THE JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY VOL. 291, NO. 19, p. 9938, May 6, 2016 © 2016 by The American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, Inc. Published in the U.S.A.

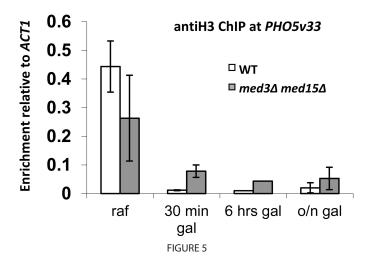
VOLUME 289 (2014) PAGES 14981–14995 DOI 10.1074/jbc.A113.529354

Mediator, TATA-binding protein, and RNA polymerase II contribute to low histone occupancy at active gene promoters in yeast.

Suraiya A. Ansari, Emily Paul, Sebastian Sommer, Corinna Lieleg, Qiye He, Alexandre Z. Daly, Kara A. Rode, Wesley T. Barber, Laura C. Ellis, Erika LaPorta, Amanda M. Orzechowski, Emily Taylor, Tanner Reeb, Jason Wong, Philipp Korber, and Randall H. Morse

PAGE 14988:

In Fig. 5*C*, the mean values for histone H3 association with the *PHO5v33* promoter at the 30-min and 6-h time points for the $med3med15/gal11\Delta$ mutant were inadvertently switched during preparation of the figure. This error has been corrected and does not affect the interpretation of results or the conclusions of this work.



Authors are urged to introduce these corrections into any reprints they distribute. Secondary (abstract) services are urged to carry notice of these corrections as prominently as they carried the original abstracts.