CORRECTION

Correction: γδ T cell IFNγ production is directly subverted by *Yersinia pseudotuberculosis* outer protein YopJ in mice and humans

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There are errors in figure references in the subsection Foodborne infection with YopJ^{C172A} Y. *pseudotuberculosis* induces IFN γ production in adaptive V γ 4 T cells of the Results.

There is an error in the second-to-last sentence of the first paragraph. The correct sentence is: IL-12p70 was detectable 6 days after YopJ^{C172A} *Y. pseudotuberculosis* infection but was mostly below the limit of detection after WT *Y. pseudotuberculosis* infection (S7C Fig).

There is an error in the fifth sentence of the second paragraph. The correct sentence is: Indeed, infected mice contained detectable *Y. pseudotuberculosis* in the MLN 3 days after foodborne infection (Fig 6E).

There are errors in the seventh and eighth sentences of the second paragraph. The correct sentences are: Consistent with our *in vitro* observations, $V\gamma 1.1/2^- CD44^{hi} CD27^- \gamma \delta T$ cells and myeloid cells contained translocated Yop *in vivo* (Fig 6F). *Y. pseudotuberculosis* was relatively inefficient at Yop translocation into CD4 and CD8 T cells (Figs 6F and S7D).

Reference

 Chu TH, Khairallah C, Shieh J, Cho R, Qiu Z, Zhang Y, et al. (2021) γδ T cell IFNγ production is directly subverted by Yersinia pseudotuberculosis outer protein YopJ in mice and humans. PLoS Pathog 17 (12): e1010103. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.ppat.1010103 PMID: 34871329



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Citation: Chu TH, Khairallah C, Shieh J, Cho R, Qiu Z, Zhang Y, et al. (2022) Correction: γδ T cell IFNγ production is directly subverted by *Yersinia* pseudotuberculosis outer protein YopJ in mice and humans. PLoS Pathog 18(5): e1010586. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.ppat.1010586

Published: May 25, 2022

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