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Crystal structure of bis[2,5-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole- $\kappa^2 N^2,N^3$]bis(thiocyanato- κS)copper(II)

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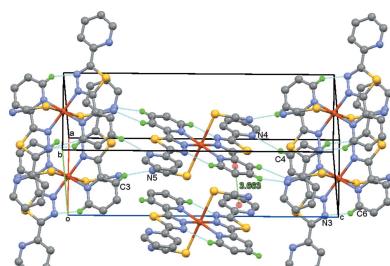
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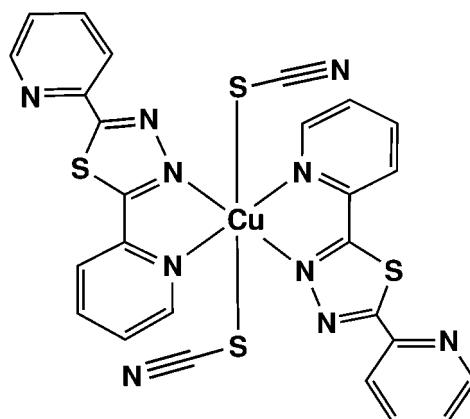
The mononuclear title complex, $[\text{Cu}(\text{SCN})_2(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_8\text{N}_4\text{S})_2]$, was obtained by the reaction of 2,5-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole and potassium thiocyanate with copper(II) chloride dihydrate. The copper cation lies on an inversion centre and displays an elongated octahedral coordination geometry. The equatorial positions are occupied by the N atoms of two 2,5-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole ligands, whereas the axial positions are occupied by the S atoms of two thiocyanate anions. The thiadiazole and the pyridyl rings linked to the metal are approximately coplanar, with a maximum deviation from the mean plane of 0.190 (2) Å. The cohesion of the crystal structure is ensured by weak C–H···N hydrogen bonds and π – π interactions between parallel pyridyl rings of neighbouring molecules [centroid-to-centroid distance = 3.663 (2) Å], leading to a three-dimensional network.

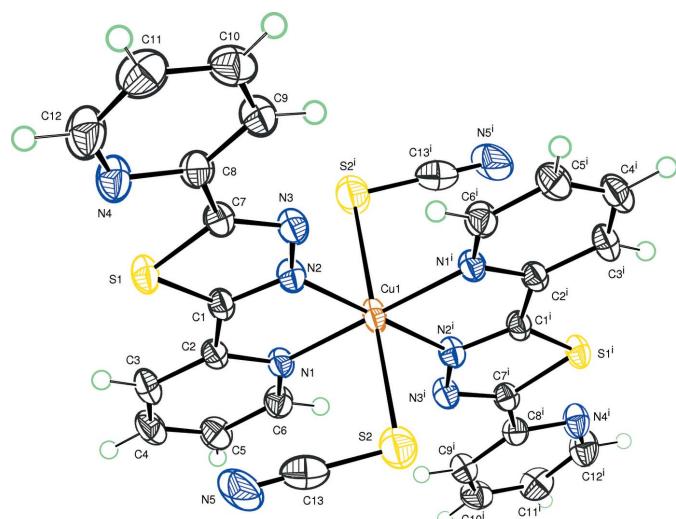
1. Chemical context

The use of compounds containing a 1,3,4-thiadiazole moiety as part of ligand systems has gained considerable attention in recent years (Kadam Sushama *et al.*, 2016). Indeed, a 2,5-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole (bptd) and its metal complexes have been extensively studied because of their potential applications in biology (Baghel *et al.*, 2014; Ahmed *et al.*, 2015; Zine *et al.*, 2016), magnetism (Bentiss *et al.*, 2004) and coordination chemistry (Bentiss *et al.*, 2002). An interesting feature of the metal-ligand chemistry of these compounds is that the complexes can be mononuclear (Bentiss *et al.*, 2011, 2012; Klingele *et al.*, 2010; Kaase & Klingele, 2014) or binuclear (Laachir *et al.*, 2013).



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**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are represented as small circles. [Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.]

We have recently reported the synthesis and characterization of monomeric complexes of Ni^{II} and Co^{II} with bptd in the presence of the pseudohalide azide (Laachir *et al.*, 2015*a,b*). In this context, we report here the synthesis and crystal structure of a new Cu^{II} complex with bptd and thiocyanate as co-ligands.

2. Structural commentary

The title complex has crystallographically imposed inversion symmetry, the copper atom lying on the Wyckoff special

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

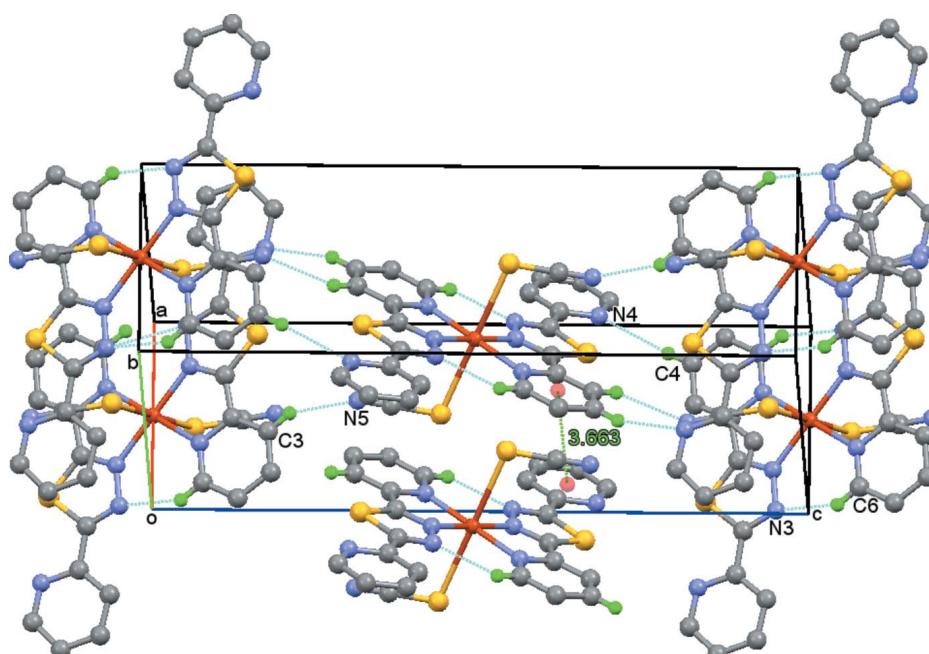
$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C}3-\text{H}3\cdots \text{N}5^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.53	3.353 (3)	147
$\text{C}6-\text{H}6\cdots \text{N}3^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.35	3.143 (3)	142
$\text{C}4-\text{H}4\cdots \text{N}4^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.57	3.458 (3)	161

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (iii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

position 2*b* of the space group $P2_1/c$. The elongated octahedral coordination polyhedron around the metal cation is provided by four nitrogen atoms of pyridine and thiadiazole rings occupying the equatorial plane and by the sulfur atoms of two thiocyanate anions at the apical positions (Fig. 1). The $\text{Cu}-\text{N}$ distances are 2.0267 (16) and 2.0463 (15) \AA , the $\text{Cu}-\text{S}$ bond length is 2.8125 (7) \AA . A bond-valence-sum calculation (Brown & Altermatt, 1985) for Cu gives the expected BVS value of 2.11 valence units. The conformation of the ligand is approximately planar, with a maximum deviation from the least-squares plane of 0.190 (2) \AA for atom C12. The dihedral angles formed by the thiadiazole ring with the N1/C2–C6 and N4/C8–C12 pyridine rings are 1.94 (8) and 6.96 (5) $^\circ$, respectively.

3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, the molecules are linked by weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds (Table 1) and by $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions between the pyridyl rings of adjacent complex molecules [intercentroid distance = 3.663 (2) \AA], forming a three-dimensional network (Fig. 2).

**Figure 2**

Crystal packing of the title compound, showing $\pi-\pi$ interactions between pyridyl rings (green dashed lines) and intermolecular hydrogen bonds (blue dashed lines).

Table 2
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	[Cu(SCN) ₂ (C ₁₂ H ₈ N ₄ S) ₂]
<i>M</i> _r	660.27
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, <i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>
Temperature (K)	296
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.0205 (3), 7.8434 (3), 21.3454 (9)
β (°)	92.565 (2)
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	1341.45 (9)
<i>Z</i>	2
Radiation type	Mo <i>K</i> α
μ (mm ⁻¹)	1.17
Crystal size (mm)	0.35 × 0.32 × 0.26
Data collection	Bruker X8 APEX
Diffractometer	Multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Krause <i>et al.</i> , 2015)
Absorption correction	
<i>T</i> _{min} , <i>T</i> _{max}	0.604, 0.746
No. of measured, independent and observed [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)] reflections	42199, 4089, 3155
<i>R</i> _{int}	0.060
(sin θ/λ) _{max} (Å ⁻¹)	0.714
Refinement	
<i>R</i> [F^2 > 2σ(F^2)], <i>wR</i> (F^2), <i>S</i>	0.036, 0.097, 1.04
No. of reflections	4089
No. of parameters	187
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
Δρ _{max} , Δρ _{min} (e Å ⁻³)	0.56, -0.51

Computer programs: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009), *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a), *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b), *ORTEPIII* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996), *ORTEP-3* for Windows (Farrugia, 2012), *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

4. Database survey

The structure of the title compound is similar to that of the related complexes [Co(C₁₂H₈N₄S)₂(N₃)₂] (Laachir *et al.*, 2015b) and [Ni(C₁₂H₈N₄S)₂(N₃)₂] (Laachir *et al.*, 2015a), in which the azide ion is substituted by the thiocyanate group. The CuN₄S₂ octahedron is more distorted than the NiN₆ and CoN₆ octahedra.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

2,5-Bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole (bptd) was synthesized as described previously by Lebrini *et al.* (2005). A solution of bptd (24 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH₃CN (10 mL) was layered onto a solution of CuCl₂·2H₂O (17 mg, 0.1 mmol) and KSCN (20 mg, 0.2 mmol) in CH₃CN/H₂O (1:1 v/v, 10 mL) in a test tube. The solution was left for two months at room temperature to give X-ray quality brown block-shaped crystals. After filtration, the product was washed with cold EtOH and dried under vacuum. Crystals were washed with water and dried under vacuum (yield 60%; m.p. 538 K). Analysis calculated for C₂₆H₁₆N₁₀S₄Cu: C, 47.30; H, 2.44; N, 21.21 S, 19.42. Found: C, 47.06; H, 2.43; N, 21.03; S, 19.56.

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and treated as riding, with C—H = 0.96 Å, and with *U*_{iso}(H) = 1.2 *U*_{eq}(C). One outlier (002) was omitted in the last cycles of refinement.

Acknowledgements

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Crystal structure of bis[2,5-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole- κ^2N^2,N^3]bis(thiocyanato- κS)copper(II)

Abdelhakim Laachir, Fouad Bentiss, Salaheddine Guesmi, Mohamed Saadi and Lahcen El Ammari

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *ORTEPIII* (Burnett & Johnson, 1996) and *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 2012); software used to prepare material for publication: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

Bis[2,5-bis(pyridin-2-yl)-1,3,4-thiadiazole- κ^2N^2,N^3]bis(thiocyanato- κS)copper(II)

Crystal data



$M_r = 660.27$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 8.0205 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 7.8434 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 21.3454 (9) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 92.565 (2)^\circ$

$V = 1341.45 (9) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 670$

$D_x = 1.635 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 538 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 4089 reflections

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}30.5^\circ$

$\mu = 1.17 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 296 \text{ K}$

Block, brown

$0.35 \times 0.32 \times 0.26 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker X8 APEX
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Krause *et al.*, 2015)

$T_{\min} = 0.604$, $T_{\max} = 0.746$

42199 measured reflections

4089 independent reflections

3155 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.060$

$\theta_{\max} = 30.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$

$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -27 \rightarrow 30$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$

$wR(F^2) = 0.097$

$S = 1.04$

4089 reflections

187 parameters

0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0418P)^2 + 0.834P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.56 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.51 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.4345 (2)	0.6803 (2)	0.38733 (8)	0.0240 (4)
C2	0.5958 (2)	0.6037 (2)	0.37724 (8)	0.0240 (4)
C3	0.6786 (3)	0.6181 (3)	0.32209 (9)	0.0327 (4)
H3	0.6314	0.6778	0.2881	0.039*
C4	0.8333 (3)	0.5416 (3)	0.31863 (10)	0.0372 (5)
H4	0.8909	0.5469	0.2818	0.045*
C5	0.9012 (3)	0.4572 (3)	0.37055 (11)	0.0366 (5)
H5	1.0065	0.4079	0.3696	0.044*
C6	0.8102 (3)	0.4473 (3)	0.42395 (10)	0.0320 (4)
H6	0.8563	0.3896	0.4586	0.038*
C7	0.1712 (2)	0.8133 (2)	0.39355 (9)	0.0251 (4)
C8	0.0124 (2)	0.9022 (3)	0.38144 (9)	0.0270 (4)
C9	-0.1027 (3)	0.9212 (3)	0.42773 (10)	0.0322 (4)
H9	-0.0804	0.8796	0.4680	0.039*
C10	-0.2511 (3)	1.0036 (3)	0.41222 (12)	0.0387 (5)
H10	-0.3306	1.0198	0.4421	0.046*
C11	-0.2792 (3)	1.0615 (3)	0.35150 (12)	0.0430 (5)
H11	-0.3782	1.1168	0.3396	0.052*
C12	-0.1570 (3)	1.0356 (3)	0.30870 (12)	0.0439 (6)
H12	-0.1772	1.0747	0.2679	0.053*
C13	0.3302 (3)	0.2765 (3)	0.36867 (13)	0.0423 (5)
N1	0.65894 (19)	0.5170 (2)	0.42789 (7)	0.0246 (3)
N2	0.36607 (19)	0.6566 (2)	0.44138 (7)	0.0258 (3)
N3	0.2129 (2)	0.7323 (2)	0.44510 (7)	0.0282 (3)
N4	-0.0124 (2)	0.9581 (2)	0.32252 (8)	0.0354 (4)
N5	0.3255 (3)	0.3117 (3)	0.31799 (10)	0.0568 (6)
Cu1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.02713 (10)
S1	0.31614 (6)	0.80256 (7)	0.33603 (2)	0.02941 (12)
S2	0.33021 (9)	0.22277 (9)	0.44310 (3)	0.04809 (17)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0269 (9)	0.0275 (9)	0.0174 (8)	-0.0018 (7)	0.0005 (6)	0.0016 (7)
C2	0.0256 (8)	0.0274 (9)	0.0191 (8)	-0.0026 (7)	0.0017 (6)	-0.0008 (7)
C3	0.0359 (10)	0.0429 (12)	0.0196 (9)	-0.0034 (9)	0.0058 (7)	0.0018 (8)
C4	0.0368 (11)	0.0480 (13)	0.0278 (11)	-0.0035 (9)	0.0142 (8)	-0.0039 (9)
C5	0.0309 (10)	0.0421 (12)	0.0379 (12)	0.0034 (9)	0.0140 (9)	-0.0007 (9)
C6	0.0298 (10)	0.0346 (10)	0.0322 (11)	0.0052 (8)	0.0067 (8)	0.0050 (8)

C7	0.0244 (8)	0.0291 (9)	0.0219 (9)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0004 (6)	0.0005 (7)
C8	0.0257 (9)	0.0294 (9)	0.0256 (9)	-0.0003 (7)	-0.0006 (7)	0.0017 (7)
C9	0.0327 (10)	0.0371 (11)	0.0269 (10)	0.0007 (8)	0.0020 (8)	0.0004 (8)
C10	0.0318 (10)	0.0400 (12)	0.0449 (13)	0.0049 (9)	0.0081 (9)	-0.0054 (10)
C11	0.0314 (11)	0.0419 (12)	0.0554 (15)	0.0082 (9)	-0.0016 (10)	0.0047 (11)
C12	0.0414 (12)	0.0523 (14)	0.0376 (13)	0.0085 (11)	-0.0036 (10)	0.0139 (11)
C13	0.0331 (11)	0.0369 (12)	0.0568 (16)	0.0028 (9)	0.0003 (10)	-0.0137 (11)
N1	0.0247 (7)	0.0278 (8)	0.0217 (8)	0.0002 (6)	0.0047 (6)	0.0015 (6)
N2	0.0246 (7)	0.0311 (8)	0.0216 (8)	0.0017 (6)	0.0016 (6)	0.0026 (6)
N3	0.0267 (8)	0.0346 (9)	0.0236 (8)	0.0046 (7)	0.0035 (6)	0.0034 (7)
N4	0.0319 (9)	0.0440 (10)	0.0304 (9)	0.0065 (8)	0.0022 (7)	0.0108 (8)
N5	0.0803 (17)	0.0623 (15)	0.0260 (10)	0.0160 (13)	-0.0157 (10)	-0.0098 (10)
Cu1	0.02419 (16)	0.0377 (2)	0.02004 (17)	0.00875 (13)	0.00685 (11)	0.00895 (13)
S1	0.0304 (2)	0.0383 (3)	0.0196 (2)	0.0038 (2)	0.00108 (17)	0.00653 (19)
S2	0.0581 (4)	0.0487 (4)	0.0380 (3)	-0.0128 (3)	0.0077 (3)	-0.0015 (3)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—N2	1.313 (2)	C10—C11	1.382 (4)
C1—C2	1.452 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
C1—S1	1.7106 (18)	C11—C12	1.384 (4)
C2—N1	1.356 (2)	C11—H11	0.9300
C2—C3	1.382 (3)	C12—N4	1.331 (3)
C2—S1	2.8397 (19)	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—C4	1.383 (3)	C13—N5	1.115 (3)
C3—H3	0.9300	C13—S2	1.644 (3)
C4—C5	1.382 (3)	N1—Cu1	2.0463 (15)
C4—H4	0.9300	N2—N3	1.370 (2)
C5—C6	1.383 (3)	N2—Cu1	2.0267 (16)
C5—H5	0.9300	N2—S1	2.5392 (16)
C6—N1	1.337 (2)	N3—S1	2.5657 (16)
C6—H6	0.9300	N4—S1	2.9062 (18)
C7—N3	1.301 (2)	N5—S2	2.759 (2)
C7—C8	1.465 (3)	Cu1—N2 ⁱ	2.0267 (16)
C7—S1	1.7300 (19)	Cu1—N1 ⁱ	2.0463 (15)
C8—N4	1.338 (3)	Cu1—S2 ⁱ	2.8124 (7)
C8—C9	1.390 (3)	Cu1—S2	2.8125 (7)
C8—S1	2.774 (2)	S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	4.0094 (9)
C9—C10	1.382 (3)	S2—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	4.0094 (9)
C9—H9	0.9300		
N2—C1—C2	118.82 (16)	N2—N3—S1	73.37 (9)
N2—C1—S1	113.60 (14)	C12—N4—C8	116.71 (19)
C2—C1—S1	127.58 (14)	C12—N4—S1	172.31 (16)
N1—C2—C3	122.97 (18)	C8—N4—S1	70.92 (11)
N1—C2—C1	113.12 (15)	C13—N5—S2	1.19 (15)
C3—C2—C1	123.91 (18)	N2—Cu1—N2 ⁱ	180.0
N1—C2—S1	141.62 (12)	N2—Cu1—N1 ⁱ	99.96 (6)

C3—C2—S1	95.40 (13)	N2 ⁱ —Cu1—N1 ⁱ	80.04 (6)
C1—C2—S1	28.52 (8)	N2—Cu1—N1	80.04 (6)
C2—C3—C4	118.45 (19)	N2 ⁱ —Cu1—N1	99.96 (6)
C2—C3—H3	120.8	N1 ⁱ —Cu1—N1	180.0
C4—C3—H3	120.8	N2—Cu1—S2 ⁱ	91.78 (5)
C5—C4—C3	119.16 (19)	N2 ⁱ —Cu1—S2 ⁱ	88.22 (5)
C5—C4—H4	120.4	N1 ⁱ —Cu1—S2 ⁱ	91.80 (5)
C3—C4—H4	120.4	N1—Cu1—S2 ⁱ	88.20 (5)
C4—C5—C6	119.0 (2)	N2—Cu1—S2	88.22 (5)
C4—C5—H5	120.5	N2 ⁱ —Cu1—S2	91.78 (5)
C6—C5—H5	120.5	N1 ⁱ —Cu1—S2	88.20 (5)
N1—C6—C5	122.9 (2)	N1—Cu1—S2	91.80 (5)
N1—C6—H6	118.6	S2 ⁱ —Cu1—S2	180.00 (2)
C5—C6—H6	118.6	C1—S1—C7	86.79 (9)
N3—C7—C8	124.76 (17)	C1—S1—N2	28.28 (7)
N3—C7—S1	114.92 (14)	C7—S1—N2	58.51 (7)
C8—C7—S1	120.27 (14)	C1—S1—N3	59.41 (7)
N4—C8—C9	123.86 (18)	C7—S1—N3	27.38 (7)
N4—C8—C7	114.43 (17)	N2—S1—N3	31.13 (5)
C9—C8—C7	121.69 (18)	C1—S1—C8	113.89 (8)
N4—C8—S1	81.95 (12)	C7—S1—C8	27.14 (7)
C9—C8—S1	154.16 (14)	N2—S1—C8	85.63 (5)
C7—C8—S1	32.59 (9)	N3—S1—C8	54.50 (5)
C10—C9—C8	118.2 (2)	C1—S1—C2	23.90 (7)
C10—C9—H9	120.9	C7—S1—C2	110.69 (7)
C8—C9—H9	120.9	N2—S1—C2	52.18 (5)
C9—C10—C11	118.7 (2)	N3—S1—C2	83.31 (5)
C9—C10—H10	120.6	C8—S1—C2	137.77 (6)
C11—C10—H10	120.6	C1—S1—N4	140.66 (7)
C10—C11—C12	118.7 (2)	C7—S1—N4	54.21 (7)
C10—C11—H11	120.6	N2—S1—N4	112.55 (5)
C12—C11—H11	120.6	N3—S1—N4	81.50 (5)
N4—C12—C11	123.8 (2)	C8—S1—N4	27.13 (5)
N4—C12—H12	118.1	C2—S1—N4	164.06 (5)
C11—C12—H12	118.1	C1—S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	95.46 (7)
N5—C13—S2	178.0 (3)	C7—S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	63.79 (7)
C6—N1—C2	117.53 (16)	N2—S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	82.33 (4)
C6—N1—Cu1	128.20 (13)	N3—S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	70.21 (4)
C2—N1—Cu1	114.18 (12)	C8—S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	64.66 (4)
C1—N2—N3	113.62 (15)	C2—S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	105.86 (4)
C1—N2—Cu1	113.43 (13)	N4—S1—S2 ⁱⁱ	73.36 (4)
N3—N2—Cu1	132.74 (12)	C13—S2—N5	0.81 (10)
C1—N2—S1	38.12 (9)	C13—S2—Cu1	101.44 (9)
N3—N2—S1	75.50 (9)	N5—S2—Cu1	102.00 (6)
Cu1—N2—S1	151.43 (8)	C13—S2—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	70.19 (8)

C7—N3—N2	111.07 (15)	N5—S2—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	69.96 (5)
C7—N3—S1	37.70 (9)	Cu1—S2—S1 ⁱⁱⁱ	151.94 (2)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (ii) $x, y+1, z$; (iii) $x, y-1, z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , °)

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
C3—H3···N5 ^{iv}	0.93	2.53	3.353 (3)	147
C6—H6···N3 ⁱ	0.93	2.35	3.143 (3)	142
C4—H4···N4 ^v	0.93	2.57	3.458 (3)	161

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$; (iv) $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2$; (v) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2$.