0.01223 (17)
C10	0.53404 (4)	1.2045 (2)	0.78210 (8)	0.01311 (17)
H10A	0.5403	1.1551	0.8559	0.016*
C11	0.49318 (4)	1.4248 (2)	0.74216 (8)	0.01304 (17)
C12	0.46196 (5)	1.5490 (2)	0.81314 (9)	0.01721 (19)
H12A	0.4686	1.4950	0.8865	0.021*
C13	0.42134 (5)	1.7509 (2)	0.77787 (10)	0.0192 (2)
H13A	0.3998	1.8321	0.8261	0.023*
C14	0.41298 (4)	1.8308 (2)	0.67104 (10)	0.01754 (19)
C15	0.44432 (5)	1.7160 (2)	0.59957 (9)	0.0181 (2)
H15A	0.4386	1.7771	0.5270	0.022*
C16	0.48413 (4)	1.5106 (2)	0.63496 (8)	0.01574 (18)
H16A	0.5052	1.4284	0.5861	0.019*
O1W	0.58492 (4)	0.25083 (19)	0.47297 (6)	0.01780 (15)
H1W1	0.5989 (8)	0.402 (4)	0.5046 (15)	0.026 (5)*
H2W1	0.5934 (10)	0.127 (5)	0.510 (2)	0.044 (6)*
H1N1	0.6041 (8)	0.820 (4)	0.8315 (15)	0.021 (4)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C11	0.01451 (11)	0.01539 (10)	0.03983 (16)	0.00472 (8)	-0.00296 (10)	-0.00640 (11)
O1	0.0150 (3)	0.0136 (3)	0.0126 (3)	0.0039 (2)	0.0033 (3)	0.0011 (2)
O2	0.0206 (4)	0.0144 (3)	0.0122 (3)	0.0019 (3)	0.0046 (3)	0.0009 (3)
N1	0.0125 (4)	0.0121 (3)	0.0117 (3)	0.0020 (3)	0.0019 (3)	0.0011 (3)
N2	0.0120 (4)	0.0116 (3)	0.0144 (4)	0.0009 (3)	0.0018 (3)	0.0008 (3)
C1	0.0126 (4)	0.0109 (4)	0.0144 (4)	0.0010 (3)	0.0024 (3)	-0.0005 (3)
C2	0.0175 (5)	0.0169 (4)	0.0137 (4)	0.0026 (4)	0.0024 (4)	0.0009 (3)
C3	0.0179 (5)	0.0170 (4)	0.0164 (5)	0.0023 (3)	0.0004 (4)	0.0019 (3)
C4	0.0165 (5)	0.0183 (4)	0.0207 (5)	0.0060 (4)	0.0034 (4)	0.0012 (4)
C5	0.0186 (5)	0.0187 (4)	0.0185 (5)	0.0062 (4)	0.0060 (4)	-0.0003 (4)
C6	0.0140 (4)	0.0130 (4)	0.0140 (4)	0.0017 (3)	0.0040 (3)	0.0003 (3)
C7	0.0165 (4)	0.0147 (4)	0.0135 (4)	0.0023 (3)	0.0038 (3)	0.0009 (3)
C8	0.0134 (4)	0.0120 (4)	0.0121 (4)	0.0012 (3)	0.0026 (3)	0.0009 (3)
C9	0.0134 (4)	0.0106 (4)	0.0131 (4)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0034 (3)	0.0003 (3)
C10	0.0140 (4)	0.0127 (4)	0.0129 (4)	0.0007 (3)	0.0029 (3)	0.0007 (3)
C11	0.0124 (4)	0.0122 (4)	0.0150 (4)	0.0002 (3)	0.0039 (3)	-0.0022 (3)
C12	0.0193 (5)	0.0159 (4)	0.0180 (4)	0.0011 (4)	0.0077 (4)	-0.0020 (4)
C13	0.0169 (5)	0.0166 (4)	0.0257 (5)	0.0017 (4)	0.0080 (4)	-0.0050 (4)
C14	0.0116 (4)	0.0119 (4)	0.0284 (5)	0.0014 (3)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0040 (4)

# supplementary materials

C15	0.0175 (5)	0.0170 (4)	0.0187 (5)	0.0039 (3)	0.0000 (4)	-0.0012 (4)
C16	0.0153 (4)	0.0166 (4)	0.0155 (4)	0.0044 (3)	0.0028 (3)	-0.0007 (3)
O1W	0.0256 (4)	0.0159 (3)	0.0116 (3)	-0.0015 (3)	0.0022 (3)	0.0006 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C14	1.7407 (11)	C6—C7	1.4371 (14)	
O1—C1	1.3757 (12)	C7—C8	1.3566 (14)	
O1—C8	1.3785 (12)	C7—H7A	0.9500	
O2—C9	1.2459 (12)	C8—C9	1.4696 (13)	
N1—C9	1.3505 (12)	C10—C11	1.4690 (14)	
N1—N2	1.3785 (12)	C10—H10A	0.9500	
N1—H1N1	0.909 (18)	C11—C16	1.3975 (14)	
N2-C10	1.2848 (13)	C11—C12	1.3984 (14)	
C1—C2	1.3837 (14)	C12—C13	1.3931 (16)	
C1—C6	1.4049 (13)	C12—H12A	0.9500	
C2—C3	1.3896 (15)	C13—C14	1.3856 (18)	
C2—H2A	0.9500	C13—H13A	0.9500	
C3—C4	1.4097 (16)	C14—C15	1.3876 (16)	
С3—НЗА	0.9500	C15—C16	1.3916 (15)	
C4—C5	1.3863 (16)	C15—H15A	0.9500	
C4—H4A	0.9500	C16—H16A	0.9500	
C5—C6	1.4025 (14)	O1W—H1W1	0.857 (19)	
C5—H5A	0.9500	O1W—H2W1	0.75 (3)	
C1	105.55 (8)	C7—C8—C9	128.60 (9)	
C9—N1—N2	117.07 (8)	O1—C8—C9	118.87 (8)	
C9—N1—H1N1	117.6 (12)	O2—C9—N1	124.39 (9)	
N2—N1—H1N1	125.2 (12)	O2—C9—C8	119.11 (9)	
C10—N2—N1	115.70 (9)	N1—C9—C8	116.48 (8)	
O1—C1—C2	125.76 (9)	N2-C10-C11	119.81 (9)	
O1—C1—C6	110.21 (8)	N2-C10-H10A	120.1	
C2C1C6	124.03 (9)	C11—C10—H10A	120.1	
C1—C2—C3	115.97 (10)	C16—C11—C12	119.16 (10)	
C1—C2—H2A	122.0	C16—C11—C10	121.81 (9)	
C3—C2—H2A	122.0	C12—C11—C10	119.02 (9)	
C2—C3—C4	121.76 (10)	C13—C12—C11	120.95 (10)	
С2—С3—НЗА	119.1	C13—C12—H12A	119.5	
C4—C3—H3A	119.1	C11—C12—H12A	119.5	
C5—C4—C3	121.07 (10)	C14—C13—C12	118.71 (10)	
C5—C4—H4A	119.5	C14—C13—H13A	120.6	
C3—C4—H4A	119.5	C12—C13—H13A	120.6	
C4—C5—C6	118.35 (10)	C13—C14—C15	121.45 (10)	
C4—C5—H5A	120.8	C13—C14—Cl1	119.90 (8)	
C6—C5—H5A	120.8	C15—C14—Cl1	118.65 (9)	
C5—C6—C1	118.81 (9)	C14—C15—C16	119.50 (10)	
C5—C6—C7	135.37 (10)	C14—C15—H15A	120.2	
C1—C6—C7	105.81 (9)	C16—C15—H15A	120.2	
C8—C7—C6	105.94 (9)	C15—C16—C11	120.20 (10)	
С8—С7—Н7А	127.0	C15—C16—H16A	119.9	

С6—С7—Н7А	127.0	C11—C16—H16A	119.9
C7—C8—O1	112.48 (9)	H1W1—O1W—H2W1	107 (2)
C9—N1—N2—C10	175.60 (9)	N2—N1—C9—O2	0.48 (14)
C8—O1—C1—C2	-179.09 (10)	N2—N1—C9—C8	179.00 (8)
C8—O1—C1—C6	0.46 (11)	C7—C8—C9—O2	7.15 (16)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-179.16 (10)	O1—C8—C9—O2	-175.52 (9)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.35 (16)	C7—C8—C9—N1	-171.45 (10)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.30 (16)	O1—C8—C9—N1	5.88 (13)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.69 (18)	N1—N2—C10—C11	-179.00 (8)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.67 (17)	N2-C10-C11-C16	-2.28 (15)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.32 (16)	N2-C10-C11-C12	176.82 (10)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-179.70 (12)	C16—C11—C12—C13	1.54 (16)
O1—C1—C6—C5	179.05 (9)	C10-C11-C12-C13	-177.59 (10)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-1.38 (16)	C11—C12—C13—C14	-1.15 (16)
O1—C1—C6—C7	-0.94 (11)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.46 (17)
C2-C1-C6-C7	178.62 (10)	C12-C13-C14-Cl1	179.76 (8)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-178.95 (12)	C13—C14—C15—C16	1.64 (17)
C1—C6—C7—C8	1.04 (11)	Cl1—C14—C15—C16	-178.57 (9)
C6—C7—C8—O1	-0.81 (12)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-1.23 (16)
C6—C7—C8—C9	176.66 (10)	C12—C11—C16—C15	-0.34 (16)
C1—O1—C8—C7	0.24 (11)	C10-C11-C16-C15	178.77 (10)
C1—O1—C8—C9	-177.51 (9)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
O1 <i>W</i> —H1 <i>W</i> 1···O2	0.855 (19)	2.040 (19)	2.8815 (11)	168.1 (18)
$O1W - H2W1 \cdots O2^{i}$	0.75 (2)	2.06 (2)	2.8045 (11)	173 (2)
N1—H1 $N$ 1····O1 $W$ <sup>ii</sup>	0.909 (19)	1.952 (19)	2.8083 (12)	156.2 (18)
C2—H2A···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.57	3.3710 (14)	142
C10—H10 <i>A</i> ···O1 <i>W</i> <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.54	3.3067 (13)	138

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y-1, z; (ii) x, -y+1, z+1/2.