organic compounds

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Tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane oxide tetrahydrofuran hemisolvate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 110 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; disorder in solvent or counterion; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.116; data-toparameter ratio = 27.1.

The title compound, C₂₁H₁₅O₄P·0.5C₄H₈O, contains an ordered phosphane oxide in a general position and a tetrahydrofuran solvent molecule disordered about a twofold axis. All three aldehyde substituents are nearly coplanar with their attached benzene rings, with C-C-C-O torsion angles in the range 1.64 (17)-4.24 (19)°. All three have different conformations with respect to the P=O group, one syn, one anti, and one gauche. Two of the aldehyde substituents form intermolecular C-H···O contacts.

Related literature

For synthetic procedures, see: Bartlett et al. (1978); Chalier et al. (1996); Kumagai & Itsuno (2001). For use as a precursor in supramolecular chemistry, see: Kakoullis (2007); Pariya et al. (2008). For weak hydrogen bonds, see: Desiraju & Steiner (1999). For related structures, see: Daly (1964); Etter & Baures (1988); Siegler et al. (2007); Spek (1987); Brock et al. (1985); Lenstra (2007); Thierbach et al. (1980); Baures & Silverton (1990); Baures (1991).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{21}H_{15}O_4P \cdot 0.5C_4H_8O$

 $M_r = 398.35$

Monoclinic, $C2/c$	
a = 21.371 (3) Å	
b = 13.474 (2) Å	
c = 13.436 (2) Å	
$\beta = 99.018 \ (9)^{\circ}$	
$V = 3821.1 (10) \text{ Å}^3$	
()	

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD diffractometer	36155 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	7598 independent reflections
(SCALEPACK; Otwinowski &	5928 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Minor, 1997)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.023$
$T_{\min} = 0.926, \ T_{\max} = 0.937$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	280 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.116$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.03	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.40 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
7598 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.39 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

Z = 8

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.45 \times 0.43 \times 0.38 \text{ mm}$

 $\mu = 0.17 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 110 K

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
C7-H7···O3 ⁱ	0.95	2.56	3.4303 (16)	152
$C14-H14\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.95	2.50	3.1575 (14)	127

Symmetry codes: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, z$; (ii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.

Data collection: COLLECT (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: SCALEPACK (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: DENZO (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997) and SCALEPACK; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR97 (Altomare et al., 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FJ2638).

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supplementary materials

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Tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane oxide tetrahydrofuran hemisolvate

James Kakoullis, Frank R. Fronczek and Andrew W. Maverick

Comment

Triphenylphosphane oxide (TPPO) has been extensively structurally studied, as a result of the high basicity of its O atom, which makes it an excellent hydrogen-bond acceptor. Its utility as a crystallization aid for molecules having hydrogen-bond donors was reported by Etter & Baures (1988), which has led to its use in forming molecular cocrystals (Siegler *et al.*, 2007). Also, it has four known polymorphs (Spek, 1987; Brock *et al.*, 1985; Lenstra, 2007) and several known solvates (Thierbach *et al.*, 1980; Baures & Silverton, 1990; Baures, 1991).

Tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane was first reported by Bartlett *et al.* (1978), but was also synthesized later by other groups (Chalier *et al.*, 1996). Our interest in the phosphane and the corresponding phosphane oxide (I) stems from their use as precursors to multifunctional ligands for supramolecular chemistry (Kakoullis, 2007; Pariya *et al.*, 2008;). The structure of (I) is illustrated in Fig. 1, showing only one orientation of the THF solvent molecule, which is disordered about a twofold axis. Atom C2S lies 0.51 Å from that axis, and the nearest distance between partially populated sites is 1.00 Å (C2S···C3S at 1 - *x*, *y*, 3/2 - *z*), so the resolution of the data (0.64 Å) allowed individual refinement of the partially populated positions without constraint. The three aldehyde substituents are nearly coplanar with the phenyl groups to which they are attached, with maximum torsion angle magnitude 4.24 (19) ° for C17—C18—C21—O4. The three 4-formylphenyl groups all have different conformations with respect to the phosphane oxide bond. Aldehyde C7=O2 is *syn* to P1=O1, with O1—P1···C7—O2 torsion angle -11.6 (1)°, while the corresponding torsion angles are 78.8 (1)° for O3 and -172.6 (1)° for O4. Intermolecular interactions include C—H···O contacts (Desiraju & Steiner, 1999) for two of the three aldehydes as donors. These are C7—H···O3(1/2 + *x*, 1/2 + *y*, *z*) with C···O distance 3.4303 (16) Å and 152° angle about H, and the shorter but less linear contact C14—H···O1(1/2 - *x*, 1/2 - *y*, 1 - *z*), 3.1575 (14) Å and 127°.

Experimental

To prepare (I), the precursor tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane was first prepared following and combining elements of the procedures for the synthesis of tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane (Bartlett *et al.*, 1978) and bis(4-formylphenyl)dimethyl-silane (Kumagai & Itsuno, 2001). A sample of 4-bromobenzaldehyde dimethyl acetal (5 ml, 29.9 mmol) was combined with 40 ml dry THF in an inert atmosphere in a round-bottom flask. The solution was brought to -78 °C under streaming N₂, and n-butyllithium/hexanes 1.6 M (19.8 ml, 31.7 mmol) was added over approximately 1 h while stirring. The solution initially turned from colorless to light yellow, then to milky white. After 2 h, at -78 °C, PCl₃ (0.80 ml, 9.17 mmol) was added over a period of 15 minutes. When the PCl₃ was added, the solution turned orange-red. The solution was kept at -78 °C for another 1 h. Then the solution was allowed to come to room temperature over 1 h. The solution was then washed: first with concentrated NaHCO₃ and then with brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic phase was then evaporated, leaving a residue (5.24 g). The crude material was dissolved in 50 ml THF and 50 ml 2 M HCl. The solution was stirred under reflux conditions for 1 h under a stream of N₂. To the solution, 50 ml of water and 50

ml of ethyl acetate were added. The organic phase was then washed, first with concentrated NaHCO₃ and then with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated, leaving a residue (3.97 g). This residue, which is crude tris(4-formylphenyl)-phosphane and tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane oxide (I), was dissolved in 25% CHCl₃/ 75% ethyl acetate and applied to a silica gel column with 25% CHCl₃/ 75% ethyl acetate as the mobile phase. The column was run as a flash column. This process yielded pure tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane, 1.51 g, 44% yield. Continuing to run the flash column produced pure tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane oxide (I),1.92 g, 56% yield. Crystals of (I) were prepared by evaporation of a solution in THF over one week.

Refinement

H atoms were placed in idealized positions with C—H distances 0.95 - 0.99 Å and thereafter treated as riding. U_{iso} for H was assigned as 1.2 times U_{eq} of the attached C atoms. The THF molecule is disordered about a twofold axis, and its atoms were assigned half occupancy.

Computing details

Data collection: *COLLECT* (Nonius, 2000); cell refinement: *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); data reduction: *DENZO* and *SCALEPACK* (Otwinowski & Minor, 1997); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR97* (Altomare *et al.*, 1999); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008).



Figure 1

Numbering scheme and ellipsoids at the 50% level. H atoms are represented with arbitrary radius. Only one orientation of the disordered solvent molecule is shown.

Tris(4-formylphenyl)phosphane oxide tetrahydrofuran hemisolvate

Crystal data

 $C_{21}H_{15}O_4P \cdot 0.5C_4H_8O$ $M_r = 398.35$ Monoclinic, C2/c Hall symbol: -C 2yc a = 21.371 (3) Å b = 13.474 (2) Å c = 13.436 (2) Å $\beta = 99.018 (9)^{\circ}$ $V = 3821.1 (10) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 8

Data collection

Nonius KappaCCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
ω and φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SCALEPACK; Otwinowski & Minor, 1997)
$T_{\min} = 0.926, \ T_{\max} = 0.937$

Refinement

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0523P)^2 + 2.5619P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.39 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

F(000) = 1664

 $\theta = 2.5 - 33.7^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.17 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Fragment, yellow

 $0.45 \times 0.43 \times 0.38 \text{ mm}$

36155 measured reflections 7598 independent reflections 5928 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 33.7^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.0^{\circ}$ $h = -33 \rightarrow 33$

T = 110 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.023$

 $k = -19 \rightarrow 21$ $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.385 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 7492 reflections

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	X	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	Occ. (<1)
P1	0.328736 (12)	0.285691 (19)	0.269566 (19)	0.01652 (7)	
01	0.27730 (4)	0.35710 (6)	0.23209 (6)	0.02304 (16)	
O2	0.58557 (5)	0.58191 (7)	0.41717 (7)	0.0341 (2)	
03	0.21889 (4)	-0.06198 (6)	0.57196 (7)	0.02736 (18)	
O4	0.42853 (5)	-0.02731 (8)	-0.07657 (8)	0.0385 (2)	

C1	0.40140 (5)	0.34656 (8)	0.32453 (7)	0.01777 (18)	
C2	0.40518 (5)	0.44958 (8)	0.31497 (8)	0.02015 (19)	
H2	0.3691	0.4861	0.2848	0.024*	
C3	0.46164 (5)	0.49869 (8)	0.34949 (8)	0.0224 (2)	
Н3	0.4643	0.5687	0.3425	0.027*	
C4	0.51435 (5)	0.44465 (8)	0.39446 (8)	0.02102 (19)	
C5	0.51021 (5)	0.34239 (9)	0.40684 (8)	0.0227 (2)	
Н5	0.5459	0.3063	0.4393	0.027*	
C6	0.45398 (5)	0.29303 (8)	0.37179 (8)	0.0217 (2)	
H6	0.4512	0.2232	0.3798	0.026*	
C7	0.57583 (6)	0.49462 (10)	0.42927 (9)	0.0268 (2)	
H7	0.6096	0.4556	0.4632	0.032*	
C8	0.30889 (5)	0.20142 (7)	0.36429 (7)	0.01710 (17)	
C9	0.26866 (5)	0.12078 (8)	0.33428 (8)	0.01918 (19)	
H9	0.2543	0.1092	0.2647	0.023*	
C10	0.24976 (5)	0.05794 (8)	0.40579 (8)	0.01975 (19)	
H10	0.2230	0.0029	0.3855	0.024*	
C11	0.27051 (5)	0.07641 (8)	0.50828 (8)	0.01879 (18)	
C12	0.30915 (5)	0.15758 (8)	0.53806 (8)	0.0211 (2)	
H12	0.3223	0.1703	0.6078	0.025*	
C13	0.32874 (5)	0.22025 (8)	0.46671 (8)	0.01944 (18)	
H13	0.3554	0.2753	0.4873	0.023*	
C14	0.25276 (5)	0.01018 (8)	0.58758 (8)	0.0222 (2)	
H14	0.2692	0.0255	0.6557	0.027*	
C15	0.35007 (5)	0.21019 (7)	0.16835 (7)	0.01758 (18)	
C16	0.39073 (5)	0.12789 (8)	0.18493 (8)	0.0216 (2)	
H16	0.4074	0.1081	0.2517	0.026*	
C17	0.40635 (6)	0.07555 (9)	0.10328 (9)	0.0244 (2)	
H17	0.4348	0.0211	0.1141	0.029*	
C18	0.38019 (5)	0.10291 (9)	0.00515 (8)	0.0234 (2)	
C19	0.34019 (5)	0.18443 (9)	-0.01138 (8)	0.0236 (2)	
H19	0.3228	0.2031	-0.0782	0.028*	
C20	0.32550 (5)	0.23890 (8)	0.07013 (8)	0.02047 (19)	
H20	0.2988	0.2955	0.0588	0.025*	
C21	0.39321 (6)	0.04313 (10)	-0.08199 (9)	0.0303 (3)	
H21	0.3722	0.0616	-0.1469	0.036*	
O1S	0.45041 (11)	0.23429 (19)	0.84831 (19)	0.0494 (6)	0.50
C1S	0.51269 (14)	0.1940 (3)	0.8648 (3)	0.0386 (6)	0.50
H11S	0.5170	0.1448	0.9202	0.058*	0.50
H12S	0.5443	0.2473	0.8831	0.058*	0.50
C2S	0.5231 (3)	0.1445 (4)	0.7670 (3)	0.0762 (15)	0.50
H21S	0.5678	0.1498	0.7565	0.114*	0.50
H22S	0.5104	0.0738	0.7652	0.114*	0.50
C3S	0.4797 (3)	0.2050 (3)	0.6906 (4)	0.0720 (16)	0.50
H31S	0.5012	0.2656	0.6715	0.108*	0.50
H32S	0.4648	0.1657	0.6292	0.108*	0.50
C4S	0.4278 (2)	0.2296 (4)	0.7434 (3)	0.0701 (14)	0.50
H41S	0.4094	0.2944	0.7196	0.105*	0.50
H42S	0.3943	0.1786	0.7298	0.105*	0.50

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$	
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	U^{11}	U ²²	<i>U</i> ³³	U^{12}	<i>U</i> ¹³	<i>U</i> ²³
P1	0.01646 (12)	0.01632 (11)	0.01603 (11)	0.00020 (9)	0.00027 (8)	-0.00027 (9)
01	0.0221 (4)	0.0220 (4)	0.0238 (4)	0.0043 (3)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0014 (3)
02	0.0340 (5)	0.0338 (5)	0.0348 (5)	-0.0149 (4)	0.0062 (4)	-0.0057 (4)
03	0.0300 (4)	0.0246 (4)	0.0285 (4)	-0.0029 (3)	0.0075 (3)	0.0020 (3)
O4	0.0330 (5)	0.0477 (6)	0.0363 (5)	-0.0048 (4)	0.0103 (4)	-0.0206 (4)
C1	0.0174 (4)	0.0189 (4)	0.0169 (4)	-0.0015 (3)	0.0024 (3)	-0.0020 (3)
C2	0.0220 (5)	0.0203 (4)	0.0182 (4)	-0.0007(4)	0.0032 (3)	0.0007 (4)
C3	0.0260 (5)	0.0209 (5)	0.0209 (4)	-0.0049 (4)	0.0050 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
C4	0.0196 (5)	0.0259 (5)	0.0183 (4)	-0.0045 (4)	0.0052 (3)	-0.0043 (4)
C5	0.0176 (5)	0.0259 (5)	0.0244 (5)	0.0008 (4)	0.0021 (4)	-0.0037 (4)
C6	0.0201 (5)	0.0197 (5)	0.0249 (5)	0.0004 (4)	0.0015 (4)	-0.0024 (4)
C7	0.0223 (5)	0.0335 (6)	0.0253 (5)	-0.0075 (4)	0.0059 (4)	-0.0076 (5)
C8	0.0164 (4)	0.0176 (4)	0.0172 (4)	0.0005 (3)	0.0021 (3)	-0.0003 (3)
C9	0.0196 (5)	0.0209 (4)	0.0166 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	0.0014 (3)	-0.0033 (3)
C10	0.0193 (4)	0.0190 (4)	0.0210 (4)	-0.0022 (4)	0.0035 (3)	-0.0027 (4)
C11	0.0202 (4)	0.0177 (4)	0.0190 (4)	0.0018 (3)	0.0049 (3)	-0.0010 (3)
C12	0.0251 (5)	0.0215 (5)	0.0162 (4)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0017 (4)	-0.0019 (3)
C13	0.0208 (5)	0.0186 (4)	0.0182 (4)	-0.0019 (4)	0.0008 (3)	-0.0025 (3)
C14	0.0263 (5)	0.0210 (5)	0.0206 (5)	0.0026 (4)	0.0076 (4)	-0.0006 (4)
C15	0.0177 (4)	0.0187 (4)	0.0159 (4)	-0.0024 (3)	0.0012 (3)	-0.0008 (3)
C16	0.0242 (5)	0.0221 (5)	0.0180 (4)	0.0012 (4)	0.0012 (4)	-0.0007 (4)
C17	0.0242 (5)	0.0250 (5)	0.0239 (5)	0.0005 (4)	0.0037 (4)	-0.0053 (4)
C18	0.0229 (5)	0.0287 (5)	0.0192 (4)	-0.0076 (4)	0.0053 (4)	-0.0064 (4)
C19	0.0231 (5)	0.0311 (5)	0.0160 (4)	-0.0066 (4)	0.0009 (4)	-0.0004 (4)
C20	0.0197 (4)	0.0230 (5)	0.0177 (4)	-0.0028 (4)	-0.0001 (3)	0.0013 (4)
C21	0.0289 (6)	0.0398 (7)	0.0235 (5)	-0.0105 (5)	0.0086 (4)	-0.0111 (5)
O1S	0.0330 (11)	0.0568 (14)	0.0539 (14)	-0.0007 (10)	-0.0072 (10)	0.0064 (11)
C1S	0.0297 (13)	0.0431 (17)	0.0399 (16)	-0.0004 (11)	-0.0043 (12)	-0.0067 (14)
C2S	0.107 (5)	0.078 (3)	0.039 (2)	0.021 (3)	0.001 (2)	-0.008 (2)
C3S	0.128 (5)	0.0307 (17)	0.046 (2)	-0.003 (2)	-0.022 (3)	0.0030 (17)
C4S	0.070 (3)	0.078 (3)	0.050 (2)	-0.030 (2)	-0.0275 (19)	0.036 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

P1-01	1.4880 (8)	C12—H12	0.9500
P1—C8	1.8050 (10)	С13—Н13	0.9500
P1—C1	1.8083 (11)	C14—H14	0.9500
P1-C15	1.8129 (10)	C15—C20	1.3963 (14)
O2—C7	1.2099 (16)	C15—C16	1.4050 (15)
O3—C14	1.2107 (14)	C16—C17	1.3882 (15)
O4—C21	1.2078 (17)	C16—H16	0.9500
C1—C2	1.3975 (15)	C17—C18	1.3984 (16)
C1—C6	1.4009 (15)	С17—Н17	0.9500
C2—C3	1.3905 (15)	C18—C19	1.3881 (17)
С2—Н2	0.9500	C18—C21	1.4830 (16)
C3—C4	1.3968 (16)	C19—C20	1.3944 (15)
С3—Н3	0.9500	С19—Н19	0.9500

C4—C5	1.3924 (16)	С20—Н20	0.9500
C4—C7	1.4851 (15)	C21—H21	0.9500
C5—C6	1.3895 (15)	O1S—C4S	1.418 (4)
С5—Н5	0.9500	O1S—C1S	1.422 (4)
С6—Н6	0.9500	C1S—C2S	1.519 (5)
С7—Н7	0.9500	C1S—H11S	0.9900
C8—C13	1.3981 (14)	C1S—H12S	0.9900
C8—C9	1.4049 (14)	C2S—C3S	1.510 (6)
C9—C10	1.3873 (15)	C2S—H21S	0.9900
С9—Н9	0.9500	C2S—H22S	0.9900
C10—C11	1.4013 (14)	C3S—C4S	1.446 (8)
C10—H10	0.9500	C3S—H31S	0.9900
C11—C12	1.3909 (15)	C3S—H32S	0.9900
C11—C14	1.4839 (15)	C4S—H41S	0.9900
C12—C13	1.3904 (15)	C4S—H42S	0.9900
	()		
O1—P1—C8	113.74 (5)	C11—C14—H14	117.6
O1—P1—C1	112.73 (5)	C20-C15-C16	120.01 (10)
C8—P1—C1	106.20 (5)	C20—C15—P1	116.88 (8)
O1—P1—C15	111.61 (5)	C16—C15—P1	123.09 (8)
C8—P1—C15	106.89 (5)	C17—C16—C15	119.67 (10)
C1—P1—C15	105.07 (5)	C17—C16—H16	120.2
C2—C1—C6	119.95 (10)	C15—C16—H16	120.2
C2—C1—P1	118.12 (8)	C16—C17—C18	120.06 (11)
C6—C1—P1	121.87 (8)	C16—C17—H17	120.0
C3—C2—C1	120.11 (10)	C18—C17—H17	120.0
С3—С2—Н2	119.9	C19—C18—C17	120.31 (10)
C1—C2—H2	119.9	C19—C18—C21	119.37 (11)
C2—C3—C4	119.68 (10)	C17—C18—C21	120.29 (11)
С2—С3—Н3	120.2	C18—C19—C20	119.97 (10)
С4—С3—Н3	120.2	C18—C19—H19	120.0
C5—C4—C3	120.36 (10)	С20—С19—Н19	120.0
C5—C4—C7	118.73 (11)	C19—C20—C15	119.93 (10)
C3—C4—C7	120.91 (10)	C19—C20—H20	120.0
C6—C5—C4	120.07 (10)	C15—C20—H20	120.0
С6—С5—Н5	120.0	O4—C21—C18	124.90 (12)
С4—С5—Н5	120.0	O4—C21—H21	117.6
C5—C6—C1	119.79 (10)	C18—C21—H21	117.6
С5—С6—Н6	120.1	C4S—O1S—C1S	107.6 (3)
С1—С6—Н6	120.1	O1S—C1S—C2S	107.0 (3)
O2—C7—C4	124.11 (12)	O1S—C1S—H11S	110.3
O2—C7—H7	117.9	C2S-C1S-H11S	110.3
С4—С7—Н7	117.9	O1S—C1S—H12S	110.3
C13—C8—C9	120.03 (9)	C2S-C1S-H12S	110.3
C13—C8—P1	120.75 (8)	H11S—C1S—H12S	108.6
C9—C8—P1	119.01 (7)	C3S—C2S—C1S	101.2 (4)
C10—C9—C8	120.31 (9)	C3S—C2S—H21S	111.5
С10—С9—Н9	119.8	C1S—C2S—H21S	111.5
С8—С9—Н9	119.8	C3S—C2S—H22S	111.5

C9—C10—C11	119.38 (10)	C1S—C2S—H22S	111.5
C9—C10—H10	120.3	H21S-C2S-H22S	109.4
C11—C10—H10	120.3	C4S—C3S—C2S	103.1 (4)
C12—C11—C10	120.30 (10)	C4S-C3S-H31S	111.2
C12—C11—C14	118.26 (9)	C2S-C3S-H31S	111.2
C10-C11-C14	121.44 (10)	C4S—C3S—H32S	111.2
C13—C12—C11	120.57 (9)	C2S—C3S—H32S	111.2
C13—C12—H12	119.7	H31S—C3S—H32S	109.1
C11—C12—H12	119.7	O1S—C4S—C3S	109.3 (3)
C12—C13—C8	119.39 (10)	O1S—C4S—H41S	109.8
C12—C13—H13	120.3	C3S—C4S—H41S	109.8
C8—C13—H13	120.3	O1S—C4S—H42S	109.8
O3—C14—C11	124.87 (10)	C3S—C4S—H42S	109.8
O3—C14—H14	117.6	H41S—C4S—H42S	108.3
O1—P1—C1—C2	-8.16 (10)	C14—C11—C12—C13	178.05 (10)
C8—P1—C1—C2	-133.35 (8)	C11—C12—C13—C8	0.44 (16)
C15—P1—C1—C2	113.60 (9)	C9—C8—C13—C12	1.05 (16)
O1—P1—C1—C6	174.63 (8)	P1-C8-C13-C12	175.71 (8)
C8—P1—C1—C6	49.43 (10)	C12—C11—C14—O3	179.01 (11)
C15—P1—C1—C6	-63.62 (10)	C10-C11-C14-O3	-1.64 (17)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.99 (16)	O1—P1—C15—C20	11.07 (10)
P1-C1-C2-C3	-175.28 (8)	C8—P1—C15—C20	136.02 (8)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.51 (15)	C1—P1—C15—C20	-111.41 (9)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.42 (16)	O1—P1—C15—C16	-170.73 (9)
C2—C3—C4—C7	178.15 (10)	C8—P1—C15—C16	-45.78 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.87 (16)	C1—P1—C15—C16	66.79 (10)
C7—C4—C5—C6	-177.70 (10)	C20-C15-C16-C17	0.10 (16)
C4-C5-C6-C1	-0.39 (16)	P1-C15-C16-C17	-178.04 (8)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-1.54 (16)	C15—C16—C17—C18	-1.91 (17)
P1-C1-C6-C5	175.63 (8)	C16—C17—C18—C19	2.16 (17)
C5—C4—C7—O2	175.74 (11)	C16—C17—C18—C21	-175.80 (11)
C3—C4—C7—O2	-3.83 (17)	C17—C18—C19—C20	-0.57 (17)
O1—P1—C8—C13	-97.60 (9)	C21—C18—C19—C20	177.40 (10)
C1—P1—C8—C13	26.97 (10)	C18—C19—C20—C15	-1.24 (16)
C15—P1—C8—C13	138.76 (9)	C16—C15—C20—C19	1.48 (16)
O1—P1—C8—C9	77.11 (9)	P1-C15-C20-C19	179.73 (8)
C1—P1—C8—C9	-158.32 (8)	C19—C18—C21—O4	177.78 (12)
C15—P1—C8—C9	-46.53 (9)	C17—C18—C21—O4	-4.24 (19)
C13—C8—C9—C10	-1.68 (16)	C4S—O1S—C1S—C2S	-11.3 (4)
P1C8C9C10	-176.43 (8)	O1S—C1S—C2S—C3S	28.0 (4)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.82 (16)	C1S—C2S—C3S—C4S	-33.6 (5)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.67 (16)	C1S—O1S—C4S—C3S	-11.4 (4)
C9—C10—C11—C14	-178.66 (10)	C2S—C3S—C4S—O1S	29.0 (5)
C10-C11-C12-C13	-1.31 (16)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C7—H7…O3 ⁱ	0.95	2.56	3.4303 (16)	152

			supplementary materials		
C14—H14…O1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.50	3.1575 (14)	127	
Symmetry codes: (i) $x+1/2$, $y+1/2$, z ; (ii) -	-x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z+1.				